

CHRISTIAN HEALTH ASSOCIATION OF KENYA

STRATEGIC PLAN 2017-2022

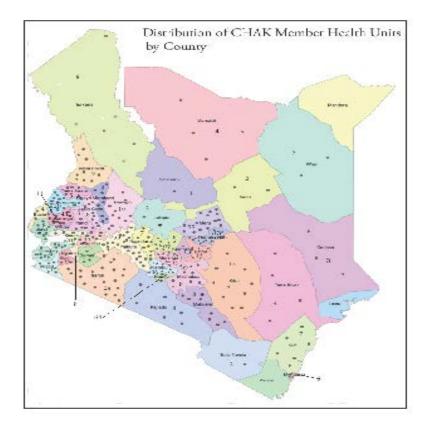
Promoting universal access to quality healthcare in the devolved health system in Kenya

through advocacy, capacity building, health systems strengthening, partnerships and innovative health programs



Our identity

CHAK is a national faith based organization of the Protestant Churches' health institutions and programs from all counties of Kenya which was established in 1946 and is dedicated to promoting universal access to quality health care.



Our vision

Quality Healthcare for all to the glory of God

Mission

To facilitate provision of quality health services through health systems strengthening, innovative health programs, training, advocacy and partnerships as a witness to the healing ministry of Christ.



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Acknowledgement

The General Secretary and CHAK Secretariat management and staff wish to express their gratitude to all those who supported and contributed to the end-term external evaluation of the Strategic Plan 2011 - 2016 and the development of this Strategic Plan 2017 - 2022.

We thank all CHAK Member Health Units who gave their feedback in the evaluation process. Special thanks to all those who found time to come and share with us their views and recommendations in the CHAK Strategic Plan 2011 – 2016 MHUs evaluation workshop held in Nairobi in August 2016. Their input has been very valuable in informing the environmental analysis and defining the strategic priorities in this strategic plan.

CHAK Secretariat staff have worked tirelessly to facilitate the end-term evaluation of the previous strategic plan and the development process of the current strategic plan.

The Chairman and EXCO have given us support and inspiration. We thank them for allowing the necessary resources and for their individual and collective input towards the development of this revised strategic plan. EXCO chartered the vision, mission, values and strategic options that provided CHAK Secretariat technical teams with the benchmarks for developing the detailed strategic document. We thank CORAT Africa for the consultancy facilitation of the EXCO strategic visioning retreat.

We thank the external evaluation consultancy team led by Prof Dan Kaseje (including Drs Charles Wafula, CarenaOtieno& Beverly Ochieng) for their facilitation of the end-term external evaluation process that provided important recommendations which have been utilized in articulating this strategic plan.

The Ministry of Health has steered the health sector through critical reforms of devolution of health services. The Health Sector Policy 2014 – 2030 and development of the Health Bill as well as development of the various Health Sector Policies and Guidelines has been inclusive.

We thank the Ministry of Health for their leadership role in the health sector and for recognition, involvement and support to CHAK in the new policy developments. This has increased our knowledge of the emerging developments in the health sector and created impetus for the development of this strategic plan.

Devolution of Health services has been anchored in the County Governments and structures for coordinated engagement of the county governments has been established through the Council of Governors.

We cannot forget to thank our dependable development partner Bread for the World-Protestant Development Service from Germany who provided the needed resources for the evaluation process. We thank Bread for the World-Protestant Development Service for its long-term partnership with CHAK which has contributed tremendously to the organization's development and programmes.



We also sincerely thank our other partners; Global Fund, CDC/PEPFAR, USAID, Packard Foundation, Gates Foundation, OSI Foundation, Astra Zeneca, DANIDA/Novo Nordisk for supporting the implementation of specific components of the Strategic Plan.

It is our prayer and hope that we will continue to partner in the implementation of this strategic plan over the period 2017 - 2022.

May God bless you all.

Dr Samuel Mwenda GENERAL SECRETARY



Foreword

CHAK Strategic Plan 2011-2016 implementation came to an end in December 2016. During this plan period, CHAK made tremendous progress in organizational development and expansion of programmes through diversification of donor partners. Institutional capacity was enhanced through expansion of the human resource capacity of the secretariat and strategic partnerships. CHAK led a consortium that was funded by PEPFAR through CDC that successfully implemented a five year quality HIV care and treatment project that had over 44,000 people on ART. Advocacy remained a key area of CHAK work with the notable achievement of enhanced collaboration with MOH and NHIF.

The introduction of enhanced benefits package by NHIF and the review of rebates has created opportunities for increased and sustainable health facilities financing. Following the expanded scope in the revised strategic plan, CHAK programmes expanded to include Non-Communicable Diseases covering Hypertension and Diabetes. In the area of partnerships CHAK continued to host and support the secretariat for the Africa Christian Health Associations Platform (ACHAP) which created opportunities for regional networking for information sharing and peer learning and also provided visibility and opportunities for advocacy in the international arena. CHAK membership recorded steady growth to close year 2016 at 576 members. Our Annual Health Conferences and AGM have become vibrant annual events for networking, learning, information dissemination and strategic engagement.

The external evaluation of CHAK Strategic Plan 2011- 2016 conducted by a consultancy team led by Prof. Dan Kaseje has documented our performance in the ended strategic plan period and identified organizational strengths and environmental opportunities which we need to build on. It has however also pointed out our internal capacity gaps and external threats that will have to be addressed. Financing, staff retention, regulatory burden and sustainability of quality services have been identified as the key challenges facing MHUs in health service delivery. The devolution of health services had an impact on the loss of some of the previous gains in recognition and support made in advocacy. Developments in the health service delivery infrastructure and equipment in the counties and health workers recruitment has increased competition for clients and health workers.

CHAK regional structure will be strengthened at the Regional Coordinating Committees (RCCs) to create effective County Engagement Structures (CES) to coordinate members' engagement with the county government health system. We shall advocate to get the MoU partnership framework that was developed between the Faith Based Health Services and Ministry of Health in 2009,re-negotiated to include the County Governments and Council of Governors so as to be well aligned with the current Kenya Constitution.

CHAK Strategic Plan 2017–2022 whose theme is "promoting universal access to quality health care in the devolved county health system in Kenya" has been developed through a participatory process that involved member health units, EXCO and all secretariat departments and technical staff. The Strategic Plan has the vision; "Quality Healthcare for all to the glory of God"



To achieve this vision, CHAK Secretariat will be guided by the mission; "To facilitate provision of quality health services through health systems strengthening, innovative health programs, training, advocacy and partnerships as a witness to the healing ministry of Christ"

To maximize efficiency in the utilization of the available scarce resources, CHAK has adopted a strategy of integration and partnerships. The strategic plan priority areas have been clustered into five strategic directions namely: Health service delivery; Health systems strengthening; Capacity Building and Research; Advocacy and Partnerships; and Sustainable financing and resource management. The scope of health services will be expanded to include communicable, non-communicable, maternal & child health, nutrition & environmental health mental health and medical education & research.

In order to address our capacity gap in business development through proposal writing and the M&E weakness identified in the evaluation, the organizational structure has been enhanced to include Business Development Unit and M&E and Information Management Unit. Grant management capacity and internal control systems strengthening has been addressed by introducing an Internal Audit and Compliance Unit. During the implementation of this plan, CHAK will scale up use of modern technology to enhance efficiency and evidence based management of MHUs. The integrated CHAK Hospital Management software implementation will be scaled up to more MHUs while promoting use of electronic medical records and timely reporting to the MOH through the established reporting tools and system (DHIS2).

We are rolling out this ambitious plan because we have inspiration from our Christian foundation. We trust God for the provision of partners, resources and an enabling environment. The Almighty God who has called us to this healing ministry has given us assurance in 1 Thessalonians 5:24 which states: "The one who calls you is faithful and He will do it."We believe God has a good plan for the prosperity of CHAK as recorded in Jeremiah 29:11 which states: "For I know the plans I have for you...plans to prosper you,plans to give you hope and a future"

We invite all potential partners to join hands with us and to support our efforts towards implementation of this Strategic Plan. Through our collaborative effort, determination and effective stewardship, we shall deliver on the aspirations and commitments in this plan for the service of the people of Kenya and the region.

May God bless you and bless the CHAK network!

Rev. Dr. Robert Lang'at **CHAIRMAN**



LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACHAP Africa Christian Health Associations Platform

AGM Annual General Meeting
AHC Annual Health Conference

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

ART Antiretroviral Therapy

CBHC Community Based Heath Care
CBO Community Based Organization

CCM Country Coordinating Mechanism for Global Fund

CES County Engagement Structures

CHAK Christian Health Association of Kenya

CHAS Christian Health Associations

CHCK Catholic Health Commission of Kenya
CHEW Community Health Extension Workers
CHMS CHAK Hospital Management System
CHMT County Health Management Team

CHSCC Church Health Services Coordinating Committee

CHV Community Health Volunteers
CME Continuing Medical Education

CORPS Community Own Resource Persons
CPD Continuous Professional Development

CPR Contraceptive Prevalence Rate

eMTCT Elimination of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV

EXCO Executive Committee

FBHSCC Faith Based Health Services Coordinating Committee

FBO Faith Based Organization

FAD Finance and Administration Department

FAM Finance & Administration Manager

GFTAM Global Fund to fight Tuberculosis, AIDS and Malaria

GOK Government of Kenya
GS General Secretary
HBC Home based Care

HCTS Health Care Technical Services

HENNET Health NGOs Network

HMIS Health & Management Information Systems

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

HSCC Health Sector Coordinating Committee

HTS HIV Testing Services

HRH Human Resources for Health

HRIS Human Resource Information Systems

HRM Human Resource Management HSD Health Services Department HSM Health Services Manager

ICC Inter Agency Coordinating Committee



ICT Information Communication Technology IOD Institutional & Organizational Development **IEC Information Education and Communication KCCB** Kenva Conference of Catholic Bishops

Kenya Coordinating Mechanism **KCM KEBS** Kenya Bureau of Standards **KEMSA Kenya Medical Supplies Agency KEPH** Kenya Essential Package for Health **KQMH** Kenya Quality Model for Health MNCH Maternal, Neonatal and Child Health

MEDS Mission for Essential Drugs and Supplies

MHU Member Health Unit

MIS **Management Information Systems**

Ministry of Health MOH

NACC National AIDS Control Council

National AIDS & STI Control Program NASCOP **NCCK** National Council of Churches of Kenya

NCK Nursing Council of Kenya

Non GovernmentalOrganisation NGO **NHIF National Hospital Insurance Fund** NHSSP National Health Sector Strategic Plan

OJT On-job Training

PFP Post-exposure prophylaxis of HIV/AIDS **PEPFAR** Presidential Emergency Plan on AIDS Relief

Primary Heath Care PHC

People Living with HIV&AIDS **PLWHA**

Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV/AIDS **PMTCT**

RCC Regional Coordinating Committee

RH Reproductive Health

Strengths-weaknesses-opportunities-threats **SWOT**

Technical Assistance TA TOR Terms of Reference **TWG Technical Working Group**

UHC Universal Health Coverage

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS

Voluntary Counselling and Testing VCT

World Council of Churches WCC WHO World Health Organization



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

CHAK is a national faith based organization of the Protestant Churches' health institutions and programs from all counties of Kenya which was established in 1946 and is dedicated to promoting universal access to quality health care. The purpose of CHAK is to promote access to quality health care by facilitating health facilities to deliver accessible, comprehensive, quality health services to the people of Kenya in accordance with Christian values, professional ethics and national health sector policies. CHAK also engages communities to empower them seek and access quality health care.

The Strategic Plan 2017-2022 will guide CHAK organization growth and provide strategic guidance for CHAK network as it engages in the Global Health Agenda defined in the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the Kenya Vision 2030 and Health Policy Framework which promotes Universal Health Coverage (UHC) for both communicable and non-communicable diseases as well as Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent Health. CHAK will scale up resource mobilization and partnerships for sustainable health systems strengthening and capacity building towards enhanced quality health care in the devolved health system in Kenya

The Strategic Plan 2017-2022 has the vision; "Quality Healthcare for all to the glory of God"

To achieve this vision, CHAK Secretariat will be guided by the mission; "To facilitate provision of quality health services through health systems strengthening, innovative health programs, training, advocacy and partnerships as a witness to the healing ministry of Christ"

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The six-year plan has its core activities organized into 5 strategic directions as below;

- 1. Health service delivery
- 2. Health systems strengthening
- 3. Capacity Building and Research
- 4. Advocacy and Partnerships.
- 5. Sustainable financing and resource management

Strategic Direction 1: Health Service Delivery

Strategic priorities

- 1. Communicable Diseases
 - a. HIV&AIDS
 - b. Tuberculosis (TB)
 - c. Malaria
 - d. Neglected Tropical Diseases
 - Leishmaniasis
 - ii. **Schistosomiasis**



- 2. Non Communicable diseases
 - Hypertension a.
 - b. **Diabetes**
 - **Breast Cancer** C.
 - d. **Bronchial Asthma**
 - Health for the aged
- 3. Reproductive, Maternal, Neonataland Child Health and Family Planning
 - **MNCH** a.
 - Family planning and Reproductive health b.
 - **Nutrition in MNCH** c.
- 4. Environmental and Nutrition health
- 5. Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVCs)
- 6. Mental Health
- 7. Visual Impairment

Strategic Direction 2: Health Systems Strengthening Strategic priorities

- 1. Institutional Organization Development
 - Infrastructure development a.
 - Governance and management capacity building
- 2. Regional structures strengthening
- 3. County engagement structures
- 4. HealthCare Technical Services
- 5. Human Resources for Health Management
- 6. Health Quality Management Systems

Strategic direction 3: Monitoring and Evaluation, Researchand Learning Strategic priorities

- 1. Monitoring and Evaluation
- 2. Research
- 3. Learning and Capacity Building
- 4. Medical Education through teaching hospitals and member Medical Training Colleges (MTC)
- 5. Communication and Documentation



6. Health Management Information Systems

Strategic Direction 4: Sustainable financing and resource management Strategic priorities

- 1. Resource mobilization
- 2. Healthcare financing for Universal Health Coverage
- 3. Financial management
- 4. Audit and systems strengthening
- 5. Asset Management
- 6. CHAK Guest House management

Strategic Direction 5: Advocacy, Partnership and Networking. **Strategic Priorities**

- 1. Strategic partnerships for health
- 2. Advocacy for CHAK member health network
- 3. Networking for knowledge sharing





CONTEXT

i. SDGs and the Global Development Agenda

The United Nations High Level meeting held in September 2015 adopted the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) thus transitioning the global development agenda from MDGs to SDGs. There are a total of 17 goals and over 200 indicators. Health is covered under goal number 3 which commits to "Good health and wellbeing for all" The targets under this goal have been expanded to include achievement of the following by the year 2030;

- i. By 2030 reduce the global maternal mortality ration to less that 70 per 100,000 live births
- ii. End preventable deaths of newborns and under-five children
- iii. End the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
- iv. Reduce by one-third pre-mature mortality from non-communicable diseases (NCDs) through prevention, and treatment and promote mental health and well being
- v. Strengthen prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
- vi. Halve global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
- vii. Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
- viii. Ensure universal health coverage (UHC) including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health care services, and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
- ix. Substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water, and soil pollution and contamination SDG number 17 promotes partnerships towards delivering the sustainable development goals and is important in the health sector.

Kenya has adopted the SDGs into national commitments and launched the Kenya SDGs at a public forum attended by various stakeholders and was well covered by the media. CHAK strategic plan will focus on universal health coverage for communicable, noncommunicable diseases, reproductive maternal and child health through health systems strengthening and partnerships



ii. The Devolved Health System in Kenya

The Devolution in Kenya which has created 47 counties and the national government has continued to impact health services delivery in Kenya. Health has been provided as a right for every Kenyan in the Constitution and no person should be denied emergency medical treatment. The constitution has however not provided the mechanisms for financing the provision of health services in order to guarantee access to this right by the citizens. The counties are responsible for the provision of primary health care, community health services and county referral health services through various health facilities up to the County Referral hospitals. The national government has been assigned the responsibilities of health policy, regulation, capacity building of counties and running of the national referral hospitals. The Health Bill which will provide a legal framework for guiding health sector management was debated and passed by Parliament and presented to the Senate for review before enactment as it directly affects the counties.

Devolution has continued to have major impact in the Health Sector as all functions and resources for health service delivery from community to county referral hospitals are devolved to all counties regardless of existing capacity. Periodic industrial action by health workers in the public health facilities continued to be experienced in various counties due to weak management systems and existence of health professionals Labour Unions enabled by the Kenya constitution of 2010. Where these occur, they create immense pressure on the services provided by Faith Based Health facilities which have to bear with the additional workload from the Government Health facilities. The Faith Based Health facilities continue to experience loss of staff through recruitment of health workers by county governments which have the financial capacity to offer better terms. CHAK will step up county engagement and advocacy for recognition and support of MHUs. Support can be obtained through allocation of essential medicines from the county government and support with seconded health workers to Faith Based Health facilities as well as collaboration in health workers training.

The Council of Governors has developed a coordination structure to facilitate intergovernmental relations with a secretariat in Westlands, Nairobi. The County Health Executives Council is a Committee under the Council of Governors which coordinates counties engagement on health matters. This presents a strategic entry point for coordinated county engagement. Kenya will undertake the second general election in the new constitution dispensation in August 2017 and the elected leadership will have to take devolution of health services to a greater level of prosperity.



iii. Social economic context

The greatest socio-economic challenge that Kenya has continued to face is insecurity due to terrorist threats and attacks particularly in northern Kenya. It has become difficult to attract or retain professional health workers in the areas most affected by terrorist threats. With the support of the international partners the situation shown remarkable improvement. Corruption in the public sector has affected resources available for public service and increased inefficiencies and cost of service delivery in the public sector. However there have been some positive socio-economic developments; the Standard Gauge Railway project that links the port of Mombasa to Nairobi and later through the Rift valley, Nyanza to the neighbouring countries construction has been completed and will be inaugurated on June 1, 2017 which will substantially improve transport of goods from the port at a reduced cost. Tarmacking and upgrading of roads continues to be a government priority to improve the road network. Expansion of electricity distribution and affordable connection to the public and all schools has expanded access to electric power. ICT developments in the public sector has enhanced access to government services through the e-Citizen electronic government services platform and the HudumaCenterslocated in all counties providing integrated public service delivery. The extensive mobile money transfer services and developments in e-health and m-health solutions by the private sector opens new possibilities for transformation in the health sector. The country recorded a consistent economic growth rate of over 5% despite various economic shocks affecting the region.

HIV remains a priority health and social economic challenge facing the country with an estimated 1.5m people living with HIV. The gains in HIV treatment and prevention of mother to child transmission has improved quality of life. However transmission risk and new infections remain high in key and priority populations with the highest burden identified among youth & adolescent girls.

iv. Kenya Health Policy 2014 – 2030

The Health Sector has elaborated its Kenya Health Policy (KHP) to guide attainment of the long term Health goals sought by the Country, outlined in the Vision 2030 and the 2010 constitution.

The policy framework has, as an overarching goal of, 'attaining the highest possible health standards in a manner responsive to the population needs'. The policy aims to achieve this goal through supporting provision of equitable, affordable and quality health and related services at the highest attainable standards to all Kenyans.

The framework has six policy objectives which include;

- Eliminate communicable conditions
- 2. Halt, and reverse the rising burden of non communicable conditions.
- 3. Reduce the burden of violence and injuries.
- 4. Provide essential health care.
- 5. Minimize exposure to health risk factors.
- 6. Strengthen collaboration with health related sectors



This Health Sector Strategic Plan 2014 - 2018 has the goal of; "accelerating attainment of health impact goals" as defined in the Health Policy. The mission of this strategic plan is "To deliberately build progressive, responsive and sustainable technologically-driven, evidence-based and client-centered health system for accelerated attainment of highest standard of health to all Kenyans".

The sector aims to attain this through focusing on implementation of a broad base of health and related services that will impact on the health of persons in Kenya. It places main emphasis on implementing interventions, and prioritizing investments relating to maternal and newborn health, as it is the major impact area for which progress was not attained in the previous strategic plan and MDGs but also highlights importance of non-communicable diseases that include injuries and mental health which is a rapidly growing health burden in Kenya

The Kenya Essential Package for Health (KEPH)

The Kenya Health Policy and strategic plan have defined 4 levels of the health system for the delivery of the Kenya essential package for health;

- Community level: This is considered the foundation of the service delivery system in Kenya, with both health promotion services, and specified curative services that are most effectively delivered at the community.
- 2. Primary care level: comprising all dispensaries, health centres, maternity / nursing homes in the country.
- 3. County level: The first level hospitals
- 4. National level: The tertiary level hospitals, whose services are highly specialized

v. Health Financing in Kenya

Kenya has been facing challenges of inadequate financing for health to adequately serve the diverse needs of it's 42m population. The national budget allocation on health stood at 7% as compared to the Abuja target of 15%. Due to inadequate financing from the health budget, Kenya has continued to depend on additional financing from service users through payment of user fee, contribution from donor funding and health insurance initiatives which include NHIF, private insurances and community based health insurance schemes.

The Government of Kenya has identified NHIF as the vehicle towards universal health coverage and has set ambitious recruitment targets towards universal health coverage. NHIF rolled out out-patient medical cover through a system of capitation in which NHIF members and beneficiaries are provided services at accredited health facilities. The inpatient daily rebates have been reviewed and enhanced benefits packages to provide medical cover for deliveries, surgery, radiology, dialysis and cancer treatment have been introduced making health services at faith based health facilities very accessible with no co-payment.



vi. Kenya Demographic and Health Survey (KDHS) 2014

The health indicators in Kenya documented in the last Demographic and Health Survey conducted in 2014 which were published in late 2015 indicated that Kenya lagged behind the MDG targets. The status of key health indicators in that survey was as follows;

- The total fertility rate was 3.9 births per woman down from 4.6 in 2009
- Family Planning unmet need was down to 18% from 26%
- Children under 5 mortality was 52 per 1,000 life births down from 74
- Infant mortality rate was 39/1000 live births down from 52
- The proportion of mothers receiving antenatal care (ANC) from a health professional was 96% as compared to 88% in 2003
- The percentage of births attended by skilled health workers increased to 62% from 44%

In addition, analysis of county health profiles have revealed major disparities in health indicators with a wide range of performance.



2

BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND OVERVIEW

CHAK organizational development

Christian Health Association of Kenya (CHAK) was established in the 1930s as a Hospitals' Committee of the National Christian Council of Kenya (NCCK). In 1946, the Committee was changed to the Protestant Churches Medical Association (PCMA) which acquired autonomous legal registration. Its mandate was limited to the distribution of Government grants to protestant churches' health facilities in Kenya.

In 1982, the Association changed its name to the Christian Health Association of Kenya (CHAK) with the broader mandate of facilitating the role of the Church in health care and healing. CHAK has thus transformed its mandate to a technical support organization for member Church health facilities with core mandate in advocacy, lobbying, representation, health systems strengthening, programmes development, resource mobilization and capacity building.

CHAK organizational development and programmes are guided by six-yearly strategic plans. The MHUs, EXCO and Secretariat staff participate in the development of CHAK strategic plans and in policy making through the AGM and representation in EXCO. Operationally, CHAK Secretariat plays a facilitative role by providing technical support, capacity building, coordination, advocacy and networking for its members. The MHUs' core function remains health service delivery.

CHAK's has attained steady organizational development by embracing a culture of continuous learning and partnerships. CHAK utilizes lessons pointed out by evaluation reports to strengthen systems. Each strategic plan undergoes a mid-term external review and an end term external evaluation which generate valuable recommendations on organizational development. In addition, CHAK engages in partnerships with various national, regional and international organizations which provide experiences and technical support in organizational development and health systems strengthening.

During the period of the CHAK Strategic Plan 2005 – 2010, CHAK facilitated study tours to five African countries for a combined team from MOH, NGOs and FBOs in Kenya which picked important lessons on public-private partnership. These were utilized in the development of an MoU between Government and Faith Based Health Services Providers which was approved in 2009. In 2007, CHAK was mandated to establish the Secretariat for the Africa Christian Health Associations Platform (ACHAP), which was eventually legally registered in Kenya in May 2012.



The ACHAP facilitates communication, networking and sharing of lessons and experiences among CHAs in Africa and also provides an avenue for joint advocacy. CHAK hosts the platform secretariat and has evolved to become a leader among Africa Christian Health Associations, a role which has opened up key opportunities for international advocacy. CHAK has developed notable competences in advocacy, health systems strengthening which include medical equipment maintenance services, architectural servicesfor infrastructure design and development, HMIS software, governance and management policies, capacity building, communication and networking. In addition, CHAK has attained good capacity in project proposal development and grants management. During the last strategic plan, CHAK received project funds from CDC/PEPFAR, Bread for the World/EED, GDC, Global Fund, USAID, Gates Foundation and Packard Foundation among other donors. CHAK Secretariat is housed at the its own Office block located on Musa Gitua Road, off Waiyaki Way, in Nairobi. The premises also include the CHAK Guest House & Conference Centre (www.chakguesthouse.org). These provide infrastructure for the Secretariat, conference facilities for meetings and income generation opportunities.

CHAK membership

CHAK has a large membership that is growing steadily. The CHAK Constitution provides that "Any Christian church or church sponsored or related non-profit making or ganisation or community group with the objective of promoting health and health service within the Republic of Kenya shall be eligible for membership of the Association".

The total membership as at December 31, 2016, was 576, comprising 24 hospitals, 57 health centres, 387 dispensaries, 65 churches/church organizations, 27 communitybased health care programs and 16 Medical Training Colleges. These members are drawn from 50 church denominations and are located all over Kenya.

Membership by category

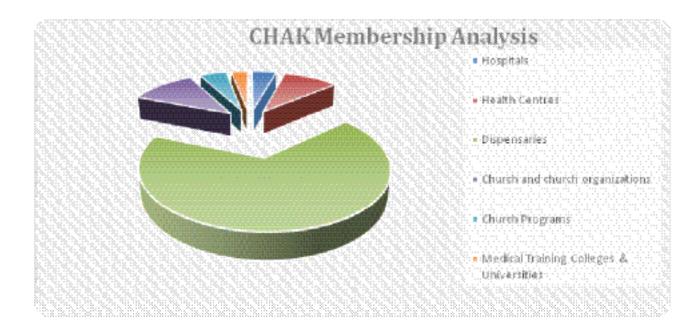
Hospitals	24
Health Centres	5 <i>7</i>
Dispensaries	387
Church and church organizations	65
Church Programs	27
Medical Training Colleges &	
Universities	16
Total	576
Church Affiliations	50



The CHAK membership is grouped into four regions covering the whole country. Each region has several counties. These regions are:

- Eastern/North Eastern region
- Nairobi/Central/South East & Coast region
- Western/North Rift region
- Nyanza/South Rift region.

CHAK is unique due to its ecumenical nature and nationwide network providing comprehensive quality health services to needy and vulnerable communities who would otherwise be inadequately served. Some hospitals within the CHAK membership have evolved as teaching and referral centres offering highly specialized services. CHAK will continue to catalyse growth of it's member health facilities into service diversification and training scope expansion.





MISSION, VISION, VALUES AND PURPOSE

Identity

CHAK is a national faith based organization of the Protestant Churches' health institutions and programs from all counties of Kenya which was established in 1946 and is dedicated to promoting universal access to quality health care

Vision

Quality Healthcare for all to the glory of God

Mission

To facilitate provision of quality health services through health systems strengthening, innovative health programs, training, advocacy and partnerships as a witness to the healing ministry of Christ

Values:

- Integrity
- Transparency
- Accountability
- Professionalism
- Innovation
- Equity

Purpose

The purpose of CHAK is to promote access to quality health care by facilitating health facilities to deliver accessible, comprehensive, quality health services to the people of Kenya in accordance with Christian values, professional ethics and national health sector policies. CHAK also engages communities to empower them seek and access quality health care.



1. Strengths – Weaknesses – Opportunities – Threats (SWOT) Analysis

Health service delivery

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Inter		Exter	1
 National network of health services contributing to the 20% health care services delivery in the country in providing holistic care. Well-endowed with specialized HRH and capacity to deal with health emergency situation, broad range of non-communicable , communicable and emerging health situations in the context of the current SDGs. Offer accessible, affordable quality health services Strong donor and partner relationships Experienced, skilled expatriates and volunteer professionals - Strength Effective Health Commodities management system through MEDS Inherent capacity to develop proposals addressing health service delivery and health systems strengthening at the secretariat 	 High turnover of skilled staff in MHUs Inadequate medical supplies and equipment in some MHUs Weak M&E systems and non-structured documentation of best practices and operational research Weak technical leadership in some MHUs Weak communication strategy within the CHAK network and with Government Weak capacity for advocacy at county level in all counties for MHUs 	 Establish strategic mechanisms for county engagement Networking with national referral and higher learning institutions Opportunities for strategic programming for emerging health issues , key/priority populations and other SDGs that impact on health Strengthen Partnership with supply chain partners (KEMSA and MEDS)for uninterrupted supply systems of health commodities Strengthen capacity for operations research, share best practices Establish research function within M&E Unit. Expandedhealth services coverage by NHIF insurance cover Targeted health programming for priority counties Capacity for proposal development in the MHUs 	 High poverty levels in most rural counties Poor infrastructure e.g. roads, electricity, ICT Shrinking donor basket and shifting donor priorities Non receptive county government structures Multiple licensing and regulatory authorities with high financial and compliance demands



1. **Health systems**

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
 Existing Medical internship 	 Insufficient 	 Potential new partnerships 	Competition
training programsfor	documentation and	e.g. Kabarak University	(Government health
Doctors, Cclinical officers and	dissemination of	Integration of	facilities built next to
Nurses	information onservice	services within	FBO health facilities)
 Medical training institutions 	delivery.	the organization	Declining donor
providing qulity training at	 Lack of a strategy 	The new enhanced NHIF	resources
basic, internship and higher	onsharingofbest	scheme that covers	FBO left out from the
level programs.	practices	outpatient, diagnostics,	National free maternity
 Partnerships withNHIF, NCK, 	 Inadequate participation 	deliveries & surgery	services and Health
MOH-ICCs, KEBS, USAID,	in health sector planning	Existing	Sector Services
NGOs and Private Sector	in some counties	medicalequipmentmaintena	Fund(HSSF) which
Competent, skilled and	 Lack of routine planned 	nce unitat the Secretariat,	finance services in
specialized staff at CHAK	preventive maintenance.	HCTS can be revamped and	County Health facilities
Representationin	Some Poorly equipped	expended	
government MOH	health facilities	Developing context/	
policyagencies		environment relevant	
MHUs accreditation to NHIF		health programs giving	
• Existing		CHAK a special niche	
medicalequipmentmaintenan			
ce unitat the Secretariat.			
Availability of highly			
specialized and referral			
services in some of our			
member health facilities			



1. Governance and Leadership

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
<u>Secretariat</u>	Secretariat	<u>Secretariat</u>	Secretariat
Constitution that guides the governance of the organization Functional governance structure with dedicated Board of Trustees and EXCO Cleary defined roles and responsibilities of governance & management structures Well-developed policy guidelines effectively guiding decision making Good financial management systems with internal and external audit functions compliance with donor, statutory and internal requirements Good working relationship with stakeholders including the government Health Facility well-developed governance structures for some health facilities Active participation of MHUs through Annual Health Conference and AGM Regional structure that enhances members participation	Projects are largely Donor funded Health Facility some Health Facilities have weak governance structures some facilities have inadequate support from sponsoring churches some not fully in compliance with statutory regulations Weak representation of some MHUs in some forums Lack of basic management capacity at facility level Improper constitution of some health facility board member who tend to be inactive Leadership challenges with some churches which affects governance of their institutions	Potential partners interested in strengthening leadership and governance Working examples of good governance practice from other CHAs for benchmarking Health Facility capacity building opportunities from government Potential partners in the area of systems strengthening	• Varied Donor regulations and compliance demands which increases the burden of management and documentation Health Facility • Donors have preference for specific geographical areas and components which may not be aligned to health facility priority needs • County Government interference with boards and management of some member health facilities



6. Human Resources for Health (HRH)

Chung nath a	Washinson	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Thursday
Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Interr	1	Exte	
Member training	Non-competitive terms	Secondment of staff by	Competitive HR
institutions for HRH(16	and conditions of service	County governments	packages by other
schools of nursingand five	Perceived job insecurity	Potential for advocacyto	players
universities are CHAK	comparedto the public	access more HR support	Migration of health
members).	sector	fromCounty governments	workers – due to
Access for CPDthrough	Limitedavenues for	Training opportunities by	better working terms
seminars andother	career progression	other players through	in government
shortterm CMEs	Limited resources for	partnerships.	facilities.
Access to skilled workforce	financing skill	Potentialregionaland local	Increased industrial
through Internship	enhancement and career	HR technical assistance	labour unrest
trainingfor Doctors	progression	andfinancial support	Newlyenacted HRMAct in
Skilled and committed	Slowadoption of HR	Support from committed	Kenya (2012) that
workforce inthe secretariat	policies and	partners' to fill in existing	increase wage burden to
and the members facilities	interventions	HR gaps	MHU's
HR policyframework in the	Staff shortages – Inability	Potential to increase	Emerging demands by
secretariat and in some the	to attract and retain	capacityof training	professional regulatory
member facilities in place–	skilled staff within	institutions in terms of	bodies that increase the
The Secretariat has a HR	MHU's.	numbers, diversityin	financial burden of the
Policy but lacks a	•	training courses.	facilities
comprehensive HR		Opportunity to witness to	The rise of secularism and
department (weakness). In		the healing ministry of	anti-Christian attitude
the MHU's there is disparity		Christ across religions.	curtailing declaration of
from MHU to MHU.		Provide opportunity for	Christian faith in engaging
Strengthening the HR		continuous prof. Devt.	the public
department at CHAK will		Devt. Of new training	Lack of effective working
help CHAK play a bigger role		partnerships to promote	structures with the
in the MHU HR structuring HRMin the secretariat is		skill devt. Locally and	county government to
institutionalizedanda		internationally.	provide HRH support
continuous supportive			
supervision mechanismfor			
the member facilitiesin			
place This is functional and			
already captured in the			
policy framework			
Christian values andspiritual			
support. Support for			
Christian values embedded			
in the HR value system			
Peer learning cycle in place			
for sharingbest practices in			
HR management within the			
network			
New – Partnership with			
international donor funded			
programs exposes CHAK to			
F. 50. 3 5 5 6 6 6 6 6.	I	1	1



Health care financing and sustainability

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Interr	nal	Exter	nal
 Secretariat operations are hosted in own CHAK Office Premises HCTS, Guest House and MEDS generate revenue 	 Inadequate resources for expansion and support of a number of health care priority areas Old and weak 	 Donated equipment and medical supplies from National and County Governments Expanded NHIF health 	Competition new government regulation on NGOs resource mobilization image of Kenya as a
through their activities • Member health facilities accredited to NHIF and other health care insurances • Skills in proposal writing within CHAK • Credible external audit reports by leading audit firms increases institutional credibility and CHAK's rating	infrastructure in some MHUs Not all MHUs are acccredited to NHIF NHIF out-patient capitation funding is very low hence inadequate to provide the package of services expected Restrictive funding	package and other private and community based health financing institutions • Presence of MHUs in donor preferred geographical areas • Opportunity to expand investment enterprises • Opportunity for new partnership with other	corrupt country Poor ranking of Kenya in the global corruption index • global rating of Kenya; Middle Income Level Country (meet midway – donor funding/resources) - note: but also opportunity • Unfavorable government
with international partners. National presence and ability to implement partner programs anywhere in the country	conditions that sometimes are not in sync with MHU's priority need needs • Uncoordinated resource mobilisation strategies	 institutions Entrepreneurship training for MHU's to operate hospitals efficiently Donor partners appreciation of FBOs resilience and integrity 	regulations that affect donor support and funding inflows.

ICT/Technology 6.

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
 E-resource center for professional development Comprehensive HMIS tools for clinical and administrative use(ICT) Enhanced M&E Unit, serving the entire organization infrastructure in some MHUs and Secretariat Technical capacity present in the Secretariat for oversight exists Existing capacity in M&E in CHAK network. receptiveness towards HMIS among CHAK MHUs Availability of universal data capture M&E tool in CHAK 	Insufficientfundsto supportICT development and maintenance in MHUs Insufficient ICT infrastructure (including poor connectivity)and skillsat MHUs LimitedHRto supporthugenetwork at Secretariat as well as CHMIS in MHUS Gaps in M&E	Operationalization of CHAK HMIS for improved M&E practice(ICT) Improved fibre optic cable connectivity in all counties High mobile phone connectivity country-wide and Increased use of smart phones leading to viability of M-Health implementation Growth of remote support systems available for free over the Internet Goodwill from development partners leading to improved ICT infrastructure in CHAK and MHUs Increased demand and customization for CHMIS among CHAK MHUs DHIS Access	Limitationinresourcestok eep up with changes in technologyFrequent Increased HMIS in the market hence increased competition with respect to CHMIS. Emergence of viruses attacking software and the threat of hacking



Community strategy and linkages 6.

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		Exte	rnal
Existing Secretariat and Church health community led programmes Well established social linkages between CHAK MHUs and the community Rich history of the church in implementing community activities Capacity building of religious leaders to facilitate health programs Church has the capacity to mobilize funds from the community to support community health programs. Strong interfaith relations and representation Experience running large scale community programs	Reliance on volunteers to serve as CHWs and Inadequate mechanisms for motivation and involvement of CHWs Poor documentation of community health worker intervention. Weak linkage between community and facility health system Inadequately trained CHWs for quality service Inadequate capacity for the RCC's to effectively serve vast geographical areas.	Existence of a national community strategy Community goodwill in CHAK & MHU programs Opportunity to use some of the existing community structures and platforms to drive community health interventions	 Provision of non- uniform incentives to CHWs by private practitioners and NGOs Conflict between donor priorities and fundamental church values Influence of alternative medicine and sociocultural practices Competition for organized community organizations from different agencies (NGOs) Competition from county governments for community program donor funding. High attrition rate of CHWs High community expectations and demands beyond programmatic abilities Emerging threats restricting free movement of health workers e.g terrorism and insecurity. Moralization of health service delivery (influence of alternative medicine, cultural and religious practices that hinder delivery of health services)



6. Institutional development and management

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
 Large national network of membership professional management team running day to day activities Mechanisms exist that provides technical assistance to MHUs CHAK Guesthouse with training facilities Well-equipped modern facility and assets for operations CHAK secretariat has office space Existing donor partnerships Institutions of higher learning (health sciences) Existing regional offices CHAK has 70 years of consistent service Existence of mechanisms that provides technical in various areas to MHUs 	Some old assets which are costly to maintain and are not efficient Inadequate office space as we are expanding Some members are not actively engaged Some health facilities facing sustainability challenges leading to closure/handover Facility not able to attract right candidates to manage Inadequate management policy guidelines and its implementation MHUs Lack of modern equipment and well equipped MHUs	Potential partners in the area of system strengthening Potential partnership institutions of higher learning egKabarak teaching and referral hospital Private public partnerships	 Government medical Equipment scheme to county health facilities Competition from public and private health services providers Provision of Free services limited to government health facilities Increasing administrative and financial burden from the regulators e.g KMDPB, NCK

6. **Church support and relations**

Strengthes	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
 Goodwill from both local and international churches and church organizations Support fromkey church leaders in advocacy Holisticnature of our services Public have faith and confidence in church health institutions High standing moral values 	Interference by some church leadership in the day to day operation of their health facility Lack of a common platform by church leaders through which to address MHU issues	 Extending partnerships and Expansionofnetworks with other church networks Church involvementin countyactivities 	Competition for resources frominternational church networks Rivalry among the different churches unrealistic expectation on service delivery by the public Conflict between church doctrines and legal requirement of employment



6. Devolution of Health services

	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	Internal		Exte	rnal
•	ExistingMHUs in 44counties	Thin presence of CHAK	Donor funding	Perception of FBOs as
•	Existing good relationships	MHUs in some counties	opportunities to work	private institutions
	with the healthleadership	 Unstructured county 	with counties	especially by County
	andtechnocrats in some	engagement	 Good will by some 	governments
	counties	 Minimal interaction 	County government to	 Failurebysome
•	CHAKMHUsare part of	between MHUs and	FBO facilities	countyleadership to
	devolved county health	counties	 Counties looking to 	recognize MHUs
	systems	 Low visibility and 	address problems or	 Misunderstandings
•	Specialized capacity within	branding of CHAK in the	programs that are	between somecounty
	some MHUs	counties	specific to communities	governments and MHUs
•	Significant contribution to	Poor presence of CHAK	 Counties working on 	Emerging health facilities
	total health care deliveryin	offices in a large	structures through the	next to FBOs due to
	some counties.	proportion of the	council of governors for	political interest
•	Runningcommunityprogra	counties	engagement with	Uncertainties associated
	ms	 CHAK MHUs are not 	various partners	with the political climate
	thatCHAKcanleverageon.	regularly well represented		in the country, especially
•	Established county	in counties and sub-		during election periods
	government- CHAK	counties forums		•
	relationships with some			
	programs running in some			
	counties			
•	Joint projects being runned			
	by CHAK and County			
•	Existing CHAK regional			
	structure -RCC			
•	Existing regional offices in			
	three counties -Offices			
•	CHAK has had a track			
	record of successfully			
	completing projects			
	which has opened			
	doors for more work			
	with the counties			
•	Presence of member			
	churches that CHAK			
	can leverage on			



6. **Advocacy**

Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Internal		External	
 CHAKs National, regional and international representation Membership in key forums e.g NHIF, KCM Reputable and outstanding church leaders who supports advocacy Existing communication and advocacy strategies Existing referral and specialized facilities in some counties Recognition of CHAK as a key stakeholder in health services delivery in Kenya Good entry point through the churches CHAK's participation in the joint inter faith technical working groups Access to information on devolution Joint advocacy structures with other partners MHU involvement in advocacy 	Lean structures at Secretariat to meet county advocacy demands Inadequate resources for county level advocacy Low mainstream media engagement Research and publication of good work done by CHAK projects and MHUs	Church institutions working with county officials in their management boards and functions New methodologies for advocacy strategies i.e. social media, Christian media houses Rallying CHAK membership to support a common position Organized coordinated structure for county government by Council of Governance to address health issues	Competing interests among the FBOs Uncertain operating environment and policies in some Counties Competing political interests Some potential emerging conflict with fundamental church principles Emerging structures that claims CHAK space purporting to represent CHAK in some forums



END-TERM EVALUATION OF CHAK STRATEGIC PLAN 2011 - 2016

CHAK Strategic Plan 2011 – 2016 end term evaluation was conducted by a team led by Prof. Dan Kaseje from the Tropical Institute of Community Health in Africa (TICH-Africa). The evaluation covered the two phases of the three year implementation programmes 2011-2013 and 2014-2016.

The evaluation noted that during the strategic plan period 2011-2016, CHAK focused on promoting access to quality health care by facilitating all member health units (MHUs) to provide efficient, equitable, affordable, sustainable and high quality health care as a witness to the healing ministry of Christ. The work was organized around nine strategic directions that fall into six broad categories of: Service delivery; health systems strengthening; governance and accountability; research, advocacy and communication; human resources for health (HRH); and health care financing and sustainability.

Key Findings

The evaluation found that CHAK had maintained relevance through functions that members could only benefit from as an Association and not as individual units. These were: advocacy, health systems strengthening, Joint resource mobilization, networking, pooled experience and expertise. CHAK hadperformed very well, and had met its obligations and exceeded targets in some areas leading to sustained growth in funding, asset base and program activities expansion. However funded activities such as HIV, TB, Malaria, Hypertension and Diabetes were better documented in regular reports. Not all planned activities were regularly reported. Critical areas such as maternal, neonatal and child health that had not benefitted from designated donor funding tended to suffer under-reporting, giving erroneous impression of under-performance.

CHAK demonstrated efficiency in service delivery and achieved better results than other agencies in the health care market, due to commitment, and community approach as a strategy for service delivery. Community Health Strategy (MoH, 2006) provides an opportunity yet to be fully exploited to enable CHAK spearhead attainment of the Universal Health Coverage and SDGs. Total Quality Management has taken root in CHAK and is ready for rapid scale up.

However working through RCCs had not achieved the targets as planned, at a time when they were needed to engage County devolved health system in addressing the concerns of MHUs. It would appear that under-performance is due to assignment of tasks that could not be undertaken efficiently by a committee.



County Engagement started in earnest, with varying responses from different counties that are themselves at different levels of development. The CHAK information management software provides an opportunity to improve evidence based service delivery, advocacy and partnerships with counties and NHIF although institutional M&E function was not optimally developed.

CHAK supported its governing structures: AGM, Trustees, EXCO and Finance Committee adequately in their functions to maintain sound systems and structure of leadership, transparency and accountability. External audits throughout the Strategic Planning period gave unqualified opinions, implying compliance with international standards in financial management. Additionally, CHAK developed model policy documents to guide MHUs in governance and management to ensure integrity and accountability. Active strategic participation of CHAK at national level to influence health policy and service delivery was maintained with remarkable impact. The annual health conference, CHAK Times bulletin, Resource Centre, international network and an active website are effective communication mechanisms that CHAK maintained and utilized as envisioned. CHAK undertook some studies, but the use of results to support marketing, advocacy and partnership negotiations could be improved.

CHAK coordinated excellent Capacity building programs (Internship for Doctors, Short courses, CME, Family Medicine). The major challenge in human resources was high staff turn-over which has increased in recent times affecting smaller member health units more, although CHAK was also able to negotiate for secondment of staff by counties. There were indications of improvement in human resource (HR) management in a number of MHUs some of which had developed HR plans, policies, and even HR departments with qualified personnel and budgets. The Secretariat has hired a HR expert to sustain continuous improvement particularly in addressing problems of staff retention and also developed and registered staff Retirement Benefit Scheme in which all staff including the MHU staff are eligible for membership.

During the period under review CHAK demonstrated steady growth in service delivery activities, national image development and alignment of its relevance within the Kenyan health sector evolving reforms as well at the global arena. Furthermore, CHAK had developed and launched the now functioning Guest house & conference centre with potential for further growth. All these factors provide strong pillars for a sustainable CHAK.

Key Recommendations

There is urgent need to improve regular reporting of all planned activities by objective to support advocacy for National and County resources, taking advantage of CHAK HMIS software. Developing a robust institutionalized M&E unit to provide overall technical leadership to all funded and CHAK traditional health care services will go a long way to harmonize reporting to enable evidence based decisions, planning and implementation.



There is need to review the composition and mandate of RCCs, building on lessons from the success at national level. Composition could be expanded to include other FBOs, and County Government representatives, and mandate focused on convening regional collaborative and steering meetings for linkages/networking and joint advocacy for collective bargaining at their respective counties.

There is need to establish required minimal standards based on TQM framework to maintain CHAK membership, and towards this larger member facilities could adopt and mentor a number of smaller ones to accelerate achievement of these requirements. CHAK should prioritize strengthening FBO-NHIF Partnership involving all health facilities towards sustainable Universal Health Coverage. Engage Member Medical Training Colleges and Universities in partnership for staff professional development and research.

CHAK should fast track adoption of strategic business mind-set approach in developing and delivering services in an increasingly competitive market place that demands efficiency in the delivery of quality health care.

Emerging strategic directions

The evaluation identified the following emerging strategic directions;

- i. Leadership, governance, advocacy, partnerships and networking
- ii. Human resource and capacity building
- iii. Monitoring & evaluation, research, information and communication
- iv. Financing, sustainability and grant management



STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The six-year strategic plan has its core activities organized into 5 strategic directions namely;

- i. Health service delivery
- ii. Health systems strengthening
- iii. Capacity Building and Research
- iv. Advocacy and Partnerships.
- v. Sustainable financing and resource management

The scope of each strategic direction is further provided as follows.

Strategic Direction 1: Health Service Delivery

Strategic priorities

- 1. Communicable Diseases
 - a. HIV&AIDS
 - b. Tuberculosis (TB)
 - c. Malaria
 - d. Neglected Tropical Diseases
 - i. Leishmaniasis
 - ii. Schistosomiasis
- 2. Non Communicable diseases
 - a. Hypertension
 - b. Diabetes
 - c. Breast Cancer
 - d. Bronchial Asthma
 - e. Health for the aged
- 3. Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal and Child Health and Family Planning
 - a. MNCH
 - b. Family planning and Reproductive health
 - c. Nutrition in MNCH
- 4. Environmental and Nutrition health
- 5. Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVCs)
- 6. Mental Health
- 7. Visual Impairment



Strategic Direction 2: Health Systems Strengthening

Strategic priorities

- 1. Institutional Organization Development
 - a. Infrastructure development
 - b. Governance and management capacity building
- 2. Regional structures strengthening
- 3. County engagement structures
- 4. HealthCare Technical Services
- 5. Human Resources for Health Management
- 6. Health Quality Management Systems

Strategic direction 3: Monitoring and Evaluation, Research and Learning

Strategic priorities

- 1. Monitoring and Evaluation
- 2. Research
- 3. Learning and Capacity Building
- 4. Medical Education through teaching hospitals and member Medical Training Colleges (MTC)
- 5. Communication and Documentation
- 6. Health Management Information Systems

Strategic Direction 4: Sustainable financing and resource management

Strategic priorities

- 1. Resource mobilization
- 2. Healthcare financing for Universal Health Coverage
- 3. Financial management
- 4. Audit and systems strengthening
- 5. Asset Management
- 6. CHAK Guest House management

Strategic Direction 5: Advocacy, Partnership and Networking.

Strategic Priorities

- 1. Strategic partnerships for health
- 2. Advocacy for CHAK member health network
- 3. Networking for knowledge sharing



IMPLEMENTATION APPROACH

CHAK has an organisational work culture characterised by participatory planning, teamwork in implementation and monitoring. This culture will be central in the implementation of the Strategic Plan 2017-2022.

The organisational structure has been redefined to ensure optimal efficiency and effectiveness in the plan's implementation. The strategic plan has identified strategic directions, priorities and objectives and defined a framework for their implementation and monitoring. A three-year program proposal will be developed with more specific details of activities and resource needs and used for resource mobilization and implementation monitoring. Implementation is achieved through annual operational plans and budgets that are further broken down to specific quarterly departmental and individual work plans.

CHAK will engage in strategic partnerships in joint proposal development, resource mobilization and projects implementation to ensure successful project design and effective implementation. Collaboration with both National and County governments will be nurtured for referral, to ensure compliance with health sector policies and for routine service data reporting.

In response to the wishes of its members, CHAK Secretariat has maintained a facilitative approach that incorporates elements of accompaniment and implementation especially for innovative projects/programs that address the identified priorities. CHAK will also retain its role as a resource organisation for its members.

In order to diversify sources of funding and technical support, CHAK will scale up efforts in resource mobilization coordinated by the Business Development Unit through partnerships and proposal development while ensuring efficient and effective implementation of funded projects to the satisfaction of donor partners, communities served and other stakeholders.

The strategies to be engaged include:

- Participation in health sector coordination structures for joint planning and performance monitoring/review
- Empowering MHUs through Health Systems Strengthening and capacity building
- Partnerships, networking, establishment of linkages and collaboration
- Advocacy through both proactive engagement in policy development, dialogue for opportunities and resources and building on the opportunity created by the MoU between Government and Faith Based Health Services. The Faith Based Health Services Coordinating Committee (FBHSCC) will be used to strengthen the advocacy role of FBOs in health.



 CHAK will endeavour to establish and scale up strategic partnerships for technical assistance, resource sharing and fundraising both locally and internationally for infrastructure development and systems strengthening.

CHAK will facilitate engagement with the devolved County Governments Health Departments which has been created by the Kenya Constitution 2010. County engagement structures will be established to coordinate MHUs advocacy and engagement in planning and service delivery collaboration at county level. CHAK county engagement strategy will be reviewed and implemented to facilitate an effective county engagement process.

The CHAK Secretariat will seek to maintain a human resource compliment that is lean, competent, efficient and cost effective. Full time core staff under the leadership of General Secretary will be maintained, developed and motivated by promoting a team spirit. The core staff will be supported by technical project staff who will be recruited to support implementation of funded projects for the life of such projects. The regular staff will be provided with relevant technical assistance by external consultants drawn for specific assignments with mutually agreed TOR and performance standards. It is recognised that the CHAK network has human resources with varied skills, expertise and experience from whom we shall draw technical support for capacity building and mentorship.

CHAK will give priority to the health sector coordination structures and opportunities and build capacity of its membership in KEPH implementation and health systems strengthening guided by the National Health Sector Policy and Strategic Plan. Governance, management and planning in MHUs will receive special attention in capacity building.

The implementation of this strategic plan will be monitored and backed by operational research, data gathering, analysis and information dissemination and use. This will create an evidence base for advocacy as well as for process and impact assessment.



8

MONITORING & EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

CHAK has a well-developed Monitoring & Evaluation and Information Management Unit which support the process of Monitoring, Evaluation, Research and Information dissemination at the Secretariat. The unit has technical officers who are responsible for guiding the development of the integrated CHAK work plan which is used in guiding the program/project staff in developing individual and quarterly work plans.

An M&E Plan has been developed which provides Indicators defition, data collection and reporting timelines. This will guide programmes, MHUs and projects in regular reporting.

Under the leadership of the General Secretary, there will be Performance Monitoring & Evaluation(PME) meetings that will be held quarterly and annually to review project/program performance. The review will inform progress made by various interventions implemented by the secretariat.

The Monitoring and Evaluation department and the PME team will on quarterly and, biannual and annual basis compile narrative reports which will be shared with partners and key stakeholders highlighting the progress made during the program implementation and key challenges that were faced. The Secretariat will conduct end-of-year review and findings will be used to inform review of strategies and approaches for the following year. The information gathered from end of year review will be used in coming up with the Association's Annual Report.

The plan proposes the use of what is known as a "dashboard" approach to measure progress towards goals. This means that rather than assessing each target individually, achievements will be reviewed in the aggregate considering movement on all or most of the indicators together.

Disparities or under-achievements in any area will be examined to determine the challenges and future activities re-focused accordingly. Routine data will be collected from the MHUs using MOH tools. The M&E staff will input and analyze the data received and share findings with Secretariat staff as well as MHUs and other Stakeholders.

The M&E unit will support use of MOH-HMIS Data collection and Reporting tools in CHAK MHUs by training M&E/HMIS contact persons in data collection and reporting. An M&E work plan will be developed to facilitate structured M&E.



Medical Records Management and Research

CHAK continues to receive data from MHUs to support analysis and advocacy. However, two key challenges are experienced; delayed reports and lack of a comprehensive database. The MHUshave been sending their reports in hard copies via mail, leading to late delivery. The M&E unit will advocate for and support scaling up of the role out ofElectronic Medical Records (EMR) systems in MHUs. These will try to integrate reporting with the MOH-DHIS2. To ensure timely reporting, CHAK will develop a webbased database. This will facilitate timeliness and efficiency in reporting. However MHUs without reliable Internet access would continue to send their reports as hard copies via mail. Mobile based data capture and transmission solution will be introduced in consultation with stakeholders in the health sector. In this plan period installation and application of Electronic Medical Records (EMR) will be promoted and supported. The M&E team will on monthly and quarterly basis analyse the collected data and provide feedback to enable the program/project staff monitor their performance and make strategy reviews and provide targeted technical support.

CHAK will proactively facilitate, promote and engage in research, utilizing the rich data available within member health network community based programmes and projects. Operations research will be integrated in programmes to generate evidence to support strategy review, decision making and advocacy. Partnering with academia, research institutions, MOH and development partners CHAK will mobilize technical and financial resources to support research. MHUs and Projects will be encouraged and mobilized to build institutional culture of data demand and information use to track quality and support decision making.

The programs/projects implemented by CHAK will conduct mid-term and end-term evaluations and reports disseminated to stakeholders. The strategic plan will also be subjected to both mid-term and end-term evaluation. The evaluation reports will be reviewed by EXCO and presented to AGM and partners.



9

INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

CHAK governance and management structure

The CHAK governance structure is defined by its Constitution. CHAK's supreme authority, the AGM, is composed of all registered members and meets annually in April. CHAK has a Board of Trustees composed of seven senior church leaders from member churches who are mandated by the Constitution to hold in trust all the assets of the Association.

The Executive Committee (EXCO) is the executing arm of the AGM with the mandate to formulate policies, approve plans and monitor program implementation as well as accountability. EXCO members are elected by the AGM to serve a term of two years which is renewable to a maximum of six years. A standing Finance Committee reviews budgets and financial reports before presentation to EXCO. Other advisory committees may be appointed by EXCO on adhoc basis to address specific terms of reference.

CHAK Guest House & Conference Centre Management Committee oversees the management of the Guest House & Conference Centre and submits it's performance reports to EXCO. The Guest House is managed by a professional team experienced in hotel management as a separate entity from the Secretariat. It provides conference facilities for CHAK capacity building and networking activities.

Regional Coordinating Committees (RCCs) and County Engagement Structures

The RCCs coordinate the Association's activities in its four regions - Eastern/North Eastern, Central/Nairobi/South East & Coast, Western/North Rift, and Nyanza/South Rift. The chairmen of the RCCs represent their regions in EXCO. The four geographical regions also facilitate planning, regional advocacy, communication and allocation of resources.

The chairpersons of the four regions are also members of EXCO together with CHAK's national officials, namely, the chairman, vice-chairman, treasurer and vice-treasurer. The General Secretary serves as the Secretary and represents the Secretariat.

The RCCs coordinate networking and participation in health sector planning at regional level in addition to providing a communication link between the Secretariat and MHUs. They also facilitate identification of advocacy issues and provide feedback to the Secretariat. Further, RCCs assist the secretariat in monitoring health services projects within their regions and in dissemination of information.



Following the creation of 47 county governments with scope of mandate that includes health services provision, planning, supervision and decision making in resource allocation, CHAK proposes to establish and strengthen County Engagement Structures (CES) to support RCCs in mobilization, coordination and advocacy for MHUs engagement at county level. The county engagement structures shall be defined in a County Engagement Strategy to be articulated by CHAK. These will take into consideration the strength of membership presence at the County including Medical Training Colleges.

Secretariat

The implementation of the Strategic Plan is facilitated by the Secretariat management and technical staff under the leadership of the General Secretary. The Secretariat has been structured into three departments:

- Health Services
- Institutional & Organisational Development
- Financial Management and Administration

Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E), Research and information management will be facilitated by the M&E and Information Management Unit which will be under the leadership of the M&E Advisor. The HMIS, M&E and ICT functions will be coordinated under this unit to provide services to all CHAK departments, projects and units. A Business Development (BDU) unit will be established under the office of the General Secretary to coordinate new business development and ensure effective start-ups. An Internal Audit & Compliance unit has been established to support governance towards ensuring effective statutory and donor compliance monitoring. The structure will have the flexibility to accommodate expansion that will be necessitated by new business acquisition through project proposals development. A job evaluation will be conducted to providean optimal staffing structure and appropriate job descriptions, salary structure and a performance based managed system for all essential staff. It will also develop a structure to accommodate various project staff expansion needs.

Each department is led by a Head of Department (HOD) responsible for staff supervision, mentorship and provision of leadership towards achievement of set targets. It is also recognized that CHAK Secretariat cannot afford to maintain in its establishment all professional competencies required hence engaging short-term external consultancy services for defined assignments would assist fill gaps or serve specific needs. However, there exists space and flexibility to expand CHAK's human resource capacity to cope with new project demands provided the necessary resources are available. CHAK may also draw technical assistance from partners and can join partnerships for relevant joint health projects implementation.

The organizational structure for CHAK is as below:



2. TUBERCULOSIS (TB)

Goal: To accelerate the reduction of TB burden in the catchment areas of MHUs through provision of quality and comprehensive TB services by 2022.

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE	INDICATORS	MEANS OF	REPORTING	ASSUMP
ODJECTIVES	/DEFINITION	INDICATORS	VERIFICATION		
	/DEI/IMITION		VERIFICATION	FREQUENCI	110113
Outcome 1: Increased provision of comprehensive TB diagnostic and treatment services to all MHUs by 2022	Measures the capacity of MHUs to offer comprehensive TB diagnostic and treatment services	Proportion of MHUs providing comprehensive TB diagnostic and treatment services annualy	TIBU, DHIS	Annualy	
Output 1: Increased MHUs TB diagnostic capacity	Measures MHUs able to offer TB diagnostic services by TB sputum microscopy and GeneXpert testing	Proportion of MHUs with TB diagnostic capacity annualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Annualy	
Activity 1.1: Placement of Gene Xpert machines within MHUs	Lobby with TB programme and other partners for placement of Gene Xpert machines within MHUs	Proportion of MHUs with Gene Xpert machines annualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Annualy	
Activity 1.2: Build the capacity of MHU administrative staff	Capacity of MHU administrative staff built on resources mobilization towards infrastructural support of TB diagnostic services i.e. Procurement of TB diagnostic and safety equipment including Biosafety cabinets as well as laboratory renovations	Proportion of MHUs that provide TB microscopy annualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Annualy	
		Proportion of MHUs that offer TB microscopy with Biosafety cabinets annualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Annualy	



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		Proportion of MHUs whose laboratories have adequate room and ventilation to offer TB microscopy services annualy	CHAK Project Reports	Annualy	
Activity 1.3: Establish TB diagnostic networks	Establish TB diagnostic networks between MHUs and GeneXpert diagnostic health facilities	Proportion of MHUs linked to Gene Xpert TB diagnostic sites annualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Annualy	
Output 2: Increased MHUs TB treatment capacity	Measures MHUs able to provide TB treatment within the health facilities for patients diagnosed with TB	Proportion of MHUs offering TB treatment services annualy	TIBU, DHIS	Annualy	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs	Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs on TB treatment and monitoring interventions including MDR TB as per national TB guidelines	Proportion of MHUs with HCWs capacity built on TB treatment and monitoring interventions annualy	CHAK database, registers, Project Reports	Annualy	
Output 3: Increased MHUs Capacity to offer Comprehensive TB/HIV integrated activities and services	Measures MHUs capacity in integrating of TB/HIV services for all TB/HIV co-infected patients	Proportion of MHUs offering Comprehensive and integrated TB/HIV services quarterly	CHAK Project Reports	Quarterly	
Activity 3.1: Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs	Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs on integration of TB /HIV activities and services using the national guidelines (Including Isoniazid Prophylactic Therapy scale up, Integration of TB/HIV services and ART initiation in TB/HIV co-infected patients)	Proportion of HCW capacity build on TB/HIV collaborative activities in all MHUs using the national guidelines annualy	CHAK database, Project Reports	Annualy	
Outcome 2: Increased uptake of TB Infection Prevention and Control Interventions in all MHUs by 70% of baseline by 2022	Measures MHUs capacity in provision of integrated TB infection prevention and control interventions including administrative controls, environmental controls and personal protective controls	Proportion of MHUs with TB Infection Prevention and Control plans and active Infection control committee's quarterly	CHAK database, Project Reports		
Output 1: Increased knowledge and implementation of TB Infection control measures among HCWs in MHUs	Measures implementation of TB infection control interventions by HCWs within the MHUs	Proportion of MHUs with HCWs implementing TB infection control interventions quarterly	Project reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1: Sensitization of HCWs in MHUs	Sensitization of HCWs in MHUs on the Infection Prevention and control policy document	Proportion of MHUs with HCWs sensitized on Infection Prevention policy document annualy	Project reports	Annualy	



3. MALARIA

Goal: To accelerate the reduction of Malaria morbidity and mortality in the catchment areas of MHUs within Malaria endemic regions through provision of quality and comprehensive Malaria prevention and treatment interventions by 2022

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE	INDICATORS	MEANS OF	REPORTING	ASSUMPTIONS
	/DEFINITION		VERIFICATION	FREQUENCY	
Outcome 1: Increased provision of comprehensive Malaria prevention interventions within all MHUs catchment areas in Malaria endemic zones by 80% of baseline by 2022	Measures provision of malaria prevention interventions for MHU catchment populations within Malaria endemic zones	Proportion of MHUs in malaria endemic zones providing malaria prevention interventions for their catchment populations quarterly	ANC Register, Facility Net Register, facility monthly summary reports	Quarterly	
Output 1: Increased uptake of Malaria preventive interventions of MHU catchment population in Malaria endemic zones	Increased uptake of Malaria preventive interventions of MHU catchment population in Malaria endemic zones	Number of MHUs within Malaria endemic zones providing malaria prevention interventions quarterly	CHAK database, Project reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs)	Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs) attached to MHUs in malaria endemic zones on Malaria prevention interventions	Proportion of CHVs attached to MHUs in malaria endemic zones capacity built on malaria prevention interventions annualy	MoH 506 summary, MoH 504 summary	Annualy	
Activity 1.2: Capacity building of HCWs	HCWs to be capacity built on provision of Intermittent Preventive Treatment for Pregnant women (IPTp), and other malaria prevention interventions	Proportion of MHUs in malaria endemic zones with HCWs capacity built on IPTp and other malaria prevention interventions biannualy	Project reports	Bi-annual	
		Proportion of MHUs in malaria endemic zones providing IPTp for pregnant women quarterly	ANC registers	Quarterly	
Activity 1.3: Distribution of Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs)	Network with national implementing partners in health e.g. MoH and PSI in distribution of Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs) to MHUs within Malaria endemic zones providing health services to Pregnant women and Under 5s	Proportion of MHUs in malaria endemic zones receiving ITNs quarterly	MoH 506	Quarterly	
Outcome 2: Increased provision of accurate Malaria diagnostic services to all MHUs by 2022	Measures capacity of MHUs to provide malaria microscopic and rapid diagnostic services	Proportion of MHUs providing malaria diagnostic services annualy	Project Reports	Quarterly	



4. LEISHMANIASIS

Goal: To accelerate the reduction of all forms of Leishmania morbidity and mortality in the catchment areas of MHUs within Leishmania endemic regions through provision of quality and comprehensive Leishmania prevention, control and treatment interventions by 2022

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 1: Increased knowledge and skills of HCWs working in the MHUs catchment areas in Leishmania endemic zones to identify, manage and prevent Leishmaniasis by 80% of baseline by 2022	Measures acquisition of knowledge and skills by HCW in MHUs catchment population within Leishmania endemic zones to identify, manage and prevent leishmaniasis	Number of HCWs in MHUs within the catchment population that have knowledge and skills of managing Leishmaniasis bi- annualy	MHU reports, CHAK database, project reports	Quarterly	
Output 1: Increased uptake of leishmania treatment and preventive interventions of MHU catchment population in leishmania endemic zones	Measures capacity of HCWs of MHUs in leishmania endemic zones to provide leishmania preventive interventions for their catchment populations and effective and timely treatment of diagnosed leishmaniasis cases	Proportion of MHUs within Leishmania endemic zones providing leishmania treatment and preventive interventions biannualy	CHAK database, Project reports	Bi-annual	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs	Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs on provision of leishmania case management and Preventive interventions for communities living in leishmania endemic zones	Proportion of HCWs from MHUs in leishmania endemic zones capacity built on leishmania case management and prevention for communities working in leishmania endemic zones bi- annualy	CHAK database, project reports	Bi-annual	
Activity 1.2: Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs)	Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs) attached to MHUs in leishmania endemic zones on leishmania prevention and control interventions	Proportion of CHVs attached to MHUs in leishmania endemic zones capacity built on leishmania prevention and control interventions biannualy	Project Reports	Bi-annual	



Activity 1.3: Distribution of Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs)	Network with national implementing partners in health e.g. MoH and PSI in distribution of Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs) to MHUs within leishmania endemic zones providing health services for the catchment populations	Proportion of MHUs in leishmania endemic zones receiving ITNs quarterly	Project reports	Quarterly
Outcome 2: Increased provision of accurate leishmania diagnostic services to all MHUs by 2022	Measures capacity of MHUs to accurately diagnose visceral and cutaneous leishmaniasis	Proportion of laboratory and medical personnel in MHUs within leishmania endemic zones able to accurately diagnose cutaneous and visceral leishmaniasisann ualy	Project Reports	Bi-annual
Output 1: Increased MHU capacity in leishmania endemic zones to accurately diagnose all forms of leishmaniasis	Measures capacity of laboratory and medical personnel in MHUs within leishmania endemic zones to be able to collect splenic, urine and other relevant samples and accurately prepare the samples, as well as interpret test results for accurate leishmaniasis diagnosis	Proportion of MHUs in leishmania endemic zones whose HCWs are able to appropriately collect and process relevant samples for leishmaniasis diagnosis and accurately interpret the results biannualy	Project reports, case incidence reports	Bi-annual
Activity 1.1: Build the capacity of MHU administrative staff	Build the capacity of MHU administration on resource mobilization for laboratory infrastructural support	Proportion with MHUs with Functional laboratories offering leishmania diagnostic services annualy	CHAK database	Annualy



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Activity 1.2: Capacity building of laboratory and medical personnel	Capacity building of laboratory and medical personnel in MHUs within leishmania endemic zones on sample collection and relevant diagnostic tests and interpretation of results for leishmaniasis	Proportion of laboratory and medical personnel in MHUs in leishmania endemic zones capacity built on leishmania diagnostic tests annualy	Project reports	Annualy	
Outcome 3: Increased provision of comprehensive and timely leishmania case management in all MHUs within leishmania endemic zones by 2022	Measures MHUs capacity to provide comprehensive leishmaniasis case management	Proportion of MHUs in leishmania endemic zones providing comprehensive and timely leishmania case management quarterly	Project reports	Quarterly	
Output 1:Increased MHU capacity within leishmania endemic zones to provide timely and comprehensive leishmania case management	Measures capacity of HCWs in MHUs withinleishmania endemic zones able to accurately diagnose both cutaneous and visceral leishmaniasis and provide appropriate and timely case management	Number of leishmania cases accurately identified in MHUs within leishmania endemic zones and appropriately managed with the recommended treatment regimens quarterly	Facility reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs	Capacity building of HCWs within MHUs in leishmaniasis endemic zones on national leishmaniasis treatment guidelines as well as commodity management for recommended leishmaniasis treatment drugs	Proportion of MHU in leishmaniasis endemic zones with HCWs capacity built on national leishmaniasis treatment guidelines biannualy	Project reports, CHAK database	Bi-annual	
		Proportion of MHUs in leishmaniasis endemic zones with HCWs capacity built on commodity management of leishmaniasis treatment drugs biannualy	Project reports, CHAK database	Bi-annual	



5. SCHISTOSOMIASIS

Goal: To accelerate the reduction of all forms of schistosomiasis morbidity and mortality in the catchment areas of MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic regions through provision of quality and comprehensive schistosomiasis treatment, prevention, control and treatment interventions by 2022

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 1: Increased knowledge and skills of HCWs working in the MHUs catchment areas in schistosomiasis endemic zones to identify, manage and prevent schistosomiasis by 80% of baseline by 2022	Measures acquisition of knowledge and skills by HCW in MHUs catchment population within schistosomiasis endemic zones to identify, manage and prevent schistosomiasis	Number of HCWs in MHUs within the catchment population that have knowledge and skills of managing schistosomiasis annualy	MHU reports, CHAK database, project reports	Annualy	
Output 1: Increased uptake of schistosomiasis treatment and preventive interventions of MHU catchment population in schistosomiasis endemic zones	Measures capacity of HCWs of MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones to provide Schistosoma preventive interventions for their catchment populations and effective and timely treatment of diagnosed Schistosoma cases	Proportion of MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic zones providing schistosomiasis treatment and preventive interventions quarterly	CHAK database, Project reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs	Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs on provision of schistosomiasis case management and Preventive interventions and control for communities living in schistosomiasis endemic zones	Proportion of HCWs from MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones capacity built on schistosomiasis case management and prevention for communities working in schistosomiasis endemic zones annualy	CHAK database, project reports	Annualy	
Activity 1.2: Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs)	Capacity building of Community Health Volunteers (CHVs) attached to MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones on schistosomiasis prevention and control interventions	Proportion of CHVs attached to MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones capacity built on schistosomiasis prevention and control interventions biannualy	Project Reports	Bi-annual	



Outcome 2: Increased provision of accurate schistosomiasis diagnostic services to all MHUs by 2022	Measures capacity of MHUs to accurately diagnose schistosomiasis	Proportion of laboratory personnel in MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic zones able to accurately diagnose schistosomiasis through laboratory microscopy biannualy	Project Reports, MHU reports	Bi-annual	Availability of schistosomia sis diagnostic services in Schistosoma endemic zones
Output 1: Increased MHU capacity in schistosomiasis endemic zones to accurately diagnose all forms of schistosomiasis	Measures capacity of laboratory personnel in MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic zones to be able to collect and prepare relevant samples, as well as interpret microscopic tests for accurate leishmaniasis diagnosis	Proportion of MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones whose HCWs are able to appropriately collect and process relevant samples for schistosomiasis diagnosis and accurately interpret the microscopic tests bi-annualy	Project Reports, MHU reports	Bi-annual	
Activity 1.1: Build the capacity of MHU administration staff	Build the capacity of MHU administration on resource mobilization for laboratory infrastructural support	Proportion with MHUs with Functional laboratories offering schistosomiasis diagnostic services annualy	CHAK database	Annualy	
Activity 1.2: Capacity building of laboratory personnel	Capacity building of laboratory personnel in MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic zones on diagnostic tests and interpretation of results for schistosomiasis	Proportion of laboratory personnel in MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones capacity built on schistosomiasis diagnostic tests annualy	Project reports,	Bi-annual	
Outcome 3: Increased provision of comprehensive and timely schistosomiasis case management in all MHUs within schistosomiasis endemic zones by 2022	Measures MHUs capacity to provide comprehensive schistosomiasis case management	Proportion of MHUs in schistosomiasis endemic zones providing comprehensive and timely schistosomiasis case management quarterly	Project reports,	Quarterly	

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Output 1:Increased	Measures	Number of all	Facility reports	Quarterly	
MHU capacity within	capacity of HCWs	forms of			
schistosomiasis	in MHUs within	schistosomiasis			
endemic zones to	schistosomiasis	cases accurately			
provide timely and	endemic zones	identified in			
comprehensive case	able to accurately	MHUs within			
management of all	diagnose	schistomiasis			
forms of	schistosomiasis	endemic zones			
schistosomiasis	and provide	and			
	appropriate and	appropriately			
	timely case	managed with the			
	management	recommended			
		treatment			
		regimens			
		quarterly			
Activity 1.1: Capacity	Capacity building	Proportion of	Project reports,	Bi-annual	
building of HCWs	of HCWs within	MHUs in	CHAK database		
S	MHUs in	schistosomiasis			
	schistosomiasis	endemic zones			
	endemic zones on	with HCWs			
	national	capacity built on			
	schistosomiasis	national			
	diagnosis and	schistosomiasis			
	treatment	diagnosis and			
	guidelines and on	treatment			
	commodity	guidelines bi-			
	management for	annualy			
	recommended	aimuary			
	schistosomiasis				
	treatment drugs				
	ireaument urugs	Proportion of	Project reports,	Bi-annual	
		MHUs in	CHAK database	Di-aiiiiuai	
		schistosomiasis	CHAK database		
		endemic zones			
		with HCWs			
		capacity built on			
		commodity			
		management of			
		schistosomiasis			
		treatment drugs			
		bi-annualy			



1.2: NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Goal :To reduce by 25% the preventable burden, avoidable morbidity, mortality, risk factors and cost due to NCDs and promote the well-being of the community by providing evidence-based NCD prevention and control measures to attain the highest attainable standard of health by 2022 :

1.2.1: HYPERTENSION

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OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /Definition	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 1: To reduce the burden of raised blood pressure (hypertension) in communities served by 100 CHAK MHUs.	Raised blood pressure [BP] defined as having SBP≥ 140mmHg and/or DBP ≥90mmHg or on medication for raised blood pressure	To reduce by 25% the burden of raised blood pressure (hypertension) in communities served by 100 CHAK MHUs by 2019. Screen: 520,000 males; 780,000 females. Treat:40,000 males; 60,000 females	Education and awareness tools, Screening Registers, Referral Forms, Linkage Registers, Treatment Registers, Appointment Diaries, Defaulter Registers	Monthly Quarterly Bi-annualy Annualy	The current Kenya National strategy for the prevention and control of Hypertensio n 2015-2020 remains unchanged.
Output 1: Promote awareness and knowledge on hypertension and it's risk factors in the community	Health promotion through community engagement	2,000,000 persons reached 110 MHU administrators sensitized	Hypertension education and awareness tools MOH 514	Monthly Reports	Data captured/Rep orts available
Activity 1.1: Train community health workers (CHWs) and key opinion leaders (religious leaders-RLs) on hypertension and it's risk factors to conduct health promotion in the community	out in the community by CHWs during community congregation's e.g. chief baraza meetings, celebrations (weddings, burials), open market areas, social welfare group meetings etc. RLs will sensitize the community on hypertension during church congregations and pastoral activities.	500 CHWs trained 100 RLs trained	CHAK training report	Quarterly	No attrition of trained CHWs and RLs
Activity 1.2: Contribute to the development and dissemination of information, education through mass media and IEC materials on hypertension		Number of IEC materials distributed Number of radio/to shows Number of active social media platforms	CHAK Inventory List CHAK Project Reports CHAK Times	Quarterly Bi-annually	Data captured/Rep orts available Inventory List updated



Activity 1.3: Support MHUs to conduct community outreaches	Community outreaches will be led by MHUs in collaboration with CHWs and RLs for the purpose of awareness creation and screening for hypertension	360 community outreaches conducted	CHAK project reports MOH AWP Monthly Service Delivery	Monthly	Data captured/Rep orts available
Output 2: Promote screening and early diagnosis for hypertension	Screening will be conducted by CHWs in the community using digital BP machines and by HCWs in MHUs using digital/manual BP machines	1,300,000 people screened	Hypertension screening register	Monthly Reports	No rescreening of the same individual
Activity 2.0: Equip CHWs with BP machines and train on screening for hypertension and linkage to MHUs for care and management	2 day training for CHWs on screening for hypertension, equipping the CHWs with digital BP machines. Linkage to care- is the process of engaging clients screened and found with raised blood pressure into hypertension primary care	250 CHWs trained 250 digital BP machines distributed 90,000 persons linked	CHAK training report CHAK inventory list lient Referral forms Hypertension linkage register	Monthly Reports	No attrition of trained CHWs No breakdown or loss of equipment All persons referred will reach the MHUs
Activity 2.1: Equip facilities to facilitate screening and early diagnosis for hypertension	Equipping the MHUs with manual sphygmomanometers, stethoscopes, weighing scales (audiometers) and height scales	60 sphygmomanomet ers distributed 60 stethoscopes distributed 50 weighing scales and height scales	CHAK training rep@HAK inventory list	Bi-annually	No attrition of trained HCWsNo breakdown or loss of equipment
Output 3: Strengthen MHUs in provision of comprehensive hypertension care services	Comprehensive hypertension care services include: screening, linkage, diagnosis, treatment, retention and control of hypertension	100,000 put on comprehensive hypertension care	Screening register Linkage register Treatment register	Monthly Reports	Data captured and Reports available
Activity 3.0: Train HCWs on comprehensive hypertension care	3 day training for HCWs on hypertension management	450 HCWs trained	CHAK training report	Monthly Reports	No attrition of trained HCWs
Activity 3.1: Participate in the development and dissemination of clinical guidelines and treatment protocols on comprehensive hypertension care services	Comprehensive clinical guidelines and treatment protocols developed with other partners including MOH and distributed to the MHUs	Number of guidelines and protocols developed and distributed Proportion of MHUs utilizing guidelines and protocols	CHAK Reports	Quarterly	Data is captured
Activity 3.2: Mentorship and on-the-job skills development to improve skills of HCWs in the	Trainers of trainers (ToTs) to provide mentorship and on-the- job skills training for	10 TOTs trained 450 HCWs mentored	CHAK reports	Quarterly	No attrition of mentored HCWs



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Output 4: Ensure hypertensive patients on management are retained and controlled to prevent complications	Retained- once the patient is initiated on care, they remain on care for hypertension management. Controlled patient- with blood pressure below 140/90 mmHg	50% of hypertensive patients retained on care and controlled	Hypertension treatment register Appointment Diary	Monthly Reports	Patients initiated on care remain on care
Activity 4.1: Support MHUs to access affordable quality medicines for hypertension through partnerships to assure continuous supply and adherence to medication by patients	Strengthen existing multi- sectoral partnerships both within Government and private sector to address the supply and affordability of quality commodities for hypertension	Proportion of hypertensive patients on medication 110 MHUs stocking medicines	Hypertension treatment register Supervision Reports	Monthly Reports	Patients initiated on care remain on care
Activity 4.2: Support MHUs to establish and strengthen psychosocial support groups (PSSGs) for hypertension patients	Psychosocial support groups address mental health counselling, education, group support and other services to hypertension patients.	50 MHUs with active PSSGs	CHAK reports	Quarterly	PSSGs established will be self- sustaining and remain active
Activity 4.3: Support MHUs to establish defaulter tracing mechanisms, carry out defaulter tracing and home visits	Defaulter is a patient who misses an appointment, is contacted and still fails to honor the appointment within 7 days.	100% defaulters identified 70% defaulters traced	Appointment diary Defaulter register	Monthly Reports	All defaulters will be traced and therefore not lost to follow up
Output 5: Improve hypertension HIS (health information systems) at community level for effective project management, and decision making for better patient and project outcomes	Health information systems (HIS) refer to any system (manual or electronic) that captures, stores, manages or transmits information rela ted to the health of patients	110 MHUs with functional HIS	CHAK reports	Quarterly	No breakdown in HIS systems
Activity 5.0: Participate in the development and utilization of M&E (monitoring and evaluation) tools for screening and treatment of hypertension at community and MHUs level	Development of Hypertension M&E tools (manual or electronic)	110 MHUs with M&E tools disseminated	CHAK reports	Quarterly	MHUs adopt the M&E Tools



OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIONS
Outcome 2: To halt the rise of diabetes and obesity and improve the care of persons living with diabetes		To halt the rise (0% increase) of diabetes and improve the care of persons living with diabetes. Screen: 153,000 males; 187,000 females Diagnose: 6,900 males; 8,400 females	CHAK reports	Annually	
Output 1.0:Create awareness and education on diabetes and it's risk factors in the community	Advocacy and sensitization to create awareness on diabetes	1,400,000 persons reached 75 MHUs administrators are sensitized	CHAK reports MOH 514	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 1.0:Train diabetes peer educators (DPEs), CHWs and key opinion leaders (RLs) on diabetes and it's risk factors to conduct health promotion in the community	Awareness and education will be carried out in the community by DPEs and CHWs during community congregation's e.g. chief baraza meetings, celebrations (weddings, burials), open market areas, social welfare group meetings etc. RLs will sensitize the community on diabetes during church congregations and pastoral activities.	500 DPEs trained 235 CHWs trained 268 RLs trained	Training reports	Quarterly	No attrition of trained CHWs and RLs
Activity 1.1: Provision of information education and communication (IEC) materials on diabetes	IEC materials include; posters, patient passports, banners, t-shirts, umbrellas, lab coats, caps, aprons, wrist bands, pens, badges for display in the community and member health units (MHUs).		CHAK Inventory List CHAK Project Reports CHAK Times	Quarterly	Inventory list updated
Output 2.0:Promote screening and early diagnosis for diabetes	Screening and early diagnosis in the community and the MHUs	340,000 clients screened	Screening registe	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 2.0:Equip peer educators and MHUs with glucometers and glucose test strips and train them on screening for diabetes	Screening will be conducted by PEs in the community and in the MHUs using glucometers	300 glucometers distributed to DPEs and MHUs	CHAK Inventory List Training report	Quarterly	No breakdown or loss of glucometers



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Activity 2.1:Support MHUs to conduct community outreaches	Community outreaches will be led by MHUs in collaboration with PEs and RLs for the purpose of awareness creation, screening and diagnosis for diabetes	45 outreaches held Number of people reached with health messages, screened and diagnosed	Diabetes Screening registers Permanent register, Diabetes treatment register		Data captured
Output 3.0:Strengthen MHUs in the provision of Diabetes Comprehensive Care (DCC)	Diabetes Comprehensive Care Concept is a model of care for diabetes that is patient centered, with a multidisciplinary team approach. It aims at inter- linking the patient, the health care system and the community. The delivery of DCC requires reorganization of existing clinics into diabetes comprehensive care clinics.	MHUs providing DCC	Diabetes Screening registers Permanent register, Diabetes treatment register	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 3.0:Train HCWs on DCC	ToTs to provide training for the HCWs	600 HCWs trained	Training reports	Quarterly	No attrition of trained staff
Activity 3.1:Mentorship and on-the-job skills development to improve skills of HCWs in the management of Diabetes	ToTs to provide on-the- job skills training for HCWs in the MHUs	10 TOTs trained 60% of HCWs mentored	Training and mentorship report	Quarterly	Reports available
Activity 3.2: Ensure availability of glucometers and HbA1c machines in MHUs for treatment and monitoring of diabetes through partnerships	MHUs to be supplied with glucometers and HbA1c machines	20 MHUs equipped with glucometers and HbA1c machines	CHAK inventory	Quarterly	Inventory list updated
Output 4: Ensure diabetic patients on management are retained and controlled to prevent complications	Retained- all the patients initiated on care, remain on care for diabetes management Controlled patient- with fasting plasma glucose (<6.0mmol/L) or HbA1c <7.0%	Proportion of diabetes patients on care, retained and controlled. (Baseline survey in Y1 to determine rate)	Daily activity register, Diabetes treatment register DM reporting tool	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 4.0: Support MHUs to access affordable quality insulin and oral glucose lowering agents (OGLAs) for diabetes management through partnerships to assure continuous supply and adherence to medication bypatients	Strengthen existing multi- sectoral partnerships both within Government and private sector to address the supply and affordability of quality commodities for hypertension	75 MHUs with access to OGLAs and insulin	Support supervision tool	Quarterly	Data is captured
Activity 4.1:Support MHUs to establish and strengthen psychosocial support groups (PSSGs) fordiabetes patients	Support to be provided to the MHUs to establish and strengthen psychosocial support groups (PSSGs) for diabetes patients	25 MHUs with PSSGs established	Support supervision tool CHAK reports	Quarterly	Data is captured



Output 5.0:Improve diabetes HIS at facility and community level for effective project management, and decision making for better patient and project outcomes	Improve and integrate diabetes HIS into the existing Health management information systems	75 MHUs with functional HIS	Registers EMR	Quarterly	No breakdown in HIS systems
Activity 5.0:Participate in the development and utilization of M&E tools for screening and treatment of diabetes at community and MHUs level	Development and use of diabetes M&E tools in the MHUs	75 MHUs with HIS tools disseminated	Registers EMR	Quarterly	MHUs adopt the M&E Tools
Output 6.0:Development and review of diabetes pre-service training curriculum	Pre-service training refers to the process of introducing clinical and public health concepts and approaches of the diabetes management strategy into medical and paramedical education, before graduates enter service.	Number of MHUs with training institutions adopting the curriculumNumber of students taken through the curriculum	CHAK Annual ReportCHAK Times	Annually	MHUs adopt the M&E Tools



1.2.3 :BREAST CANCER

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 3.0: To reduce premature deaths from breast cancer, and improve the quality of life and survival rates.		To reduce by 20% premature deaths from breast cancer, and improve the quality of life and survival rates by 2022. (Partner funding)	CHAK Reports	Annually	Reports available
Output 1.0: Create awareness and education on breast cancer signs and symptoms, self- examination	Awareness and education will be carried out in the community by DPEs and CHWs during community congregations' e.g. chief baraza meetings, celebrations (weddings, burials), open market areas, social welfare group meetings etc. RLs will sensitize the community on breast cancer signs and symptoms, self-examination during church congregations and pastoral activities.	1,000,000 reached with health messages	MOH 514 (CHW service log book)	Monthly	Data is captured
Activity 1.0: Sensitize CHWs and RLs on breast cancer	Focused community education and disease awareness creation on self-examination for breast lumps, discharge and skin changes.	250 CHWs sensitized 100 RLs sensitized	Training Reports		Reports available
Output 2.0: Improve access to early diagnosis and treatment for breast cancer through supporting MHUs with skills training and equipment for screening and investigation and partnerships for commodities for breast cancer treatment.	Focus on early diagnosis, treatment and referral for breast cancer	10 new cases of breast cancer	Cancer Screening Register Cancer Treatment register	Monthly	Data is captured



Activity 2.0: Train HCWs on breast cancer screening, diagnosis, referral mechanisms and management including palliative care	The health care workers in MHUs are trained in screening, diagnosis, referral mechanisms and management and on palliative care for patients who may not benefit from more aggressive treatment and care.	300 HCWs trained	Training Reports	Monthly	Reports available
Activity 2.1: Screening and referral for breast cancer in 50 MHUs		50 MHUs screening for breast cancer 30,000 screened and referred	Cancer Screening Register	Monthly	Data is captured
Activity 2.2: CHAK engagement in Public-Private Partnerships to support capacity-building of MHUs into regional centres of excellence for diagnosis and treatment for breast cancer including palliative care	Development partners support health and health related interventions	6 regional centers of excellence	CHAK Annual Report CHAK Times	Annually	Reports available
Activity 2.3: On-job-skills development and mentorship of HCWs on breast cancer screening, diagnosis and management	OJT and Mentorship for HCWs	60% of HCWs mentored	CHAK Report	Quarterly	Reports available



		1.2.4 :BRONCHIAL	. ASTHMA		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 4.0: To improve the quality of care and treatment of bronchial asthma in CHAK MHUs		50 MHUs offering comprehensive management for bronchial asthma by 2022	CHAK reports	Annually	Data captured
Output 1.0: Education to the community on asthma, allergens and allergic conditions	Awareness and education will be carried out in the community by DPEs and CHWs during community congregations' e.g. chief baraza meetings, celebrations (weddings, burials), open market areas, social welfare group meetings etc. RLs will sensitize the community on asthma during church congregations and pastoral activities.	1,000,000 reached with health messages	MOH 514 (CHW service log book)	Monthly	Reports available
Activity 1.0: Sensitize CHWs and RLs on bronchial asthma	Focused community education and disease awareness creation	250 CHWs sensitized 100 RLs sensitized	Training report	Quarterly	Reports available
Output 2.0: Improve access to early diagnosis and treatment for bronchial asthma through supporting MHUs	Improve the Screening and early diagnosis of bronchial asthma in the community and the MHUs	Number of Asthma patients on treatment	MOH 204A (Under 5 Outpatient Register) MOH 204B (Over 5 Outpatient Register)	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 2.0: Train HCWs on bronchial asthma screening, diagnosis, management and referral mechanisms	The health care workers in MHUs are trained in screening, diagnosis, referral mechanisms and management for bronchial asthma	300 HCWs trained	Training reports	Quarterly	Reports available
Activity 2.1: CHAK engagement in Public-Private partnerships to support MHUs access affordable, quality medicines and equipment for bronchial asthma management to assure continuous supply.	Development partners support health and health related interventions	50 MHUs with medicines and equipment Number of clients screened, diagnosed and managed	MOH 204A (Under 5 Outpatient Register) MOH 204B (Over 5 Outpatient Register)	Monthly	Data captured
Activity 2.2: On-job-skills development and mentorship of HCWs on bronchial asthma management	OJT and Mentorship for HCWs	60% of HCWs mentored	Mentorship reports	Monthly	Data captured



		1.2.5 :HEALTH FOR	THE AGED		
Goal: To improve the Health Related Quality of Life (HRQoL) for the aged	The ageing population continues to live longer lives and face a myriad of challenges concerning their social welfarenutrition and housing, health especially NCDs and associated complications of vision, URTIs, Arthritis and the need for terminal		CHAK reports	Annually	Reports available
Outcome 1.0: To address the health needs of the aged	and palliative care Geriatric care management, is a holistic, client- centered approach to caring for older adults or others facing ongoing health challenges. Health care professionals work with families/care givers to ensure quality care and an optimal life for the aged	Number of MHUs Number of staff trained on geriatric care	CHAK reports	Quarterly	Data is captured
Output 1.0: Improve access to health services for the aged through education and awareness, screening and diagnosis	Awareness and education will be carried out in the community by CHWs and RLs during community congregations to sensitize the community on taking care of the elderly	Number of Barazas held Number of people sensitized	CHAK reports	Monthly	Data is captured
Activity 1.0: Building the capacity of HCWs on geriatric health and care for the aged	CHAK to support the capacity building in MHUs for HCWs offering geriatric health services- screening and treatment or referral for common morbidities like NCDs and URTIs	50% of staff in MHUs trained on geriatric care Number of aged screened and diagnosed for various conditions	Training reports MOH Tools CHAK reports	Monthly	Data is captured



1.3: REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING 1.3.1: ANTINATAL CARE **OBJECTIVES** NARRATIVE INDICATORS **MEANS OF** REPORTING **ASSUMPTIO** /DEFINITION **VERIFICATION FREQUENCY** NS Outcome 1 : To increase All pregnant **Increase ANC ANC** registers Quarterly Skilled staff the uptake of ANC in women attend attendance for are retained **CHAK MHUs** antenatal clinic pregnant mothers in the in all MHUs by facilities. 20% by 2022 Output 1: All the CHAK All the MHUs Number of women **ANC** registers skilled health Quarterly MHUs provide quality provide antenatal accessing ANC workers ANC services by 2022 services in CHAK care. MHUs Activity 1.1: Training, Train health care all health care attendance list Bi-Annually Funds for mentorship and OJT of workers in the workers to manage training will targeted MHUs health care workers on pregnant mothers be available. **FANC** during Antenatal trained facilities will care, all pregnant release staff women attend at for training least 4 ANC visits, get require doses of tetanus toxoid, ANC profile, ultra sound and IPT as required and nutritional support. Activity 1.2: Training of The CHVs will be Number of trained attendance list Bi-Annually Funds for CHVs on follow up of skilled in follow up. CHVs in targeted training will referral and linkage pregnant women and community units be available between the linkages to health facilities community and health facility and vice versa Activity 1.3: Provide the Number of facilities ANC registers, availability of Quarterly MHUs with equipment for provided with - facilities will be funds to inventory focus antenatal care provided with FANC FANC equipment purchase (FANC) equipment as per equipment the need such as weighing machines etc.



activity 1,4: promote the use of Mother child booklet at MCH in all MHUs	All pregnant women will be provided with Mother child booklet to monitor growth, immunization and nutrition status of the baby and mother	All MHUs using the mother child booklets	ANC registers, inventory	Quarterly	mother child booklets will be available
Activity 1.5: Integrate HIV testing services (HTS), PMTCT and TB screening at MCH in all MHUs	All pregnant women will be tested for HIV, screened for TB and managed accordingly	All women attending ANC tested for HIV and screened for TB	ANC register	Quarterly	test kits will be available
Activity 1.6: Develop/adopt and distribute ANC IEC material to all MHUs	IEC materials related to mother and child health printed and or collected from MOH and distributed to the MHUs.	All MHUs issued with ANC IEC materials	Inventory and distribution lists	Bi-Annually	funds will be available, materials will be available
Activity 1.7: Conduct supportive supervision to all the 56 health centers, 24 hospitals and 20% of the dispensaries	the facilities will be visited for technical support and mentorship	Support supervision conducted in all the 56 health centers, 24 hospitals and 20% of the dispensaries	supervision checklists, reports and visitors books	Quarterly	funds will be available, there will be security in all regions



	1.	3.2 : MATERN	ITY		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIONS
Outcome 2 : Increase skilled deliveries in the 80 MHUs (56 health centers& 24 hospitals) by 20%	All pregnant women will receive care from skilled birth attendants	Number of women offered skilled delivery and care in the MHUs	Maternity registers	Quarterly	skilled staff are retained in the facilities
Output 1: Improved maternal and neonatal care in all MHUs	All the MHUs will have skilled personnel and the necessary equipment.	All MHUs provide skilled maternal and neonatal care by 2022	Maternity registers	Quarterly	availability of skilled attendants and equipment
Activity 11: conduct facility assessment in provision and uptake of maternity services (Bemonc and EmONC) in all the 80 health facilities.	Baseline assessment will be done to assess the skills of health care workers and availability of equipment	80 facilities assessed by 2018	Baseline assessment report	Bi-Annually	Funds will be available, there will be security in all regions
Activity 1.2: Training of health care workers on Basic Emergency obstetric and newborn care (BEmONC) and Comprehensive Emergency obstetric and newborn care (CEmONC).	health care workers in targeted maternity departments trained to offer basic and comprehensive essential maternal and newborn care	All health care workers in maternity in the targeted facilities trained by 2019	List of attendance and training reports	Bi-Annually	Funds available and release of staff
Activity 1.3: Training of health care workers in Infection prevention and control in the 80 health facilities and 20% of the dispensaries	Health care workers from targeted MHUs trained in infection prevention and control	All health care workers in maternity in the targeted facilities trained by 2019	List of attendance,	Bi-Annually	funds will be available for training
Activity1. 4: Provide the 80 health facilities and the 20% dispensaries with maternity equipment.	Purchase and distribute equipment such as delivery sets, warmers, BP machines, delivery coaches.	All the targeted MHUs issued with maternity equipment by 2018	Inventory and distribution lists	Annually	Funds will be available
Activity 1.5: Develop/adopt and distribute IEC material to all MHUs	IEC material related to maternity will be printed and distributed to the MHUs	All targeted MHUs will be issued with IEC materials by 2019	Inventory and destruction lists	Bi-Annually	funds will be available, materials will be available



	1.3.3	3 :POST NATAI	L CARE		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 3: All post- natal women and their babies will receive postnatal care in all health facilities.	The MHUs will offer postnatal care as per the MOH guidelines	All women offered skilled postnatal care in the targeted MHUs	MCH registers	Quarterly	skilled staff are retained in the facilities
Output 1: All women and babies attending post- natal care receive quality care	The mother and baby receive care such as exclusive breastfeeding information, immunizations, sensitize on danger signs for prompt managent	(a)All babies attending post- natal breastfed for exclusively, immunized and examined for any abnormalities or complications within 18 months. (b) All mothers attending postnatal care examined, given health education and offered family planning methods	CWC and PNC registers	Quarterly	Skilled HCW
Activity 1.1: Train health care workers on proper management of mother and baby after delivery	health care workers will be updated on management of postnatal emergencies and conditions for prevention and management	All healthcare workers working in postnatal in the targeted MHUs trained by 2019	attendance list	Bi-Annually	Availability of funds
Activity 1. 2: training of CHVs on follow up of women and their babies, identifying complication and refer to the health facilities	The CHVs will be trained on identification of danger signs and refer accordingly.	All CHVs from targeted community units trained by 2019	attendance list	Annually	Availability of funds



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Activity 1.3: training of health care workers in essential newborn care through mentorships/CMEs and	Health care workers will be trained and updated on care of newborn to include examination of	All health care workers trained on essential newborn care by 2019	attendance list	Annually	Availability of funds
OJT in 80 health facilities (health centers and hospitals)	Mother and Baby within 48 hours after delivery				
Activity1. 4: Scale up Kangaroo mother care (KMC) in 80 MHUs through training, mentorship and OJT	The MHUs will offer kangaroo mother care whereby the newborn is placed directly on the mother skin for warmth	All the health care workers working in postnatal in the targeted MHUs trained on KMC 2018	Reports, attendant list	Biannually	staff available, funds available
Activity .15: Enhance Baby- Friendly hospital initiatives (BFHI) in 80 MHUs	Sensitize all health workers in BFHI to include immediate initiation of breastfeeding, kangaroo care.	80 MHUs offering baby friendly services by 2019	attendance list	Bi-Annually	Availability of funds
Activity 1.6: conduct facility supervision on MNH	Quarterly supportive supervision conducted for technical support, OJT and mentorship	support supervision conducted at least annually to the 80 health facilities	Support supervision report	biannually	Availability of funds
Activity1.7: Print and distribute the policy and Job aids	Job aids for quality improvement and quality assurance will be distributed	80 health facilities issued with job aids and policy documents by 2017	Report, distributed list	Bi-Annually	Availability job aids.
Outcome 4: All the under- fives receive child welfare care in all MHUs	The MHUs will provide service to the under fives	All MHUs offer child welfare services by 2019	MCH registers	quarterly	skilled staff are retained in the facilities
Output 1: To reduce childhood illnesses	The MHUs will provide child welfare services	all MHUs provide comprehensive care and treatment to the under-five by 2017	Under-fives registers	quarterly	there will be skilled staff
Activity 1.1 All children are fully immunized at 18 months	Support facilities to plan for their immunization activities including proper implementation and monitoring of the immunization schedule	100% children under-fives fully immunized by 2019	Immunization register	quarterly	vaccines will be available, cold chain will be maintained
Activity 1.2 Train HCWs in effective immunization	The health care workers will be trained on newly introduced vaccines (the new rotavirus vaccine, Injectable Polio Vaccine, Pneumonia vaccine),	All health care workers in targeted MHUs trained by 2017	attendance list	Bi-Annually	Availability of funds



Activity 1.3 Train HCWs on critical child health areas (Inter-management of childhood illness (IMCI), Emergency triage assessment and treatment(ETAT- Plus), Basic Life Support, MHUs)	HCW will be trained on management of early childhood illnesses	All health care workers in targeted MHUs trained by 2017	attendance list	Bi-Annually	Availability of funds
Activity 1.4: Support health facilities to have a functional oral rehydration treatment (ORT) and zinc corner for outpatient management of diarrheal diseases	The facilities will have ORT and zinc corners in outpatient, MCH and pediatric ward	All health facilities have established ORT and zinc corners by 2017	operational ORT and zinc corners	Annually	availability of space and skilled staff
Activity 1.5: Support quarterly facility updates and CMEs on diarrhea management standards	CMEs on management of diarrhea diseases will be conducted in the health facilities bi-monthly	Number of CMEs conducted per facility	attendance list, schedule	bi-monthly	there will be a CME schedule which will be followed
Outnut:2 : Ingrasca	The MHUs will	Number of	community	Bi-Annually	the
Output:2 : Increase community engagement in identifying, managing and referral of children with childhood illnesses in the community	support the communities to identify and refer children	community units engaged by 2020	engagement reports		community will be receptive and attend mobilization activities
community engagement in identifying, managing and referral of children with childhood illnesses	support the communities to identify and refer	community units			community will be receptive and attend mobilization



1.3.5 :FAMILY PLANNING						
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS	
Goal: To reduce the unmet need for family planning, unplanned births and disparities in contraceptive prevalence rate (CPR) and improve maternal and child health outcomes in all MHUs.	all women should access family planning services in all MHUs	increase family planning uptake in the MHUs by 10% per year	family planning registers	quarterly	there will be skilled staff, supplies and basic equipment	
Outcome 1 : To increase the uptake of family planning in all MHUs by 2022	All MHUs will deliver and monitor family planning services	To increase the uptake of family planning in all MHUs by 20% by 2022	FP registers	quarterly	Skilled staff are retained in the facilities.	
Output 1: To strengthen the MHUs to plan, deliver and monitor FP services	All MHUs will deliver FP services and increase the number of people accessing FP services	All targeted MHUs plan, deliver and monitor FP services by 2018	FP registers	quarterly	FP commodities will be available, skilled HCW will be retained in the FP departments	
Activities 1.1: Training, mentorship and OJT of health care workers on contraceptive technology update (CTU) working in FP department	Train health care workers to offer FP services	All health care workers trained on CTU by 2019	attendance list	Bi-Annually	Funds for training will be available, facilities will release staff for training.	
Activity1.2: Provide the MHUs with equipment for family planning services	- facilities will be provided with family planning equipment as per the need such as IUCD/Implant insertion sets, weighing machines among theirs	40% MHUs provided with FP equipment by 2022	inventory	bi-annually	availability of funds to purchase equipment	
Activity 1.3: integration of FP services in other departments/units	Family planning services will not only be offered in FP room but also in other departments	80% of MHUs have integrated FP services by 2022	FP registers	quarterly	There will be available commodities and willingness of staff	
Activity 1.4: Offer quality youth- friendly FP services	the MHUs will offer family planning services in conducive environment to the youth	40% of MHUs offering youth friendly services by 2020	FP registers	quarterly	The FP commodities will be available, there will be skilled staff	



Outcome 2: Strengthen community unit capacity in the MHUs catchment areas to provide FP services	The MHUs will empower the community units to provide quality family planning services at the community level	50% of community units offering FP services	FP registers, reports	quarterly	functional community units available, skilled CHVs, and availability of FP commodities
Output 1.: improved family planning services	The CHVs and religious leaders	80% of community units	reports	quarterly	the CHVs and religious
in the community	support family	offering FP			leaders will
	planning activities in the community	services by 2019			be willing to support
Activity 1.1: Training of CHVs to offer community based FP services, follow up and linkages to health facilities	The CHVs will be skilled in follow up, referral and linkage for clients who need FP services	50% of CHVs trained to offer community FP services	attendance list, reports	Bi-Annually	Funds for training will be available,
Activity 1.2: Sensitization of religious leaders to advocate for family planning services	The religious leaders will give information on FP and advocate for resource allocation for FP services	Number of Religious leaders sensitized and sharing FP information at the community	attendance list, reports	annually	funds will be available
Outcome 1. Strengthen dissemination of information and enhance learning	The MHUs participate in conferences, TWGs and peer review forums.	40% of MHUs attending conferences and other forums	reports	annually	funds will be available , conferences will take place
Output 1: Create platforms for sharing best practices in family planning	The MHUs will have forums to discuss and share best practices	Number of forums for sharing best practices and number of visits to other MHUs	Report	annually	funds will be available
Activity 1.1: Benchmarking	identify MHUs performing well in FP services for other to learn from them	12 FP benchmarking forums for MHUs by 2022	reports	annually	funds will be available



OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Goal: To improve nutritional status of the women and children through nutrition knowledge, attitudes and practices.	The nutritional status of the women and children will be improved by reduction in malnutrition, anemia etc.	Reduction in malnutrition and anemia cases by 30% of women and children access nutritional care and support in the MHUs	Nutrition registers	quarterly	there will be skilled staff and available nutritional commodities
Outcome 1 :To increases uptake of nutritional services in women and children in MHUs and catchment areas	rise in the number of women and children accessing nutrition services	20% increase of women and children offered nutritional services	Nutrition registers	Quarterly	Supplements will be available
output 1 Strengthen MHUs capacity to plan, deliver and monitor nutrition services	All MHUs will deliver and monitor nutrition services	100% of MHUs delivering and monitoring nutrition services	Nutrition registers	quarterly	availability of staff
Activity 1.1 Conduct training, OJTs and CMEs on High Impact Nutrition Interventions (HINIs) for 300 HCWs	health care workers will be trained on Nutrition intervention	3000 HCW trained on HINIs	attendance list	Bi-Annually	there will be available fund, staff will be released to attend training and CMEs
activity 1.2 MHUs hold review meetings for nutrition assessments	the MHUs will review the progress of nutrition status of the clients	100% of MHUs and hold review meetings held at least twice in a year	reports for review meetings	Bi-Annually	we will have dedicated HCW to conduct the meetings
Activity 1.3 Vitamin A supplementation is given in all MHUs as required	all children and lactating mothers will be given Vitamin A supplementation	100% of MHUs given Vitamin A supplements women and children	Nutrition A register	Quarterly	Vitamin A will be available
activity 1.4 Nutritional counseling and services incorporated in all departments	Nutritional counselling and services will be provided in all departments	90% of MHUs offer integrated nutrition services	Nutrition Registers	Quarterly	skills staff will be available
Activity 1.5 Job aids available at the facility and at the community level	Job aids will be distributed to the health facilities and community	80% of MHUs and 80% of community receive job aids	distribution list	Annually	the job aids will be available
Activity 1.6. 200 HCW trained on anthropometric measurements (muac, Z score and BMI)	The HCW will be trained on skills in to identify malnutrition.	200 HCW trained by 2019	attendance list, training reports	Bi-Annually	funds will be available for training
Activity 1.7 MHUs participate in deworming campaign every six month in schools	MHUs will carry out deworming services in their catchment areas	50% of MHUs participating in deworming campaigns	Reports	Quarterly	The dewormers will be available



OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Goal : To ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation in the MHUs	All the MHUs will have access to safe water and sanitation	100% MHUs have safe water and proper sanitation by 2022	reports	Quarterly	there will be adequate funds
Outcome 1 :To improve sanitation and access to safe water in the MHUs	The MHU will have safe water and clean environment	100% of MHUs with proper sanitation practices by 2022	Reports	Quarterly	funds are available
Output 1. Strengthen MHUs WASH practices	All MHUs will adopt WHO WASH practices	100% of MHUs Adopting WHO WASH practices BY2017	Reports	Quarterly	availability of funds
Activity 1.1: Train HCWs on evidence-based WASH messaging (including handwashing)	The health workers will be trained on water and sanitation	70% of MHUs NHCW trained on water and sanitation	attendance list	Bi-Annually	there will be available fund, staff will be released to attend training and CMEs
activity 1.2: The MHUs will be supported to develop and use WASH improvement plans	Support facilities to develop/operationali ze WASH improvement plans that ensure all facilities are properly equipped with clean water, hand washing stations, safe latrines, and proper waste disposal,	100% of MHUs have WHO WASH improvement plans BY 2020	reports	Bi-Annually	funds will be available
Activity 1.3: Support MHUs to conduct handwashing observational audits and other QI projects to boost handwashing adherence	all MHUs will ensure adherence to hand washing practices in the hospital and at the community	100% of MHUs conducting handwashing observational audits	Reports	Quarterly	funds available
activity 1.4: the MHUs will work together with the sub county to ensure clean and conducive environment	Liaise with Sub- county WASH committee for proper waste disposal in the hospital and surrounding communities	100% of MHUs with proper waste management	Reports	Quarterly	skills staff will be available



1.4 :Environmental and Nutrition health						
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS	
Reduce the prevalence of anaemia and stunting in pregnant women and children below 5 years.	All ANC pregnant mothers and children under five years screened for anemia and stunting.	Proportion of present mother diagnosed with anemia last ANC to delivery and at 6/52 postpartum. Proportion of CU5s diagnosed with evidence of stunting.	ANC and Child welfare clinic registers.	quarterly	Baseline survey to establish the level of anemia stunting for the year prior to project intervention is done	
Outcome 1.0: awareness and education on early ANC (1st trimester) and on ENA in pregnant women and infants at community level is created.	All ANC pregnant woman and mothers of CU5 reached out with awareness and education on ENA approach and on stunting.	Proportion of ANC pregnant mothers and mothers of CU5 years reached out with awareness and education on ENA approaches and on stunting.	MOH 708 and 504 environmental register.	Quarterly	comparison. The MOH 508 and 504 registers will be available and used regularly.	
Output 1: Essential Nutritional Actions approach to control Iron Deficiency Anemia in Pregnancy and infants is initiated.	All pregnant women and breast feeding mothers (BFM) are put on ENA approach for mother and infant.	Proportion of pregnant woman and BFM initiated on ENA approach.	ANC and PNC register	Quarterly	IFAS and other micronutrients are available from County health services.	
Activity 1.1:	The CHVs liked to the HF are trained in community and supported to offer	a) The proportion of HF with their CHVs trained on ENA and stunting in CU5s	a) Training reports	Monthly	The project regions have CUs with CHWs.	
	education of anemia and supersulting in awarent pregnant mothers and CU5.	b) # of CHVs trained and supported to offer awareness and education on IDA and stunting at the community level.	MOH 808			
Activity 1.2:	The MNCH HCWs in the HF are trained on ENA approach to reduce IDA in pregnancy and infants.	a) # of health care workers trained in ENA. b) Proportion of HF with HCWs trained in ENA approach.	Training reports	Monthly	The trained HCWs remain at the HF.	



Activity 1.3:	Awareness and education on anemia and stunting in pregnant women and CU5 is carried out in the communities by CHVs and at the HF by HCWs.	# of people reached out with A&E on IDA and stunting at the community and HF levels.	MOH 708	Monthly	
Activity 1.4:	Health facilities initiate pregnant women and CU5 on the ENA package to reduce IDA.	# Of pregnant women and CU5s on the ENA package to reduce IDA.	ANC register	Monthly	
Outcome 2: contribute to reduce the prevalence of stunting in children under five years.	All MHUs in eastern region institute HINI and interventions to mitigate against EE/IE to reduce the prevalence of stunting from the 44% to 30% in CU5s by 2022.	Percentage reduction in prevalence of stunting for CU5s in the regions served by the CHAK MHUs.	The MOH 204A register for the CU5s.	half yearly	Weather conditions for remain favorable for food production at communities.
Output 2: Reduced causes of environmental and infectious enteropathy (EE/IE) e.g. diarrheadiseases in children under 5.	Awareness and education on causes and prevention of enteropathy stunting at all CHAK MHUs and the community they serve is undertaken.	Proportion of CHAK MHUs in the project region offering awareness and education at ANC, PNC, and at community level.	MOH 708	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1:	CHVs in project sites are trained in prevention of in/non-infective enteropathy at the community.	a) # of CHVs trained on prevention of enteropathy b) Proportion of HF with trained CHWs to create A&E at the community.	training reports	Quarterly	Trained HCWs retained in HFs.
Activity 1.2:	Train HCWs in prevention and management of infective and non-infective enteropathies.	Proportion of HF with HCWs trained in the management of enteropathies.	Training reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.3:	CHVs undertake Community awareness and education on complications of stunting, prevention of environmental / infective courses of enteropathy and stunting.	a) # People reached with awareness and education on community aspects of prevention of stunting.	MOH708	Quarterly	



					CALL ASSOCIATION
	Health Facilities effectively managing infective and non-infective enteropathies to improve nutrient absorption.	# Cases of enteropathies managed at facilities	MOH 204	Quarterly	
	Primary School health programmes strengthened to scale up prevention of infective enteropathy targeting CU5s	Proportion of primary schools with a functional school health programme targeting the Pre-school classes.	MOH 708	Quarterly	
Output 2: Improved nutritional intake for pregnant mother, infants and CU5s	Pregnant mothers, parents/guardians of CU5s given education on balanced diets necessary for proper growth and development at both the HF and communities.	Pregnant women reached out with A&E on balanced diets for pregnant woman and parents/care givers of CU5s.	MOH 708	Quarterly.	
Activity 1.1:	Nutritional demonstration centers/ corners set out in HF and communities to educate mothers and caregivers on balanced diet for pregnant woman and CU5s	a) Proportion of HF that have set up nutritional demonstration centres # of Nutritional demonstration centres set up at the communities centres. b) # of clients who have been served at the nutritional demonstration centres at the HF and at communities.			
Outcome 3 :BUILD the capacity of MHUs to conduct nutritional assessments of CU5	MHUS are empowered to undertake nutrition assessment by provision of proper equipments	Proportion of HF providing nutritional assessment services by 2022	Facility reports	Annually	Available of funds
Output 1:Procure anthropometric equipments for assessment of malnutrition and in CU5 for accurate determination recording of stunting	All HF and CHWs are trained to use and supplied with anthropometric equipment measuring equipment for assessment of nutritional status of mothers and CU5s for accurate recording and reports.	a) Proportion of HF supported with the anthropometric measuring tools for assessing the nutritional status of pregnant women and CU5s. a) b) # of CHV supplied with simple anthropometric tools for s=assessing nutritional status at community level	MOH 708 and 204	Quarterly	



	1.5: Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVCs)						
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS		
Goal:To ensure that Orphans and Vulnerable, Children are protected and supported in order to achieve their full potential.	All (100 %) CHAK MHUs undertaking HIV and AIDS programmes have a robust OVC programme	Proportion of CHAK MHUs offering HIV and AIDS treatment and care that have a robust OVC programme.	OVC REGISTERS	Quarterly			
Outcome 1: OVC support and care services are	All enrolled OVCs are liked up to a supportive HH or	1. # of enrolled OVCs	OVC registers	Quarterly			
strengthened by anchoring the OVCs to supporting households (HH) or families in community for better care and retention.	family in order to promote family based care and support and improve retention.	2. Proportion of OVCs that have been settled accommodating household or family in the community					
Output 1: Increased number of households taking care of OVC	OVCs are identified and registered in the project sites.	# of OVCs identified and registered at the health facility.	OVC register	Quarterly			
enrolled in social safety net systems.	, ,	Proportion of the HF facilities that have identified and registered OVCs	OVC register	Quarterly			
Activity 1.1: OVCs are identified and enrolled in the project sites.	All CHAK HFs with HIV/AIDS treatment and care identify and register OVCs in the programme	Proportion of HF that have identified and enrolled OVCs. # of OVCs identified and enrolled.					
Activity 1.2: Social safety net for OVCs in families in place	All the OVCs are linked up to supporting households (HH) or families in the community.	Proportion of enrolled OVCs that have been linked up with HH or family in the community for support.	OVC register	Quarterly			
Output 2: Capacity of HH and care giver families improved to strengthen the social	Economic capacity of the households is strengthened by promoting income	Proportion of HH/Families trained on micro-enterprise development.	Training register	Quarterly			
safety net for the OVCs.	generating micro- enterprise development for OVC caregivers.	Proportion of HH/Families that have developed income generating microcenter prices.	OVC Register	Quarterly			
Activity 1.1: The capacity of care giver HH / Families in financial and microenterprise management is	All the care giver HH/families are trained in financial and micro-	Proportion of HH trained in the micro -enterprise start-up and management.	Training reports	Quarterly			
strengthened.	enterprise management and linked up with miro- enterprice lending institutions for start- up financing	Proportion of HH/Families that have linked with microfinance lending institutions and funded to start a micro- enterprise.	OVC Register	Quarterly			



Outcome 2: Increased number of OVC taken care of within family set up and retained in these families throughout their childhood period	All enrolled OVCs have greater access to essential services including education, health care, nutrition, birth registration, legal aid, and reproductive health	1. Proportion of enrolled OVCs receiving at least 3 essential services and 2. Proportion of households offering at least three essential services	OVC Register,	Quarterly
Output 1: The capacity of HH /families to drive succession planning for OVCs is built.	All OVCs receiving essential services in the HH /families at the communities.	Proportion of HH / families offering at least three OVC essential services. The proportion of	Training reports and OVC register. OVC register	Quarterly Quarterly
		HH/Families supporting OVCs to access at least 3 OVC essential services.	OVC register	Quarterly
Activity 1.1 Care givers and OVCs capacity to effect Succession planning is built.	HH/families are trained and mentored on managing succession and also put in place Succession planning in favor of OVCs.	# of HH/families that have put in place succession plans in favor of OVCs.	OVC register	Quarterly
Activity .1.2 Capacity of OVC care givers to care and protect OVC is built.	HH/families are trained to offer parenting, financial	# OVCs receiving at least three of these essential services.	OVC register	Quarterly
	management, nutrition and health, legal affairs, sexual and reproductive health and gender concerns to OVCs.	# of HH/families trained and mentored on offering essential OVC services.	OVC register	Quarterly
Output 2. Forum for OVCs formed and strengthened to support	OVC PSSGs and networks of families are formed and	# of OVC PSSGs and family networks formed.	OVC register	Quarterly
psychosocial network and experience to promote confidence and retention.	strengthened and IEC materials for OVC care and protection, reproductive health and HIV/AIDS risks and prevention education and other issues are shared.	# OVCs enrolled in the PSSGs, and attending group meetings.	OVC register	Quarterly
Activities 1.1 OVC PSSGs and family networks are formed.	OVC PSSGs and network of families formed used to support OVC education, and support services.	# Of PSSGs groups and family networks formed. # of OVCs enrolled into the PSSGs.	OVC register OVC register	Quarterly

Outcome 3: A supportive environment for OVCs, caregiver HH/ families to create awareness on OVC issues through advocacy and social mobilization campaigns.	Communities, HH and families and other communities based players raising awareness to improve the plight, human and legal rights of OVCs.	# of community and county leader's forums convened to discuss maters on OVCs. # Proportion of trained community and county leaders supporting and leading campaigns to a deal with OVCs issues.	MOH 708	Quarterly
Output 1: Increased # of leaders engaged in campaigning for reduction of stigma and discrimination.	Capacity of local leaders to support and lead campaigns on the rights of OVCs including reduction of stigma and discrimination is built.	# of local community and administrative leaders trained and sensitized to support the rights and plight of OVCs at the community.		Quarterly
Activity 1: Capacity of county and local leaders on OVC issues and impact of stigma and discrimination to the families and society is built.	County administration and local leaders, are trained and sensitized OVC issues and impact of stigma and discrimination to the families and society.	# of county and local leaders trained and sensitized of maters of OVCs.	Training reports.	Quarterly
Output 2: Increased public awareness on the situation of OVC and dangers of stigma and discrimination	Public awareness and support for OVCs issues in improved at the community level.	# Of forums health by the local and county administration discussing mater pertaining to OVCs.	MOH 708	Quarterly
Activity 1.1 Public awareness on the plight of OVCs is raised within the communities and welfare	Partnership with the media and local administration engagement is	# Of media campaigns and engagement done to height issues on OVCs.	MOH 708	Quarterly
institutions	promoted to highlight issues of OVCs including, stigma and discrimination, succession and education	# Of forums health by the local and county administration discussing mater pertaining to OVCs.	MOH 708	Quarterly



		1.6:MENTAL HI	EALTH		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Goal : To prevent and manage mental health illnesses in all MHUs and the catchment areas	24 hospitals wii offer mental health services	24 hospitals offer mental health services by 2022	reports	Quarterly	there will be adequate funds
Outcome 1 :To reduced burden of mental health illnesses	24 hospitals diagnose, treat and rehabilitate patients with mental health illnesses	24 MHUs provide mental health services by 2022	Reports	Quarterly	funds are available
Output 1. Promote mental health and prevent mental health illness and disorders	All MHUs will adopt Mental act	24 of MHUs adopting mental health act by 2020	Reports	Quarterly	availability of funds
Activity1.1 Sensitize health care workers on prevention, management and rehabilitation of patients with mental conditions	Health care workers will be sensitized on care and management of patients with mental illnesses	48 health care workers sensitized on mental health by 2018	Attendance list, report	annually	funds availability
Activity 1.2: strengthen MHUs to offer comprehensive and integrated mental health services	everyone should benefit from the best possible measures to promote mental health	24 of MHUs offer mental health services	Reports	Bi-Annually	MHUs will be receptive
Activity 1.3: conduct community sensitization on causes, management and prevention of mental health illnesses and reduce stigma	MHUs sensitize the community on mental health	48 community units sensitized	Attendance list, report	annually	availability of funds
activity 1.4: promote linkage, integration and networking with partners and stakeholders dealing with mental health management and prevention	The MHUs build partnerships, linkages and networking with other stakeholders in mental health services.	24 MHUs sensitize 48 community units by 2020	reports	annually	funds will be available



1. 7 :VISUAL IMPAIRMENT							
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATIO N	REPORTIN G FREQUENC Y	ASSUMPTIO NS		
Goal: To accelerate the reduction of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions and related blindness through provision of comprehensive prevention and treatment interventions	Measures reduction in incidences of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions and related blindness	Number of reported new cases of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions and related blindness within MHU catchment areas annualy	Sub-county case summary reports, MoH 717 summary	Annualy			
Outcome 1: Increased provision of infectious eye conditions prevention messages and interventions for MHU catchment populations by 80% of baseline by 2022	Measures the capacity of MHU catchment populations to access prevention messages and interventions for infectious eye conditions	Proportion of MHUs providing prevention messages and interventions for infectious eye conditions to their catchment populations quarterly	Project Reports, DHIS	Quarterly			
Output 1: Increased provision of infectious eye conditions prevention interventions	Measures capacity of HCWs within MHUs to provide prevention interventions and messages for infectious eye conditions including hygiene promotion, routine screening for visual impairments, health education on good nutrition	Number of MHUs providing prevention messages and interventions for infectious eye conditions to their catchment populations quarterly	Project reports	Quarterly			
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs within MHUs	Capacity building of HCWs in MHUs on strategies to prevent visual impairments attributed by poor hygiene, poor nutrition bacterial and viral infections	Proportion of HCWs capacity prevention interventions and strategies for various eye conditions	Project Reports	Annualy			
Activity 1.2: Distribution of IEC materials	Printing and distribution of IEC materials on various eye conditions and prevention interventions to MHUs	Number of MHUs that have received IEC materials on eye disease prevention interventions bi-annualy	Project reports	Bi-annual			
Output 2: Increased provision of infectious eye conditions prevention messages by CHVs	Measures capacity of CHVs from Community Units (CUs) attached to MHUs to provide eye infection prevention interventions and messages including hygiene promotion, health education on good nutrition, early health seeking behavior etc. to households and	Proportion of MHUs that have CHVs capacity built on infectious eye conditions prevention interventions annualy	Annual	Annualy			



Activity 1.1: Capacity building of CHVs	Capacity building of CHVs from CUs attached to MHUs on infectious eye conditions prevention interventions and strategies for dissemination to schools and households within the MHU catchment populations	Number of CHVs capacity built on infectious eye conditions prevention interventions and strategies bi-annualy	Project Reports	Bi-annual	
Outcome 2: Increased provision of timely diagnosis and case management of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions by MHUs	Measures MHUs capacity to accurately diagnose and manage infectious and noninfectious eye diseases and visual impairment	Number of MHUs whose HCWs are able to accurately diagnose in a timely manner and manage both infectious and non-infectious eye conditions bi-annualy	Project reports	Bi-annual	
Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs	Capacity building of HCWs from MHUs on detection of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions and management and refer in a timely manner complex cases to appropriate referral centres	Proportion of MHUs with HCWs trained on early detection and management of infectious and non-infectious eye conditions and referral of complex cases annualy	Project Reports	Annualy	



		1.8: Drug and alco	hol abuse.		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Goal: Clients access quality, equitable, drug and alcohol prevention and care services that is responsive to their needs.	Drug and alcohol are enrolled identified and enrolled into a drug and alcohol prevention and therapeutic care services that are friendly, appropriate for age, and gender and responsive to their needs.	# of clients enrolled into the drug and alcohol abuse prevention and care and support services segregated by age and gender.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
Outcome 1: Drug and alcohol abuse including IDUs a and alcoholics access support and care services at regional prevention and rehabilitation centers.	Drug and alcohol prevention, care and support centers are set in three reginal centers on cost, central and western regions.	1. Clients are enrolled and receiving drug and alcohol prevention and rehabilitation centers in the reginal prevention and rehabilitation centers.	OVC registers	Quarterly	
		2. The three prevention treatment and rehabilitation centers are set up and offering services with selected CHAK MHUs.	MOH 711	6 monthly.	
Actvity1.1 Awareness and information about availability of drug and alcohol abuse prevention, care and rehabilitation services is done to create demand.	Communities referring drug and alcohol abuse clients to the regional centers for prevention, care and rehabilitation services.	# of drug and alcohol abuse clients including IDUs and alcoholics referred to the regional centers for prevention, care and rehabilitation services.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
		# Regional prevention care and rehabilitation centers set and offering services.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1.1: Regional Centers for drug and alcohol abuse prevention, care and rehabilitation are set up and are offering serves.	Regional centers are set up at the cost, Central and Stern regions to offer prevention, care and rehabilitation	# Of regional centers for drug and alcohol prevention, care and rehabilitation set up and accepting clients.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
	services for drug addicts and alcoholics.	# of clients enrolled and getting services at the regional centers	MOH 711	Quarterly	



Activity 1.1.2: Capacity of health care workers, social workers and Counsellors is built to improve quality of services Output 1.2: Programme for prevention of HIV infection between the IDUs is established.	Health care workers, social workers and counsellors are trained enable the offer prevention care and rehabilitation services. Harm reduction programme is incorporated into the prevention and	# Of health care, social and counselors trained and offering services at the regional centers. IDUs enrolled and getting services from the harm reduction	Training reports Training register	Quarterly Quarterly	
Activity: 1.2.1 The	care programme and IDUs are enrolled. IDUs are supplied	# of IDUs enrolled	MOH 711	Quarterly	
disposable syringe programme is put in place in the regional centers to promote HIV infection.	with replacement disposable needles and instructed of infection prevention procedures.	and receiving needle replacement and infection prevention support services at the regional centers.			
Outcome 2: Sexual and reproductive health services programme established to support rehabilitation and prevention of HIV transmission.	SRH services are accessed by adolescent girls and women and all IDUs to promote HIV infection prevention and family planning.	Proportion of IDUs accessing SRH services at the regional centers.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
Output 2.1 Capacity of HCWs, social workers and counsellors built to offer SRH services at the regional centers.	Social worker, Counselors, and HCWs (all referred as health care givers) are trained	Proportion of health care givers trained and givers services at the regional centers.	Training reports	Quarterly	
	on SRH	# of clients received care and services at the regional centers.	MOH 711	Quarterly	
		# of OVCs enrolled into the PSSGs.	OVC register	Quarterly	
Outcome 3: Rehabilitation services for alcoholic and drug addiction are established and offering services.	Clients with addicted to Alcohol and drugs are treated for the addition, rehabilitated and reintegrated into the society.	Proportion of clients effectively treated, rehabilitated and reintegrated into the society	MOH 708	Quarterly	

Output 3.1 Programme for treatment, rehabilitation of alcoholics and drug addicts is put in place.	Alcoholics and drug addicts are treated and rehabilitated and reintegrated back into society	Proportion of enrolled alcoholic and drug abusers treated and rehabilitated back into the society.	MOH 711	Quarterly
Activity 3.1.1: The capacity of health care givers is built to support treatment and rehabilitation of alcoholic and drug addicts	Health care givers at the regional centers are trained on treatment, rehabilitation and reintegration of alcoholic and drug addicts into society.	# of health care givers trained in treatment and rehabilitation of alcoholic and drug addicts into the society.	Training reports.	Quarterly
Activity 3.1.2: PSSGs and family networks are started to promote retention and relapse of alcohol and drug abuse.	The PSSG and family networks of alcoholic and drug addiction are created and supported to meet regularly at the regional centers.	# Of PSSSGs and family networks created to support rehabilitation of the addicts.	MOH 708	Quarterly
Activity 3.2.1 PSSGs and family networks are supported to meet once every month to facilitate exchange of	The regional centers are supported with resources to convene PSSG and	# Of meetings held by the PSSPs and # of clients attending the meetings.	MOH 708	Quarterly
experiences and for reinforcement of positive behavior change.	family network meetings to promote rehabilitation and reintegration of the drug and alcohol addicts into the society.	Proportion of clients who have been successfully rehabilitated and reintegrated into the society.	MOH 708	Quarterly



	2.0 : HEALTH SYSTEM STRENGTHENING						
	Goal : Efficient a	and Effective service	delivery in the CHAK n	etwork			
	2.1 : INSTI	TUTIONAL ORGANIS	ATION DEVELOPMEN	Γ			
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS		
	Effective g	overnance and mana	 gement in CHAK MHU	s			
Outcome 1: Functional and Effective Hospital Boards	Number of functional and effective Boards	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Reports	Annual			
Output 1.1:Capacity of hospital Boards to govern enhanced	Hospital Boards' capacities enhanced	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Annual reports	Annual	Corporation from Hospital Boards		
Activities 1.1 To participate in Board meetings for 15 hospitals	Number of hospitals Boards supported	15 Hospitals by end of 2022	Board Meetings Minutes	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals		
Activities 1.2 To facilitate induction and capacity building for new hospital Boards	Number of hospital Boards inducted	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals		
Activities 1.3 To facilitate learning/experience sharing exchange visits between hospitals	Number of exchange visits between hospital Boards	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Visit reports	Annual	requests for support from hospitals		
Activities 1.4 To disseminate to the hospitals generic policy guidelines for reference	Number of hospitals Boards supported	15hospital Boards by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual			
Activities 1.5 To review the current governance practice against best practice and give feedback to the hospital	Number of hospitals govern practices reviewed	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Report	Annual	invitation for review by hospitals identified		
Activities 1.6 To hold an experience sharing forum on best practices in Governance	Number of hospitals participating at the experience sharing forum	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Forum report	Annual			
Outcome 2: Efficient and Competitive Operations at the hospitals	Number of Facilities whose management Committee capacity has been enhanced	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Reports				
Output 1: The quality of management practice of the Hospital Administrative Teams is enhanced	Hospitals' management capacity enhanced	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Reports	Annual			
Activities 1.1 To carry out a management audit in identified hospitals and give feedback for implementation	Number of hospitals audited for best practices in management	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Audit reports	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals		



Activities 1.2 To hold Management workshops for hospitals	Number of hospital participating	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals
Activities 1.3 To facilitate learning/experience sharing exchange visits between hospitals	Number of exchange visits between hospital HATs	15 Hospital Boards by end of 2022	Visit reports	Annual	requests for support from hospitals
Activities 1.4 To facilitate MHUs in developing Strategic plans	Number of hospitals assisted in developing Strategic Plans	12 MHUs by end of 2022	Documents	Annual	
Activity 1.5 To train MHU staff in Project Formulation and Proposal writing	Number of MHUs Supported	180 MHUs by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual	
Activity 1.6 To hold financial management Workshops for hospitals	Number of MHUs participating	15 hospitals by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual	
Activity 1.7 To hold Workshops in Management Information Systems for MHUs	Number of MHUs participating	60 MHUs by end of 2022	Workshop Reports	Annual	
Outcome 3: Efficient and Competitive operations at the Dispensaries and Health Centres	Number of Facilities whose management Committee capacity has been enhanced	100 MHUs	Reports	Annual	
Output 1: The management Capacity of the facility Management Committee is enhanced	Facilities' management Committee capacity enhanced	15 MHUs	Reports	Annual	
Activity 1.1: To carry out a management audit in identified Dispensaries and Health Centres and give feedback for implementation	Number of MHUs audited for best practices in management	60 Hospitals	Audit reports	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals
Activity 1.2 To hold Management workshops for MHUs	Number of MHUs participating	180 MHUs	Workshop Reports	Annual	Requests for support from hospitals
Activity 1.3 To facilitate learning/experience sharing exchange visits to selected MHUs	Number of facilities supported to exchange visits locations	120 MHUs	Visit reports	Annual	requests for support from hospitals
Activity 1.4 To develop a strategic plan template for small facilities and support adaption by MHUs	Number of MHUs assisted in adapting Strategic Plan generic template	120 MHUs	Documents	Annual	
Activity 1.5 To hold financial management Workshops for MHUs	Number of MHUs participating	180 MHUs	Workshop Reports	Annual	
Activity .6 To hold Workshops in Management Information Systems for MHUs	Number of MHUs participating	60 MHUs	Workshop Reports	Annual	



Activity 1.2: Quality Improvement Questionnaires are developed.	Developing of Quality Improvement Questionnaires for Staff and MHUs to identify gaps.	Yearly Questionnaire send out to MHU or CHAK Staff	Questionnaires, Report	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.3 5S (Set, Sort, Shine, Standardize and Sustain) Training and Audits	Quality Audits to organize work environment.	Quarterly 5S Audits done per year.	Report, Pictures	Quarterly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.4. Qualified Personnel is assigned for Improvement of Quality at CHAK	to ensure Sustainability Qualified Personnel is assigned to improve Quality Structures at CHAK	Qualified Personnel is employed by the end of 2019.	HR Documentation	End of Strategic Planning	Qualified Personnel is available
Outcome 3/Objective: Communication/Network ing/Knowledge Transfer at all Health Care levels	Improvement of Communication structures at all Health Care Levels to enhance visibility of CHAK at the National and International Level	Number of Communications Reports, Articles etc.; Number of Participation in Technical Working Groups	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 1: Updates on new guidelines and their implications are provided	Updates on new guidelines/standard s are communicated and information distributed	Number of updates on new guidelines provided by 2022.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Guidelines are updated
Output 2: Awareness of new technologies or fields of interest for CHAK and MHUs	New technologies or fields of interest are communicated and information distributed.	Number of Personnel/MHUs informed on new technologies.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	New technologies are made available.
Activity 1.1 Quality Officer Meetings from various Health Facilities	trained Quality Officers of Health Facilities continue training on interested topics and assess each other	Quality Officer Meeting twice per year at various Health Facilities	Invitation Letters, Report, Program, Participation Lists etc.	Yearly	Assigned staff is interested in Quality officer meetings
Activity 1.2. Annual Health Conference - Session on Quality of Health Care - Best Practices of MHUs	Selected MHUs present best practices and improvement of Quality of Health Care	at least 2 Health Facility presents Quality of Health Care Improvements at the CHAK Annual Health Conference	Program, Presentations etc.	Yearly	Assigned representativ e of Health Facility



Activity 1.2: Quality Improvement Questionnaires are developed.	Developing of Quality Improvement Questionnaires for Staff and MHUs to identify gaps.	Yearly Questionnaire send out to MHU or CHAK Staff	Questionnaires, Report	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.3 5S (Set, Sort, Shine, Standardize and Sustain) Training and Audits	Quality Audits to organize work environment.	Quarterly 5S Audits done per year.	Report, Pictures	Quarterly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.4. Qualified Personnel is assigned for Improvement of Quality at CHAK	to ensure Sustainability Qualified Personnel is assigned to improve Quality Structures at CHAK	Qualified Personnel is employed by the end of 2019.	HR Documentation	End of Strategic Planning	Qualified Personnel is available
Outcome 3/Objective: Communication/Network ing/Knowledge Transfer at all Health Care levels	Improvement of Communication structures at all Health Care Levels to enhance visibility of CHAK at the National and International Level	Number of Communications Reports, Articles etc.; Number of Participation in Technical Working Groups	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 1: Updates on new guidelines and their implications are provided	Updates on new guidelines/standard s are communicated and information distributed	Number of updates on new guidelines provided by 2022.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Guidelines are updated
Output 2: Awareness of new technologies or fields of interest for CHAK and MHUs	New technologies or fields of interest are communicated and information distributed.	Number of Personnel/MHUs informed on new technologies.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	New technologies are made available.
Activity 1.1 Quality Officer Meetings from various Health Facilities	trained Quality Officers of Health Facilities continue training on interested topics and assess each other	Quality Officer Meeting twice per year at various Health Facilities	Invitation Letters, Report, Program, Participation Lists etc.	Yearly	Assigned staff is interested in Quality officer meetings
Activity 1.2. Annual Health Conference - Session on Quality of Health Care - Best Practices of MHUs	Selected MHUs present best practices and improvement of Quality of Health Care	at least 2 Health Facility presents Quality of Health Care Improvements at the CHAK Annual Health Conference	Program, Presentations etc.	Yearly	Assigned representativ e of Health Facility
Activity 1. 3. Networking with Government and Private Organizations	Participation in various Technical Working Groups (e.g. Waste Management, Infection Prevention Control, Kenyan Quality Model for Health)	4 Networking Meetings with the technical working groups or private sector per year	Invitation Letters, Program, Meeting Minutes	Yearly	Regular meetings of Technical Working Groups



2.2: NATIONAL HEALTHCARE TECHNICAL SERVICES

GOAL: Ensuring High Standards in Clinical diagnosis and therapy in MHUs by 2022

OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINATION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 1: Maintenance of Hospital Equipment and Plant	Number of MHUs supported so that their Medical equipment are well Maintained and repaired, medical equipment procured and installed with proper technical assistance and users trained accordingly	420 Total number of facilities to be served by end of 2022	CHAK Annual report	Annually	All facilities to be working towards having functional medical equipments
Output 1.0 Preventive maintenance services carried in MHUs	Number of MHUs listed for PPM services	420 facilities served by end of 2022	Job Cards, Invoices and delivery notes.	Annually	NHCTS is the First Choice Maintenance shop for MHU's and Beyond.
Activity 1.1 To provide Anesthesia and Medical gases PPM services to MHUs	number of MHUs served with anesthesia and medical gases services on PPM	120 facilities served by end of 2022	Certificate of compliance and job cards	Monthly	MHUs embracing the PPM schedule
Activity 1.2 To provide Radiology and Imaging Equipment PPM Services to MHUs	Number of MHUs served with Radiology and imaging services on PPM.	180 facilities served by end of 2022	Certified PPM Schedules by MHUs	Monthly	MHUs to adopt the PPM schedule
Activity 1.3 To provide General Equipment PPM Services	number of MHUs served with General Equipment on PPM	120 facilities served by end of 2022	Certified PPM Schedules by MHUs	Monthly	MHUs to adopt the PPM schedule
Output 2.0: Adhoc Repairs and Maintenance services	Number of MHUs with Emergency breakdowns attended to both at the workshop and on site.	680 facilities served by the end of 2022	Correspondence, LPOs and LSOs	Annually	NHCTS is the First Choice Maintenance shop for MHU's and Beyond.
Activity 2.1 To Carry out Repair and maintenance services on anesthesia and medical gases systems	Number of MHUs served with Anesthesia and medical gases systems repair and maintenance services.	180 facilities served by end of 2022	job cards/Invoices	Quarterly	NHCTS is the First Choice Maintenance shop for MHU's and Beyond.
Activity 2.2: To Carry out Repair and maintenance on Radiology and imaging equipment	Number of MHUs served with repairs and maintenance of Radiology and imaging equipment.	200 facilities served by end of 2022	job cards/Invoices	Quarterly	NHCTS is the First Choice Maintenance shop for MHU's and



Activities 2.3: To Carry out Repair and maintenance on General hospital Equipment.	Number of MHUs served with repairs and maintenance of General hospital Equipment	300 facilities served by end of 2022	job cards/Invoices	Quarterly	NHCTS is the First Choice Maintenance shop for MHU's and Beyond.
Output 3. Training of users and hospital technicians in MHUs on first line maintenance	Number of Technicians and users confident in handling new specialized equipment	70 MHUs trained by the end of 2022	certificates of participation	Annually	NHCTS has the capacity
Activity 3.1: To Plan and schedule the trainings	Number of planning meetings for the preparatory work for trainings	20 meetings by the end of 2022	Time tables, invitation letters and Curricula	Biannual	MHUs management to embrace scale up grading
Activity 3.2 To carry Out trainings for Technicians from MHUs	Number of MHUs whose Technicians are Trained	120 Technicians trained by 2022	Records/List of participants	Annually	MHUs embracing learning attitude
Activity 3.3 To carry out training for users in MHUs	Number of MHUs whose Users have been trained	240 users and managers trained by 2022	Records/List of participants	Annually	Availability of funds
Activity 3.4 To sensitize MHUs management on good equipment management	Number of MHUs sensitized on good equipment management	60 MHUs Managers sensitized by 2022	Records/List of participants	Annually	Availability of funds
Outcome 2:0 Standards and Specifications for Medical Equipment &Consumables in the Health sector in Kenya	Number of Standards approved for implementation in equipment and consumables in the Health Sector in Kenya	12 Standards adopted for implementation by the end of 2022	Records of standards	Annually	KEBs invitations
Output 1.0 Draft Standards & Specifications reviewed and approved by the KEBS	Number of draft standards submitted, reviewed and approved by KEBS board	12 draft Standards by the end of 2022	Draft documents	Biannual	Invitation by the technical committee secretary
Activities 1.1: To Participate in Technical Committee Forums & Research meetings	Number of meetings to propose and/or review initial drafts to be developed towards standards	72 meetings to held by end of 2022	Minutes	Monthly	KEBs Board to convene the meetings
Activities 1.2: To submit TC initial draft to KEBs standards committee	Number of drafts submitted by TC to the standards committee for review	36 drafts submitted	Minutes	Quarterly	Hospital equipments TC Board to convene the meetings
Activity 1.3: To review the TC draft and present the final draft for adoption by KEBS Board	Number of Standards approved by the KEBS Boards and adopted through balloting.	12 Standards by the end of 2022	Number or standards	Annually	Invitation by the KEBs board



Activities 2.1: To Participate in the launching of the approved standard for implementation.	Number of Standard approved and launched for implementation	12 drafts presented by end of 2022	Draft Kenya Standards	Annually	KEBs Secretariat to convene the meetings.
Outcome 3: Safety, Quality assurance and Compliance with set standards in the use of Medical Equipment in MHUs	Number of MHUs that achieve safety and quality assurance /Compliance with regulatory bodies in the health sector (Radiation Protection Board of Kenya, Nursing Council. KMLTTB, WHO and Pharmacy & Poisons Board.)	270 MHUs certified to operate	Certificate/Annual License issued	Annually	HMUsComitm ent to quality Safe Medical equipments
Output 1.0: MHUs have easy access to radiation and anesthesia safety assessments and calibration services	Number of MHUs assessed and reports forwarded for License Issuance by RPB	540 MHUs served by end of 2022	Records	Six monthly	affordable and quality Service
Activities 1.1: To provide Radiation safety assessment and calibration services	Number of MHUs with radiology premises assessed and equipment calibrations done.	180 MHUs served by the end of 2022	Reports forwarded to RPB	Annually	MHUs to adhere to QA/QC regulations
Activities 1.2: To provide Anesthesia and Generating plant assessments and calibration services	Number of MHUS with Anesthesia Machines, generating plant and Calibrations assessed.	180 MHUs served by the end of 2022	Job cards/checklist	Annually	MHUs to adhere to QA/QC regulations
Activities 1.3: To provide services towards general Medical Equipment in accordance with manufacturers requirements	Number of MHUs operating safe equipment on electrical, pressure and vacuum(general) served in accordance with the manufacturers guidelines	180 MHUs served by the end of 2022	Job cards/checklist	Annually	MHUs to adhere to QA/QC regulations
Outcome 4: New Appropriate Equipment Procured and Installed	Number of MHUs installed with new equipment procured with benefit of technical advice	36 MHUs to be supported by the end of 2022	Mou and Contracts	Annually	Positive engagement with manufacturer s
Output 1.0: Dealership and Agency acquired with hospital equipment manufacturers	Number of partners approached for support towards user training	5 Manufactures agreed with by the end of 2022	Correspondence/Minut es	Annually	Availability of capital
Activity 1.1 To engage manufacturers on suitability of NHCTS as their local agents for selected equipment	Number of manufacturers and partners/firms engaged for dealership/partners hip	12 Firms/Partners	Records	Quarterly	Large Catchment/C ustomers



Activities 1.2: To sensitize the MHUs on NHCTS recommended line of equipment in different sections.	Number of MHUs sensitized	72 MHUs sensitized by the end of 2022	Correspondence /Minutes	Annually	MHUS to consult for technical advice
Activities 1.3: To supply, install and commission supplied equipment.	Number of MHUs supported	36 MHUs supported by the end of 2022	Delivery notes /Records	Annually	Affordable and quality equipments
Output 2. MHUs receive Equipment and training for users, and technicians	Number of MHUs benefitting from user training support	60 MHUs by the end of 2022	Correspondence /Minutes	Annually	Availability of appropriate donors and partners.
Activities 2.1: To Identify potential partners/donors interested in supporting the training	Number of potential partners approached to support user training	24 partners by the end of 2022	MoU and Certificate of Agency	Annually	Policies favoring Fruitful discussions with partners and manufacturers.
Activities 2.2: To Train National Health Care Technicians skills up grading in line with new technology	Number of specialized trainings attended by NHCTS personnel in ICU/HDU/CT Scan, dialysis and MRI machines.	12 trainings by the end of 2022	list of participants	Annually	Availability and policies of donor/partner funding
Activities 2.3: To Train MHUs technicians	Number of MHUs whose technicians are trained	120 technicians trained by the end of 2022	Certificate of participation	Annually	Availability of policies of donor/partner funding
Activities 2.4: To Train MHUs equipment end users	Number of MHUs whose end users are trained	120 end users trained by the end of 2022	Certificate of participation	Annually	Availability of policies of donor/partner funding



	2. 3 :Human Resources For Health					
Outcome 1.0 Effective and efficient HRM practices in CHAK	The practice of HRM in CHAK is effective and efficient and in accordance with Best practices in the Health Sector	Functional HRM departments/ Units in place in both CHAK secretariat and MHUs Provide technical support to 30 MHUs in the development and review of HRM policies	Policy documents	annual report		
Output 1: HR Management Policy Framework	To strengthen CHAK MHUs develop and implement HRM policies	30 MHUs supported to develop/ Review policy manuals by 2022 Review HRM policy documents by the secretariat by 2018	Policy documents	annually	Willingness by the MHUs	
Activity 1.1 HR management policies formalized, documented and approved by the Board/ designated	Policies should be signed off for usage	All developed/ reviewed policies	Records	annually		
Activity 1.2 HR management policies comply with employment, workplace health and safety and other legislations	Technical support to MHUs in developing generic policy areas	No. of policy areas developed and disseminated for the MHUs	Policies developed	annually		
Activity 1.3 HR management policies are reviewed on a regular basis and revised if necessary.	Technical support Periodic reviews of the Generic HRM policies to ensure compliance to changing labor environments or new developments in HR management practices	New revised Generic policy guideline by 2022	Policies reviewed	annually	availability of funds	
Activity 1.4 HR management policies are made accessible to employees.	For fairness and relevance they must be communicated and accessible to employees	Dissemination plans planned training/ Evaluations/ Documentations	Employee records	monthly		
Output 2. Right people attracted and retained	To recruit, select and orient the most suitable individuals to the organization.					
Activity 1.1: Ensure complete and approved job descriptions for all open positions	Job descriptions document the tasks and activities required of the position	Job descriptions developed and evaluated for all staff periodically	Records	monthly		



Activity 1.2 consistent and objective Recruitment process in place.	Fair and objective so that candidates, whether internal or external, are being assessed using the same criteria.	Recruitment Policy/ plan Recruitment/ deployment plans developed and disseminated for CHAK MHUs	Records	monthly
Activity 1.3 Criteria used to select the appropriate candidates established and documented	Different methods of testing candidates should be well documented.	Recruitment documentation done on a need basis	Records	monthly
Activity 1.4 All new employees offered a position sign a letter of employment that outlines the working relationship between employer and employee	An official contract of employment	Contract checklist done signed / witnessed for documentation	Records	monthly
Activity 1.5 Provide technical assistance to develop and rollout retention schemes targeting different cadres and locations	Technical support to MHUs in retention strategies	quarterly training forums for 30 MHU staff No of schemes developed	Records	monthly
Output 3.0. Well managed workplaces	Support MHUs work environment that encourages individual excellence and satisfaction	No of Customer/ employee satisfaction surveys in place in MHUs and secretariat	Reports	quarterly
Activity 1.1 All new employees oriented to the position/ institution	Process rather than activity to help new staff appreciate the new workplace/ job	Induction / orientation Plan New employee Pack in place	Records	annually
Activity 1.2 Managers and supervisors with the responsibility for managing the efforts of others provided with appropriate learning opportunities to develop their supervisory skills.	100 % of managers and supervisors capacity build to manage employee transitions	competency model/ Matrix developed and disseminated Training plan/ Budget n place	Records	annually
Activity 1.3 Work plans and performance objectives in place to identify the tasks/activities and expected results for future performance.	Work plan or performance objectives should be in place at the beginning of the performance year.	Standardized work plan / performance objectives/ Performance plan (tools) in place	Records	annually
Activity 1.4 The performance of each employee is fairly assessed, at least annually, at the end of the work plan or performance period.	Ensure The performance cycle is agreed upon to facilitate a review period	Performance Management cycle defined	Records	annually



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Activity 1.5 Methods to address employee performance issues or concerns.	Clear expectation, appropriate supervision and feedback on a day- to-day basis to avoid employee performance issues or concerns	policy Guideline for implementation of rewards and sanctions; Training plan on industrial relations	Records	annually	
Activity 1.6The organization provides competitive compensation to employees	Facilitation of a job evaluation and benchmarking to determine compensation.	Compensation strategy initiated and developed for the secretariat and MHUs by 2022	Reports	annual report	Adequate budget available
Output 4.0 Employee Relations, Wellbeing & Safe Working Environment	Wellness promotion in the workplace	No of staff wellness and welfare schemes developed and disseminated	Reports	annual report	
Activity 1.1 To provide a safe work environment	Commitment to a safe and healthy workplace, by preventing injuries and accidents, and promoting a culture of safety.	OSH policies and Guidelines developed and implemented and disseminated by 2022	Reports	annually	
Activity 1.2 supportive employee work / life balance.	A process is in place to address work/life balance on the organization's operations.	Workloads are reviewed regularly to recommend flexible work arrangements Enhanced communication with staff for feedback	Records	annually	
Activity1.3 Ensures a work environment free of harassment.	reasonable measures in place to ensure that no employee is subject to harassment from any source within the organization's governing, managing, employee, membership	A process is in place to investigate complaints of harassment of any form Developed conflict resolution policy/ whistle blowing policy	Records	annually	
Activity 1.4 To promote an inclusive workplace	regularly examines current practices to ensure that inclusivity and diversity are supported its processes	Availability of segregated social amenities, Gender sensitive policies in place	Records	annually	
Output 5.0 Training, Learning & Development	Aim is to improve organizational performance and to engage employees in their career development.	Learning and development strategy developed	Records	annually	



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Activity 1.1 Every employee's training and development needs are reviewed at least annually and plans established to address any gaps	Individual employee knowledge and skills are assessed against the standard for the position.	Individual development plans in place annually Training budget in place Procedure guidelines / review recommendations	Records	Annually	
Activity 1.2 During the development of the annual budget consideration is given to including appropriate resources to fund employee training and development.	Budgeting for staff training and development	Annual training budgets in place Management commitment to supporting staff learning and development	Records	annually	Availability of funds for capacity building
Output 6.0 HR Planning and management	systematic process of reviewing and anticipating human resource requirements to ensure that there are sufficient employees with the required skills available when needed	change management strategy	Records	annually	
Activity 1.1 The organization has a process for regularly reviewing staffing needs.	CHAK is proactive in planning for current and future staffing needs	Developed centralized health workers database (HRIS) at the Secretariat to monitor workforce inflows and outflows	System developed and implemented	annually	Availability of funds / support from ICT
Activity 1.2 Backup plans are documented to address any key employee leaves of absence	Short term and long term plans are in place to address potential gaps	Policy guideline/ statement on backups well documented	Annual budget trategic plan Funding proposals	annually	Buy in
Activity 1.3 Critical positions in the organization identified and succession plans are established	processes are in place to address succession in the event that individuals in identified positions leave or move into other positions in CHAK	Succession plan developed potential positions for transition identified	Records	annualy	Buy in
7.0 Adequate financial res	ources to support inv	estments in HRH			
Activity 1.2 Develop an HRH investment and technical assistance plan for MHU.	Use the plan to mobilize resources from the private sector and development partners in HRH	Reviewed investment options report developed by 2019	Reports	annually	Time constraints/ capacity
Activity 1.3 Strengthen the HRH practice at the Secretariat to lead resource mobilization initiatives	build HRH capacity of the secretariat	Development / HR Business process reengineering proposal developed by 2019	Proposal	annually	capacity constraints



Outcome 1/Objective: Improvement of Quality of Health Care at MHUs	Implementation of Structures to increase Quality of Health Care at MHUs	10% of Health Facilities (MHUs) are certified or have Quality Structures implemented.	Certification of Health Facilities, Center of Excellences, Quality Documentation etc.	Yearly	The Health Facility is interested in Quality Management Structures. Qualified personnel is assigned and available.
Output 1: Quality Management System developed	Health Facilities setting up a Quality Management System and/or assign Qualified Quality Personnel	40% of trained Health Facilities develop Quality Documentation	Documentation (e.g. Quality Policy, Quality Manual, SOPs, Patient Questionnaire); Quality Personnel assigned (Job Description)	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available; related Standards are reviewed
Output 2: Quality Structures are implemented	Quality Structures are organized and executed, monitored, evaluated and followed up on	40% of trained Health Facilities develop, implement, monitor and evaluate Quality Structures and qualified Personnel	e.g. Quality Officer, Quality Improvement Team, regular 5S meetings	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available; related Standards are reviewed
Output 3 : Quality Improvement Teams are formed	To increase Quality of Health Care, Health Facilities set up Quality Improvement Teams	40% of trained Health Facilities form Improvement Teams on Quality, Infection Prevention Control, 5S, Occupational Health and Safety or Waste Management or related topics	e.g. Meeting minutes, Plans, Reports	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available; related Standards are reviewed
Output 4 : Patient and Staff Satisfaction Questionnaires in Health Facilities are implemented	Patient and Staff Satisfaction Questionnaires to identify gaps in the health facilities	40% of trained Health Facilities have implemented on Patient and Staff Satisfaction Questionnaires	Patient/Staff Questionnaires	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available; related Standards are reviewed
Activity 1.1: Training/Workshop of HCW on Health Quality Management System for interested Health Facilities	Health Facilities are trained on general Quality Management System	5 Health Facilities are trained on Quality Management per year	List of Participants, Program, Report	Yearly	The health facility is interested in Quality Management Structures; Qualified Personnel is assigned.



Activity 1.2: In-House Health Quality Management Systems support for interested Health Facilities	Health Facilities are assisted to develop their own Quality Management Systems	1 Health facility is supported per year in four 1 week in house trainings and workshops	Reports etc.	Yearly	The health facility is interested in Quality Management Structures; Qualified Personnel is
Activity 1.3 : Advisory Visits to interested Health Facilities on Health Quality Issues	Health Facilities are advised on Quality Management System topics	4 Health Facilities advisory visits per year	Reports etc.	Yearly	assigned. The health facility is interested in Quality Management Structures; Qualified Personnel is assigned.
Outcome 2/Objective: Implementation of Quality Structures at CHAK	Increase of Quality through Implementation of Quality Structures	5 Quality Documents are developed and implemented by 2022	Reports, Documents	Yearly	Qualified personnel is assigned and available.
Output 1 : Quality Documents are implemented	These are Documents used to bench mark Quality Improvement in CHAK	Control of Documents and Document Master List is developed and implemented; CHAK Staff is trained on Control of Documents	Report	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 2 : MHUs Satisfaction is improved	Through Questionnaires needs of MHUS are determined and improvement possibilities of CHAK are defined.	10% of MHUs have increased satisfaction by 2022	Questionnaires, Report etc.	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 3: Staff Satisfaction is improved.	Through Questionnaires needs of CHAK Staff are determined and improvement possibilities of HCAK are defined.	50% of CHAK Staff have increased satisfaction by 2022.	Questionnaires, Report etc.	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.1. Development of Quality Documentation	Developing of Quality Documentation such as a Control of Documents Manual and trains CHAK Staff on the Documents.	Control of Documents and Document Master List is developed and implemented; CHAK Staff is trained on Control of Documents (end of 2018)	Control of Document, Training Sheet	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available



Activity 1.2: Quality Improvement Questionnaires are developed.	Developing of Quality Improvement Questionnaires for Staff and MHUs to identify gaps.	Yearly Questionnaire send out to MHU or CHAK Staff	Questionnaires, Report	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.3 5S (Set, Sort, Shine, Standardize and Sustain) Training and Audits	Quality Audits to organize work environment.	Quarterly 5S Audits done per year.	Report, Pictures	Quarterly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.4. Qualified Personnel is assigned for Improvement of Quality at CHAK	to ensure Sustainability Qualified Personnel is assigned to improve Quality Structures at CHAK	Qualified Personnel is employed by the end of 2019.	HR Documentation	End of Strategic Planning	Qualified Personnel is available
Outcome 3/Objective: Communication/Network ing/Knowledge Transfer at all Health Care levels	Improvement of Communication structures at all Health Care Levels to enhance visibility of CHAK at the National and International Level	Number of Communications Reports, Articles etc.; Number of Participation in Technical Working Groups	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 1: Updates on new guidelines and their implications are provided	Updates on new guidelines/standard s are communicated and information distributed	Number of updates on new guidelines provided by 2022.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Guidelines are updated
Output 2: Awareness of new technologies or fields of interest for CHAK and MHUs	New technologies or fields of interest are communicated and information distributed.	Number of Personnel/MHUs informed on new technologies.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	New technologies are made available.
Activity 1.1 Quality Officer Meetings from various Health Facilities	trained Quality Officers of Health Facilities continue training on interested topics and assess each other	Quality Officer Meeting twice per year at various Health Facilities	Invitation Letters, Report, Program, Participation Lists etc.	Yearly	Assigned staff is interested in Quality officer meetings
Activity 1.2. Annual Health Conference - Session on Quality of Health Care - Best Practices of MHUs	Selected MHUs present best practices and improvement of Quality of Health Care	at least 2 Health Facility presents Quality of Health Care Improvements at the CHAK Annual Health Conference	Program, Presentations etc.	Yearly	Assigned representativ e of Health Facility



Activity 1.2: Quality Improvement Questionnaires are developed.	Developing of Quality Improvement Questionnaires for Staff and MHUs to identify gaps.	Yearly Questionnaire send out to MHU or CHAK Staff	Questionnaires, Report	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.3 5S (Set, Sort, Shine, Standardize and Sustain) Training and Audits	Quality Audits to organize work environment.	Quarterly 5S Audits done per year.	Report, Pictures	Quarterly	Qualified Personnel is available
Activity 1.4. Qualified Personnel is assigned for Improvement of Quality at CHAK	to ensure Sustainability Qualified Personnel is assigned to improve Quality Structures at CHAK	Qualified Personnel is employed by the end of 2019.	HR Documentation	End of Strategic Planning	Qualified Personnel is available
Outcome 3/Objective: Communication/Network ing/Knowledge Transfer at all Health Care levels	Improvement of Communication structures at all Health Care Levels to enhance visibility of CHAK at the National and International Level	Number of Communications Reports, Articles etc.; Number of Participation in Technical Working Groups	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Qualified Personnel is available
Output 1: Updates on new guidelines and their implications are provided	Updates on new guidelines/standard s are communicated and information distributed	Number of updates on new guidelines provided by 2022.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	Guidelines are updated
Output 2: Awareness of new technologies or fields of interest for CHAK and MHUs	New technologies or fields of interest are communicated and information distributed.	Number of Personnel/MHUs informed on new technologies.	CHAK Communication Platforms	Yearly	New technologies are made available.
Activity 1.1 Quality Officer Meetings from various Health Facilities	trained Quality Officers of Health Facilities continue training on interested topics and assess each other	Quality Officer Meeting twice per year at various Health Facilities	Invitation Letters, Report, Program, Participation Lists etc.	Yearly	Assigned staff is interested in Quality officer meetings
Activity 1.2. Annual Health Conference - Session on Quality of Health Care - Best Practices of MHUs	Selected MHUs present best practices and improvement of Quality of Health Care	at least 2 Health Facility presents Quality of Health Care Improvements at the CHAK Annual Health Conference	Program, Presentations etc.	Yearly	Assigned representativ e of Health Facility
Activity 1. 3. Networking with Government and Private Organizations	Participation in various Technical Working Groups (e.g. Waste Management, Infection Prevention Control, Kenyan Quality Model for Health)	4 Networking Meetings with the technical working groups or private sector per year	Invitation Letters, Program, Meeting Minutes	Yearly	Regular meetings of Technical Working Groups



	2.5 : CC	OMMUNICATION AND	DOCUMENTATION		
Outcome 1: CHAK work and its impact documented and disseminated to relevant audiences	Internal and external communication of the work done by CHAK	50 per cent increase in the number of audience segments reached by documentation about CHAK by 2022	Reports	Monthly	Frequent activities and support by CHAK and departments
Output 1: CHAK Communication Strategy	CHAK Communication Strategy developed and implemented	One Communication Strategy developed by June 2017	CHAK Communication Strategy	2017 June	
Activity 1.1 Development of the CHAK Communication Strategy	CHAK Communication Strategy developed	One CHAK Communication Strategy developed by June 2017	CHAK Communication Strategy	Jun-17	
1.2: Dissemination of the CHAK Communication Strategy	CHAK Communication Strategy disseminated and implemented	One CHAK Communication Strategy disseminated by December 2017	Dissemination database	Dec-17	Resources are available
Output 2: Internal communication database	Internal communication database for contacts, information and graphics developed	One communication database developed by January 2017 and frequently updated with information from CHAK departments	Communication database	Monthly	Frequent activities and support by CHAK and departments
Activity 2.1: Development of communication database	Database containing contact information of all CHAK audiences developed	One communication database developed by April 2017	Database	2017 April	
Activity 2.2: Maintenance of communication data base	Communication database constantly updated	One communication data base updated	Updated database	Annually	
Output 3: Well informed CHAK network and partners	CHAK network and partners access upto-date information on the organization's work and its impact	50 per cent increase in the number of responsive communication platforms accessed by CHAK network and partners by 2022	Publications, reports, recordings and on-line pages	Monthly	Resources from projects and CHAK available
Activity 3.1: Compilation, publishing and dissemination of CHAK Annual Report	CHAK Annual Report compiled, published and disseminated once a year	Six annual reports produced by 2022	Annual report	Annually	



Activity 3.2: Compilation, publishing and dissemination of three issues of CHAK Times annually	CHAK Times newsletter used as an avenue for communication within the CHAK network and with partners	18 issues of the CHAK Times newsletter compiled, published and disseminated by 2022.	CHAK Times newsletter 6 Annual Health	Annually	
Activity 3.3: Compiling and dissemination of the reports of CHAK activities and events	Soft copies of reports compiled and disseminated to various stakeholders	of CHAK activities and events compiled and disseminated by 222	Conference Reports 18 online newsletters	Annually	
Activity 3.4: Redesign and maintenance of CHAK on- line platforms	Redesign and maintenance of CHAK Website, social media pages	CHAK Website, Facebook, YouTube, Twitter and Instagram pages constantly updated	On-line pages	Annually	Support from departments and projects
Activity 3.5: Mass media engagement	Mass media used to achieve visibility of CHAK	Six mass media engagements done by 2022	Recordings	Annually	Resources from projects and CHAK available
Activity 3.6: Contributions to partner's communication platforms	CHAK to leverage on partner publications for visibility while at the same time strengthening collaboration	18 contributions to partner communication platforms by 2022	Articles	Annually	Invitations to contribute to partner publications will be made
Outcome 2: Visibility of CHAK brand improved	Increase prominence of CHAK brand country-wide	10,000 IEC materials produced and disseminated by 2022	IEC materials	Annually	Requisite investment from projects and CHAK available
Output 1: CHAK branding strategy	Development and dissemination of a branding strategy for CHAK	One branding strategy developed and disseminated by December 2018	Branding strategy	2018 December	
Activity 1.1: Development of CHAK branding strategy	CHAK branding strategy developed to facilitate implementation	One branding strategy developed by December 2018	Branding strategy	2018 December	
Activity 1.2: Dissemination of the CHAK branding strategy	CHAK branding strategy disseminated	One CHAK branding strategy disseminated by December 2018	Dissemination atabase	2018 December	Resources are available
Output 2: Branding of CHAK	Improve visibility of CHAK among members, partners and health sector stakeholders	2,000 IEC materials produced by 2022	IEC materials	Annually	



Activity 2.1: Production and dissemination of IEC materials	IEC materials to improve visibility of CHAK among MHUs and partners	2,000 IEC materials produced by 2022	IEC materials	Annually	Demand by CHAK and projects
Output 3: Branding of CHAK in MHUs	Strengthen CHAK brand among MHUs	CHAK brand openly displayed in 25 MHUs by 2022	Branded banners	Annually	Adoption of CHAK brand by MHUs
Activity 3.1. Introduction and adoption of CHAK brand in MHUs	CHAK brand introduced and adopted by MHUs	25 CHAK banners developed and put up in MHUs by 2022	Branded CHAK banners	Annually	Adoption of CHAK brand by MHUs Availability of funding
Output 4: Marketing of CHAK	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among the public and partners	1. Three corporate bodies have partnered with CHAK by 2022 2. 12 marketing activities targeting the general public are carried out by 2022	Funded proposals, public branding e.g. bill boards, mass media supplements, on-line advertising	Annually	Availability of funding
Activity 4.1: Identify potential partners	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among the partners	Database of potential partners developed by 2017	Database	Annually	
Activity 4.2: Send out information on CHAK to potential partners	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among partners	Send out information to 10 partners by 2022	Reports	Annually	
Activity 4.3: Proposal writing	Proposals put forward to potential partners for funding	Develop 6 proposals for funding by potential corporate partners by 2022	Proposals	Annually	
Activity 4.4: Stands in relevant conferences	Marketing of CHAK to potential partners	6 Appropriately branded stands in partner conferences by 2022	Photographs	Annually	
Activity 4.5: Identify and implement avenues for public branding	Raising the profile of CHAK in communities	Implement public branding through two avenues by 2022	Photographs	Annually	
Outcome 3: CHAK resource center	CHAK resource center providing reference materials for secretariat and network	Resource center updated and maintained on Quarterly basis	Resource center	Annually	Reference materials regularly coming in from CHAK and partners
Output 3.1: Well- maintained CHAK resource center	CHAK resource center providing reference materials for secretariat and network	Resource center updated and maintained on Quarterly basis	Resource center	Annually	
Activity 1. Maintaining the CHAK resource center	Well maintained CHAK resource center	1.Resource center receiving new materials quarterly 2. List of reference	List of reference materials List of new materials received	December 2017 Annually	



Activity 2.1: Production and dissemination of IEC materials	IEC materials to improve visibility of CHAK among MHUs and partners	2,000 IEC materials produced by 2022	IEC materials	Annually	Demand by CHAK and projects
Output 3: Branding of CHAK in MHUs	Strengthen CHAK brand among MHUs	CHAK brand openly displayed in 25 MHUs by 2022	Branded banners	Annually	Adoption of CHAK brand by MHUs
Activity 3.1. Introduction and adoption of CHAK brand in MHUs	CHAK brand introduced and adopted by MHUs	25 CHAK banners developed and put up in MHUs by 2022	Branded CHAK banners	Annually	Adoption of CHAK brand by MHUs Availability of funding
Output 4: Marketing of CHAK	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among the public and partners	1. Three corporate bodies have partnered with CHAK by 2022 2. 12 marketing activities targeting the general public are carried out by 2022	Funded proposals, public branding e.g. bill boards, mass media supplements on-line advertising	Annually	Availability of funding
Activity 4.1: Identify potential partners	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among the partners	Database of potential partners developed by 2017	Database	Annually	
Activity 4.2: Send out information on CHAK to potential partners	Raising the profile of CHAK and its services among partners	Send out information to 10 partners by 2022	Reports	Annually	
Activity 4.3: Proposal writing	Proposals put forward to potential partners for funding	Develop 6 proposals for funding by potential corporate partners by 2022	Proposals	Annually	
Activity 4.4: Stands in relevant conferences	Marketing of CHAK to potential partners	6 Appropriately branded stands in partner conferences by 2022	Photographs	Annually	
Activity 4.5: Identify and implement avenues for public branding	Raising the profile of CHAK in communities	Implement public branding through two avenues by 2022	Photographs	Annually	
Outcome 3: CHAK resource center	CHAK resource center providing reference materials for secretariat and network	Resource center updated and maintained on Quarterly basis	Resource center	Annually	Reference materials regularly coming in from CHAK and partners
Output 3.1: Well- maintained CHAK resource center	CHAK resource center providing reference materials for secretariat and network	Resource center updated and maintained on Quarterly basis	Resource center	Annually	
Activity 1. Maintaining the CHAK resource center	Well maintained CHAK resource center	1.Resource center receiving new materials quarterly 2. List of reference materials in the resource center developed by December 2017	List of reference materials List of new materials received	December 2017 Annually	



2.6: MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS Effective and efficient management information systems both secretariat and MHUs by 2020 Outcome 1: Financial **CHMIS** Manual system Records MHUS will Annually implemented and and data management replaced with request for strengthened through improved in MHUs computerized the system computerized systems systems in MHUs (CHMIS)in 20 MHUs Output 1.1 CHMIS set up **CHMIS** Records Annually and ready for use in implemented and MHUS improved in MHUs Activities 1.1 Install CHMIS installed in No. of facilities with Records Annually CHMIS in MHUs MHUs **CHMIS** Output 2: Efficient Reduced cost of Reduced waiting Records MHUs adopt Mid term operations realized from papers used in the time for patients the system use of CHMIS MHUs fully Increased Contact Records Mid term MHUs adopt time for patients the system fully All MHUs assisted All MHUs has Activities .2.1: To provide Assist system users Activity log Monthly by accessing their remote support of MHUs functional remotely through internet computers remotely internet Activities 2.2 To Provide Meeting held will all No of Meetings Minutes Annually Resources MHUs using CHMIS are available onsite support to the held users Activities 2.3: Hold two Meeting held will all No of Meetings Minutes Annually Resources CHMIS stakeholder MHUs using CHMIS held are available meetings annually. Activities 2.4 Create New new modules New modules Records Annually modules in CHMIS integrated on the created on demand core CHMIS Outcome2: Efficient Systems at **Efficient systems** records **Annually** Funds are operations at secretariat and at both secretariat available Secretariat and Guesthouse and guesthouse **Guesthouse through** operating use of modern IT optimally facilities Output 1 :Secretariat and Information Activity log Quarterly Guesthouse systems technology support strengthened through which includes both Information Technology hardware and software Activity 1.1. Maintain e-Provide all Reduced network Activity log mail/Internet and LAN necessary down times services assistance to have functional system at the secretariat

Activity 1.2 Provide user

support for staff at the

Secretariat

Support users and

sorting IT issues

Reduced user

complaints

Activity log

Quarterly



Sch.					
Activity 1.3 Provide technical assistance to management when procuring ICT equipment/accessories and software	Provide technical specifications during purchasing of IT Equipment	No. of instances assistance is offered	Reports	Annually	
Activity 1.4 Continuously upgrade the computer equipment at the Secretariat in line with technology changes	Provide the requirements of the IT equipments that need upgrading and replacement.	New equipment purchased No. equipment repaired	Activity log	Annually	
Activity 1.5 Provide assistance in telephony communication at both secretariat and Guesthouse	Support users and sorting telephony issues	No. of times maintenance service is done	Maintenance contracts	Annually	
Outcome3: Efficient electronic documentation and filing system for secretariat projects	Electronic document management system installed	Alfresco in place	Activity log	Annually	Funds are available
Output 1 Secretariat strengthened with electronic document system.	Implementing an electronic system of choice in CHAK	Electronic documentation and filling system installed in CHAK secretariat by 2019	Activity log	Annually	
Activity 1.1 Implement Document management system	Alfresco document management system will be implemented.	Install Alfresco documentation system at Secretariat	Activity Report	Annually	
Activity 1.2 Train user on use of Alfresco document system	Trained users	No. of staff trained	records	Quarterly	
Activity 1.3 Provide technical assistance to users at secretariat on the use Alfresco document system.	Staff at secretariat adopt Alfresco as the main document resource	Alfresco in use at secretariat	Activity log	Quarterly	
Activity 1.4 Provide continuous check of quality of data being fed on the system	Perform data quality checks	good documents stored in servers	Activity log	Quarterly	
Outcome 4:Real time CHAK Membership Directory	Member address book in use at the secretariat	Improved membership directory	Membership directory	Annually	
output 4: Updated membership address book for CHAK	Update membership directory	Updated membership directory	Records	Annually	
Activity 1.1 Review membership directory	Update the directory	Updated membership directory	Records	Quarterly	
Activity 1.2 Align the membership address book with Kenya Health Master facility list	update the directory with master facility codes	No. of MHUs with MFL Codes on the directory	Records	monthly	
Activity 1.3 Categorize facility according to level and affiliations	Identify MHUs in each level	Updated membership directory	Records	Annually	
Activity 1.4 Segregate facilities that has been taken over by county government or other partners	identify MHUs taken by various partners	Updated membership directory	Records	Annually	



	2.7 : MONITORING AND EVALUATION						
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS		
Outcome 1: Health Management Information System	This is a data collection system specifically designed to support planning, management, and decision making in CHAK MHUs.	ALL CHAK MHUs have functional HMIS by 2022	Facility reports	Yearly	All MHUs accept to use the national HMIS system		
Output 1 : DHIS use by CHAK MHUs	The DHIS 2 is a tool for collection, validation, analysis, and presentation of aggregate statistical data, tailored to integrated health information management activities.	All CHAK MHUs using DHIS BY 2018.	DHIS report	Monthly	DHIS2 will still be in use.		
Activities 1.1:Training on DHIS use	HCW are trained on DHIS use to ensure they understand the	All CHAK MHUs trained on DHIS USE BY 2018.(300 people to be trained, 5 days)	Training reports	Bi-annually	The national HIS department will support DHIS training for CHAK MHUs		
Activities 1.2 :DHIS Access by level 4 and 5 MHUs	Level 4 and 5 health facilities with many patients are provided with DHIS2 access rights to be able to enter their facility data.	All level 4 and 5 MHUs have access to DHIS by 2017	DHIS Report	Monthly	National HIS give access code to all level 4 and 5 CHAK MHUs.		
Output 2 : Strengthen routine and non-routine Health information systems	Health information systems are the manual and electronic data capture tools	All MHUs have a well-defined Health information system by end of 2017.	Facility reports	Monthly			
Activities 1.1:MOH Data Capture tools available in CHAK MHUs	These are the primary data capture tools used by all health facilities in Kenya.	All MHUs have access to all MOH registers and CHAK reporting tools by 2017 (1000 CHAK Reporting tools printing - 1000 copies printing @ 400 each)	Facility reports	Bi-annually			
Activities 1.2 :MOH Data capture and registers use training in MHUs	The training should be done to HCW who use the tools and registers in the MHUs	70% of HCW in CHAK MHUs trained on use of various MOH registers and data capture and reporting tools (300 HCW trained, 5 days)	Facility reports	Monthly			



Activities 1.3 :Support MHUS with HMIS and EMRS in incorporating MOH data capture tools and registers in these systems	This entails ensuring all variables captured in the manual data capture tools and registers are incorporated in the electronic systems used by health facilities	All MHUs with a HMIS /EMRs have incorporated MOH registers in the different systems by 2022.	Facility reports	Annually	
Outcome 2: Harmonized, timely and comprehensive routine and non–routine monitoring systems to provide quality data in CHAK secretariat and MHUs	Well defined and functional M&E systems	By 2017 CHAK have a harmonized, timely and comprehensive routine and non- routine monitoring systems to provide quality data in CHAK secretariat and MHUs	Facility and programs reports	Quarterly	
Output 1: Strengthen data management at CHAK and MHUs	Ensuring chak has quality and consistent data all the time.	CHAK has a well- defined data management system by 2018.	Facility and programs reports	Quarterly	
Activity 1.1:Conduct periodic data quality audits and verification	Routinely checking on data integrity once data have been collected and reported in the MHUs	Data Quality Audits conducted at least annually in CHAK MHUs	DQA reports	Annually	
Activity 1.2 : Comprehensive database in CHAK secretariat	This is establishing a data repository in CHAK.	A database established in CHAK secretariat by 2017	Operation report	Annually	Availability of functional server in CHAK for data repository
Activity 1.3 : Enhanced routine data collection in all MHUs	Gathering and measuring infor mation on targeted variables in an established systematic way using those OH and CHAK data capture tools/registers.	All CHAK MHUs collecting routine data as required by MOH.	Facility reports	Monthly	Availability of resources to ensure routine data collection in all MHUs
Outcome 3 : Strengthening M&E capacity to effectively track performance in CHAK MHUs and Secretariat	Ensuring M&E is able to track performance for MHUs and secretariat	Performance report for CHAK and MHUs disseminated every quarter	Facility reports	Monthly	MHUs and CHAK Program data shared with M&E team every quarter.



Output 1 : Comprehensive M&E systems in CHAK	Establishment of a comprehensive M&E	Comprehensive M&E System established in CHAK by end of 2017	Chak operation report	Annually	
Activities 1.1: M&E standard operating procedures(SOPs) in place	The SOPs should guide in reporting procedures.	M&e SOPs developed by 2017	SOPs document	Annually	
Activities 1.2: M&E Plan	The M&E plan describes how CHAK M&E works.	CHAK M&E Plan developed by 2017	M&E plan document	Annually	
Activities 1.3: CHAK Operational Logic framework.	The operational logic framework will help in planning and implementation of the projects	CHAK M&E Logic framework developed by 2017	Log frame document	Annually	
Output 1.4: M&E support supervision	Should be done to support in data capture and reporting	Support supervision conducted at least once in 10 MHUs per quarter (3 pple , 5 days)	Field reports	Quarterly	Availability of resources to conduct support supervision.
Output 1.5: Support routine and non-routine reporting in CHAK and MHUs	Routine reports are the reports already set to be done in a specified period while the non-routine are the Adhoc reports that maybe required without prior plan.	100% Reporting rate by CHAK MHUs to CHAK and MOH by end of 2017	DHIS Reports, CHAK reports	Monthly	
Activities 1.6: Develop and maintain reporting systems at secretariat and MHUs.	Ensure a well- defined reporting system in the secretariat.	By 2017 a reporting system developed and implemented in CHAK secretariat and MHUs.	Chak operation report	Annually	
Activity 1.7 : M&E technical performance review meetings	Performance meetings to be held in CHAK secretariat	M&E technical performance review meetings held once per quarter.	Meeting reports , meeting minutes	Quarterly	Support to held meetings.
Activity 1.8 : Mid-Term and End term program evaluation	Evaluation done after 3 years to assess if the implementation of CHAK program is as expected and at the end of 6 years to evaluate if the anticipated performance has been achieved.	Mid-term evaluation conducted by 2019. End term evaluation conducted at the end of 2022.	Evaluation reports	Mid-term and End term	Availability of resources.



3.0 :ADVOCACY AND PARTNERSHIPS

		Goal:			
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Outcome 1: Effective partnerships contributing to positive health outcomes	Partnership established with different stakeholders in health including county governments, national government, development partners and other organizations implementing health programs.	Increased partnerships established by 2022	Chak annual reports	Annually	
output 1:Partnership MoU Framework with CoG and Counties developed	Having MoU framework guiding engagements of CHAK with county governments	MOU Framework developed and implemented by 2019	MOU framework. Activity report	Annually	
Activities 1.1:Engage consultancy to support MoU development process	Consultant experienced in MoU development and county engagement to help in developing the MoU.	Consultant hired and developed the MoU by 2019.	TOR for Consultancy. Meeting minutes .Consultant engagement contract.	Annually	
Activity 1.2:Hold 3 meetings of FBHSCC to identify issues for inclusion in the MoU	Fact finding meetings to ensure inclusivity of all needs when developing the MoU	3 Meetings held by 2018	Meting minutes and reports.	Annually	
Activity 1.4 :Engage Religious Leaders for their input and ownership of the framework	Engaging religious leaders when developing the MoU for their input and ownership of the MoU.	No of meetings held with religious leaders by 2019	Meting minutes and reports.	Annually	
Activity 1.5:Hold meetings with CECs for Health and CoG Secretariat to present and negotiate the MoU	These are MoU implementation meetings with CECs and CoG secretariat.	No of meetings held with CECs and CoG secretariat by 2019	Meting minutes and reports.	Annually	
Activity 1.6 :Disseminate the approved MoU to Counties, CHAK MHUs and other stakeholders	MoU implementation to all stakeholders.	Partnership MoU implemented to all counties ,CHAK MHUs and other stakeholders by 2022	CHAK report.	Annually	



Output 2:Strategic partnerships with MOH, NHIF and Regulatory Agencies of the Health Sector	Establishment of strategic partnership with MOH, NHIF and Health sector regulatory bodies done to ensure inclusivity of CHAK MHUs.	No of strategic partnerships established by 2022	CHAK report.	Annually
Activity 1: Representation and active participation in MOH structures and fora	Ensuring active participation in MOH structures, TWGs and other for a	No of fora's and active representations by 2022	Activity reports and meetings minutes	Annually
Output 3 : Strategic partnerships with DPHK, Private sector, FBOs, NGOs, UN Agencies, Ecumenical Partners (ACHAP, EPN, AACC, NCCK, WCC, CCIH)	Networking and establishing partnerships with development partners	No of Partnerships established by 2022	Activity reports and meetings minutes	Every 3 years
Activity 3.1: Periodic engagement with DPHK	Engagement with DPHK to establish partnerships and collaboration opportunities	No of engagements with DPHK by 2022	Evaluation report	Every 3 years
Activity 3.2: Maintain membership and participation in FBHSCC, HENNET, KHF, MSF, ACHAP, CCIH, WCC and CCIH	Maintaining membership and seeking new membership opportunities with other organizations to remain relevant in operations.	No of membership for a participated in by 2022	Evaluation report	Every 3 years
Outcome 2 : Advocacy for CHAK member health units recognition, involvement in policy development, planning and resource allocation	Ensuring CHAK is actively involved in various policy development engagements for recognition and resource allocation consideration.	No of Advocacy fora's done by 2022	Evaluation report	Every 3 years
Output 2. 1 : CHAK MHUs needs and concerns articulated to national and county governments and other relevant stakeholders	MHUs issues raised with national and county governments	No of engagement done with national and county government by 2022	Evaluation report	Every 3 years
Activity 2.3 : Develop advocacy strategy	Develop advocacy strategy	45 forums attended by 2016	Activity report	Annually



4.0: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE MOBILISATION AND SUSTAINABILITY

Goal: To strengthen CHAK and MHUs financial and Grant management systems to improve capacities in resource mobilization for sustainability by 2022.

4.1 : RESOURCE MOBILISATION

Outcome 1	improved capacity for	or CHAK and MHUs	to mobilize resources fr	om both local and e	xternal sources
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Output 1	proposals developed and submitted by CHAK secretariat and external sources	number of proposals developed and submitted by CHAK secretariat	funded proposals	annually	MHUs positive response to call for proposals
Activity 1.1	120 MHUs staff trained in proposal writing and resource mobilization	number of MHU staff trained in proposal writing and resource mobilization	records and training reports	annually	resources available for training
Activity 1.2	Identify 2 key personnel from each of 60 MHUs trained to be the key lead in proposal development in their respective MHUs	Number of proposals developed.	training reports	annually	positive response of the identified staff
Activity 1.3	CHAK receive 60 proposals and submit to funding organizations	number of proposals developed and submitted to funding organizations	funded proposals	annually	funding opportunities are floated every year
Activity 1.4	Train 60 staff from MHUs on identifying Income Generating Activates (IGAs)	60 MHUs trained on Income Generating Activities	Reports	annually	MHUs willingness to implement IGAs.



Outcome 2	Sustainable healthc	Sustainable healthcare financing for CHAK MHUs							
Output 1	CHAK MHUs providing comprehensive essential health care package financed by NHIF	Number of MHUs registered with NHIF	NHIF list	annually	all MHUs meet the NHIF accreditation criteria				
Activity: 1.1	To disseminate information on NHIF recruitment, accreditation and enrollment	400 MHUs receive NHIF accreditation package	Mailing list	annually	all MHUs meet the NHIF accreditation criteria				
Activity 1.2	Participate in assessments of MHUs for reaccreditation for NHIF	30 MHUs accredited with NHIF	NHIF list	annually	all MHUs meet the NHIF accreditation criteria				
Activity 1.3	Participation in NHIF forums for advocacy	Number of NHIF forums which MHUs participated	Reports	annually	all MHUs meet the NHIF accreditation criteria				
Output 2	Create awareness among MHUs on UHC	Number of MHUS providing UHC	Mailing list	annually					
Activity: 2.1	disseminate UHC information package	400 MHUs receive UHC awareness package	Reports	annually					
Output 3	CHAK MHUs linked with county governments for resource mobilization	400 MHUs linked with respective county governments	Reports	annually	county governments will support CHAK MHUs				
Activity: 3.1	CHJAK MHUs participating in county operational plans	number of MHUs participating in the county operational plans	Reports	annually	County governments will engage the FBOs				
Activity: 3.2	Lobby for resource allocation at the county level: HR support, medical and commodities supplies.	Number of MHUs receiving support from the county government.	Reports	annually	County government goodwill to support FBOs.				
Output 4	Strengthen partnership and network for MHUs for resource mobilization	6 partnership established for support of MHUs.	MOUs and Contracts	annually	Partners goodwill to support FBOs				
Activity: 4.1	To engage in strategic partnership with likeminded organizations for technical support for	6 partnership established for support of MHUs and CHAK secretariat.	MOUs and Contracts	annually	Partners goodwill to support FBOs				



4.3 : HEALTHCARE FINANCING FOR CHAK SECRETARIATE									
Outcome 3:	Efficient, Reliable ar	Efficient, Reliable and accurate financial management systems at CHAK secretariat and MHUs							
Output 1	CHAK secretariat operating with efficient financial support services	Timely and accurate financial reports prepared	financial reports	annually	resources available for upgrades				
Activity: 3.1	Preparation of master budget for the Strategic plan 2017-2022	An approved master budget by 2017	financial reports	once					
Activity: 3.2	To prepare budget specific to projects as per funding agreements	10 approved project budgets annualy	budget reports	is per agreements					
Activity: 3.3	Prepare timely management accounts reports	quarterly management reports submitted to governance structures	management accounts	quarterly					
Activity: 3.4	Prepare cash flow forecasts	quarterly cash flow statements submitted for funding	cash flow reports	quarterly	funding continuation				
Output 2	Review and upgrade finance and procurement procedure manual.	Updated Finance and procurement procedure manual	Policy Manual	Once in every 3 years					
Activity: 3.1	Revise the finance and procurement procedure manual to conform to best practices and changes in IFRS	Revised and approved Finance and procurement procedure manual	Policy Manual	Once					
Activity: 3.2	Conduct biannual staff briefings on revised finance and procurement policy manual	Number of meetings held	Minutes	Biannually					
Output 3	Upgraded financial operating systems	Number of software upgraded/ procured	Reports	annually	Funds availability				
Activity: 3.1	Upgrade payroll and pastel software	software renewal licenses	Valid licenses	annually					
Activity: 3.2	Procure biometric and Bulk payment modules for increased processing of payments and identification of beneficiaries	Number projects utilizing B2C	Reports	monthly					



Output 4	Support MHUs improve their capacity in financial management and Grant Management systems	Number of MHUs supported to improve financial management and Grant Management systems	Activity report	Annualy	Positive response from MHUs
Activity: 3.1	To conduct capacity assessment of the financial management systems of 10 MHUs every year	10 MHU's assessed annually	Report	Annually	
Activity: 3.2	Review and support financial and procurement procedure manual for 10 MHUs	10 MHUs Financial and procurement policies reviewed and operationalized.	Report	Annually	
Activity: 3.3	To make supervisory and mentorship visits to 6 MHUs for Technical support in the implementation of the Financial Management Manual	6 supervisory visits annually	Report	semi Annually	
Activity: 3.3	CHAK Internal audit unit to Support MHUs to review the internal operational systems and procedures	6 MHU's supported annually	Report	Annually	
Output 5	To strengthen 6 CHAK MHUs to effectively manage grants	Efficient , reliable and accurate grant management system	Report	Annually	
Activity: 3.2	CHAK -MHUs Grant management training	20 MHUs staff trained on grant management system	Report and list of participants trained	Annually	
Activity: 3.3	Review and support Grant Management policy.	10 MHUs Grant policies reviewed and operationalized.	Policies, procedures and SOPs	Annually	



4.4 : AUDIT							
Outcome 4 :	Timely Audit reports generated in accordance with funding agreements						
Output 1	Audited reports generated on a timely basis	number of audits supported	audit reports	periodical			
Activity: 4.1	Coordinate external financial audit for CHAK, Guest House and projects	at least 3 external audit reports	audit reports	periodic/annual			
Output 5	Support internal audit for CHAK, Guest House and projects	quarterly internal audit reports	audit reports	quarterly			



Outcome: 5	Physical Asset Mana	Physical Asset Management Improvement							
Output: 1	Well maintained and reliable asset base supporting CHAK secretariat operations	10% cost of repairs and maintenance reduced.	Assets maintained reports	annually	Availability of funds				
Activity: 5.1	Maintain asset register	Updated asset register	asset register	annually					
Activity: 5.2	Physical asset verification	Itemized list of assets verified	Assets listing	annually					
Activity: 5.2	Insurance of the assets	List and value of assets insured	Insurance certificates	annually					
Activity: 5.3	Identfication of assets that are uneconomical or unrepairable	List of uneconomical assets prepared	list	annually					
Activity: 5.4	Seek approval for disposal or donate of identified assets for replacement	List of assets recommended for disposal/replaceme nt	Minutes	annually					
Activity: 5.5	Budget for replacement of assets	Approved capital expenditure budget	budget reports	annually					
Activity: 5.6	Analyze buy or lease of motor vehicle and recommend best option for action	Approved cause of action	Minutes	annually					
Activity: 5.7	Review and recommend mileage rates for lease of vehicles.	Approved mileage rates	Minutes	annually					
Output 2	Expansion of CHAK offices	Increased office square footage	Office premises	Once					
Activity: 5.1	Feasibility study for expansion of current CHAK offices, lease or development of new premises.	Approved plan	Study report	Once					
Activity: 5.2	Development of proposals to fund the recommended options in (5.1 above)	Funded proposal	funded proposal	once					



Outcome: 6	Support CHAK Gues	Support CHAK Guest House as an Income Generating Unit							
Output: 1	Consistent return on investment from Guest operations	% of funds received from Guest house supporting CHAK core operations	Income and Expenditure reports	annually	The business remain profitable				
Activity: 6.1	Support governance meetings quarterly	Number of governance meetings	Minutes	quarterly					
Activity: 6.2	Support of business operations: Budgets, Payments and management accounts.	efficient and effective operating systems established	Policies, procedures and SOPs	annually					
Activity: 6.3	Coordinate internal and external financial audit for the Guest House.	Annual audit completed on time	audit reports	annually					
Outcome: 7	Well Established Fu	nctional Business Ur	nit	•	·				
Output: 1	Functioning Business Unit	Business Unit	Business Unit	Annualy	Management Support				
Activity: 7.1	Approval to establish a business development unit at CHAK secretariat	Functional Business Unit established	Business Unit						
Activity: 7.2	Staff identification and or Recruitment for the newly established business development Unit	Number of staff assigned to the units	Staff Contracts, Job descriptions	Annualy					
Activity: 7.3	Establish strategic networks and partnerships for proposal development and funding opportunities			Annualy					
Activity: 7.4	Proactively identify, respond and lobby for funding opportunities.	% Increase of developed and funded proposals	Funded Proposals	Annualy					
Activity : 7.5	Establish strategic networks and partnerships for proposal development and funding opportunities	12 MHUs supported	Funded Proposals	Annualy					
Outcome 8		untable governance	and management struct	tures	•				
Output 1	Strengthened governance at CHAK secretariat	Functional and accountable governance structure	Minutes	quarterly	There is a calendar of meetings, Board members appointed				



Activity 1.1	Hold structured meetings of CHAK, Finance, EXCO, Tender, Trustees	#of meetings held	Minutes	quarterly	There is a calendar of meetings, Board members appointed
Activity 1.2	Hold CHAK Annual General meetings every year	AGM meetings	Minutes	Yearly	
Activity 1.3	CHAK Secretariat staff meetings, Management, Staff devotions, Annul planning, Procurement, welfare	# of meetings held	Minutes	monthly	
Activity 1.4	Represent CHAK in MEDS meetings, CHAK Guesthouse and other sister organizations structured meetings	# of meetings held	Minutes	monthly	CHAK Management remain appointed representativ es in those boards
Activity 1.5	Represent CHAK in Member Health Units Boards and articulate CHAK stand on health issues	# of MHU board meetings attended	Minutes/Reports	quarterly	CHAK Management remain appointed representativ es in those boards



5.0 :MONITORING AND EVALUATION, CAPACITYBUILDING AND RESEARCH 1:MONITORING AND EVALUATION **OBJECTIVES NARRATIVE INDICATORS MEANS OF** REPORTING **ASSUMPTIO** /DEFINITION **VERIFICATION FREQUENCY** NS Outcome 1: Health This is a data **ALL CHAK MHUs Facility reports** All MHUs Yearly Management collection system have functional accept to **Information System** specifically **HMIS by 2022** use the designed to national support planning, HMIS system management, and decision making in CHAK MHUs. Output 1: DHIS use by The DHIS 2 is a tool All CHAK MHUs DHIS report Monthly DHIS2 will **CHAK MHUs** for collection. using DHIS BY still be in use. validation, analysis, 2018. and presentation of aggregate statistical data, tailored to integrated health information management activities. Activities 1.1:Training on HCW are trained on All CHAK MHUs The national Training reports Bi-annually DHIS use DHIS use to ensure trained on DHIS HIS they understand the USE BY 2018.(300 department people to be will support DHIS training trained, 5 days) for CHAK MHUs Activities 1.2 :DHIS Level 4 and 5 health All level 4 and 5 **DHIS Report** Monthly National HIS facilities with many Access by level 4 and 5 MHUs have access give access MHUs patients are to DHIS by 2017 code to all provided with level 4 and 5 DHIS2 access CHAK MHUs. rights to be able to enter their facility data. Health information Output 2: Strengthen All MHUs have a Facility reports Monthly routine and non-routine well-defined Health systems are the Health information manual and information system systems electronic data by end of 2017. capture tools Bi-annually Activities 1.1:MOH Data These are the All MHUs have Facility reports Capture tools available in primary data access to all MOH capture tools used **CHAK MHUs** registers and by all health **CHAK** reporting tools by 2017 facilities in Kenya. (1000 CHAK Reporting tools printing - 1000 copies printing @ 400 each) 70% of HCW in Activities 1.2: MOH Data The training should Facility reports Monthly capture and registers use be done to HCW **CHAK MHUs** training in MHUs who use the tools trained on use of various MOH and registers in the Activities 1.2: MOH Data The training should 70% of HCW in Facility reports Monthly capture and registers use be done to HCW **CHAK MHUs** who use the tools trained on use of training in MHUs and registers in the various MOH MHUs registers and data capture and reporting tools (300 HCW trained, 5

days)



Outcome 3 : Strengthening M&E capacity to effectively track performance in CHAK MHUs and Secretariat	Ensuring M&E is able to track performance for MHUs and secretariat	Performance report for CHAK and MHUs disseminated every quarter	Facility reports	Monthly	MHUs and CHAK Program data shared with M&E team every quarter.
Activity 1.3 : Enhanced routine data collection in all MHUs	Gathering and measuring infor mation on targeted variables in an established systematic way using those OH and CHAK data capture tools/registers.	All CHAK MHUs collecting routine data as required by MOH.	Facility reports	Monthly	Availability of resources to ensure routine data collection in all MHUs
Activity 1.2 : Comprehensive database in CHAK secretariat	This is establishing a data repository in CHAK.	A database established in CHAK secretariat by 2017	Operation report	Annually	Availability of functional server in CHAK for data repository
Activity 1.1:Conduct periodic data quality audits and verification	Routinely checking on data integrity once data have been collected and reported in the MHUs	Data Quality Audits conducted at least annually in CHAK MHUs	DQA reports	Annually	
Output 1: Strengthen data management at CHAK and MHUs	Ensuring chak has quality and consistent data all the time.	CHAK has a well- defined data management system by 2018.	Facility and programs reports	Quarterly	
Activities 1.3 :Support MHUS with HMIS and EMRS in incorporating MOH data capture tools and registers in these systems Outcome 2: Harmonized, timely and comprehensive routine and non-routine monitoring systems to provide quality data in CHAK secretariat and MHUs	This entails ensuring all variables captured in the manual data capture tools and registers are incorporated in the electronic systems used by health facilities Well defined and functional M&E systems	All MHUs with a HMIS /EMRs have incorporated MOH registers in the different systems by 2022. By 2017 CHAK have a harmonized, timely and comprehensive routine and non- routine monitoring systems to provide quality data in CHAK secretariat and MHUs	Facility and programs reports	Annually Quarterly	



Output 1 : Comprehensive M&E systems in CHAK	Establishment of a comprehensive M&E	Comprehensive M&E System established in CHAK by end of 2017	Chak operation repo	Annually	
Activities 1.1: M&E standard operating procedures(SOPs) in place	The SOPs should guide in reporting procedures.	M&e SOPs developed by 2017	SOPs document	Annually	
Activities 1.2: M&E Plan	The M&E plan describes how CHAK M&E works.	CHAK M&E Plan developed by 2017	M&E plan documen	Annually	
Activities 1.3: CHAK Operational Logic framework.	The operational logic framework will help in planning and implementation of the projects	CHAK M&E Logic framework developed by 2017	Log frame documen	Annually	
Output 1.4: M&E support supervision	Should be done to support in data capture and reporting	Support supervision conducted at least once in 10 MHUs per quarter (3 pple , 5 days)	Field reports	Quarterly	Availability of resources to conduct support supervision.
Output 1.5: Support routine and non-routine reporting in CHAK and MHUs	Routine reports are the reports already set to be done in a specified period while the non-routine are the Adhoc reports that maybe required without prior plan.	100% Reporting rate by CHAK MHUs to CHAK and MOH by end of 2017	DHIS Reports, CHA reports	Monthly	
Activities 1.6: Develop and maintain reporting systems at secretariat and MHUs.	Ensure a well- defined reporting system in the secretariat.	By 2017 a reporting system developed and implemented in CHAK secretariat and MHUs.	Chak operation repo	Annually	
Activity 1.7 : M&E technical performance review meetings	Performance meetings to be held in CHAK secretariat	M&E technical performance review meetings held once per quarter.	Meeting reports , meeting minutes	Quarterly	Support to held meetings.
Activity 1.8 : Mid-Term and End term program evaluation	Evaluation done after 3 years to assess if the implementation of CHAK program is as expected and at the end of 6 years to evaluate if the anticipated performance has been achieved.	Mid-term evaluation conducted by 2019. End term evaluation conducted at the end of 2022.	Evaluation reports	Mid-term and End term	Availability of resources.



		5.2: CAPACITY B	UILDING		
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS
Goal: To build knowledge, attitude and skills of CHAK secretariat and MHU staff in their areas of expertise for performance improvement.	Measures the technical capacity of CHAK secretariat and MHU staff to effectively and efficiently deliver in their program areas	Proportion of CHAK secretariat and MHU staff that are technically competent in their respective program areas	HRCI database	Annual	
Outcome 1: Increased identification of capacity building needs of CHAK secretariat and MHU staff by 80% of baseline by 2022	Describes the ability in identification of the capacity building needs of Secretariat and MHU staff by using the Human Resource Capacity Improvement database	Number of secretariat and MHU staff with identified capacity building needs	HRCI database	Bi-annual	
Output 1: Human Resource Capacity Improvement (HRCI) database developed	Development of a Human Resource Capacity Building database that contains a record of MHU and Secretariat capacity built in relevant areas, as well as those identified in need of various capacity improvement needs	Existence of a HRCI database by 2017	HRM report	Annual	
Activity 1.1: Development of a Human Resource Capacity Improvement database	Liaise with HMIS in development of a Human Resource Capacity Improvement database	Existence of an operational Human Resource Capacity Improvement database by 2017	HRM report	Annual	
Activity 1.2: Conduct needs assessment	Needs assessment to be conducted to identify capacity building needs of CHAK secretariat and MHU staff	Proportion of MHUs with capacity building assessment need for their staff conducted annualy	Needs assessment report	Annual	
		Proportion of CHAK secretariat technical staff with documented assessment of their capacity building needsannualy	Needs assessment report	Annual	



Outcome 2: Increased Performance improvement of all CHAK secretariat staff by 90% of the baseline in their areas of expertise by 2022	Measures the performance improvement of CHAK secretariat staff in their technical areas	Proportion of secretariat staff with documented improvement in performance in their areas of technical expertise annualy	HRCI database	Annual
Output 1: Increased utilization of staff performance appraisal tool to 100%	Annual performance appraisal of all secretariat staff by their supervisors	Proportion of secretariat staff that have received annual performance appraisal reports from their supervisors annualy	Performance appraisal reports	Annual
Activity 1.1. Implement use of staff performance appraisal report as a contract renewal requirements	Enforce the use of staff performance appraisal report as a contract renewal requirements	Proportion of staff with documented performance appraisal reports and improvement plans	Performance appraisal reports and improvement plans	Annual
Output 2: Increased enrolment to relevant courses	Initiative by secretariat staff to enroll in relevant courses in their areas of expertise	Number of secretariat staff that have enrolled in relevant courses annualy	Performance appraisal reports	Annual
Activity 1.1. Enrolment by secretariat staff for relevant courses	Provide support to secretariat staff to enroll for relevant courses	Percentage of staff that have been supported to enroll in relevant courses annualy	HRCI database	Annual
Output 3: Increased adherence of secretariat staff to renewal of certification and licensure requirements by their relevant professional bodies	Measures the adherence of secretariat technical staffs to their relevant professional certification and licensure requirement	proportion of secretariat staff that have renewed their certification with the relevant professional bodies	HRCI database	Annual
Activity 1.1: Incorporate certification requirement in HR policy	Incorporate in HR policy, certification requirement of secretariat staff by relevant professional bodies	Certification and licensure requirement incorporated into the HR policy document by 2017	HR policy document	Annual
Activity 1.2: Allocation of technical responsibility to certified technical staff only	Ensure that only certified technical staff are assigned technical responsibility in relevant program areas	Proportion of technical staff that are assigned to work in technical program areas that are technically qualified for the relevant program areas annualy	HR documentation	Annual



Outcome 2: Increased Performance improvement of all CHAK secretariat staff by 90% of the baseline in their areas of expertise by 2022	Measures the performance improvement of CHAK secretariat staff in their technical areas	Proportion of secretariat staff with documented improvement in performance in their areas of technical expertise annualy	HRCI database	Annual
Output 1: Increased utilization of staff performance appraisal tool to 100%	Annual performance appraisal of all secretariat staff by their supervisors	Proportion of secretariat staff that have received annual performance appraisal reports from their supervisors annualy	Performance appraisal reports	Annual
Activity 1.1. Implement use of staff performance appraisal report as a contract renewal requirements	Enforce the use of staff performance appraisal report as a contract renewal requirements	Proportion of staff with documented performance appraisal reports and improvement plans	Performance appraisal reports and improvement plans	Annual
Output 2: Increased enrolment to relevant courses	Initiative by secretariat staff to enroll in relevant courses in their areas of expertise	Number of secretariat staff that have enrolled in relevant courses annualy	Performance appraisal reports	Annual
Activity 1.1. Enrolment by secretariat staff for relevant courses	Provide support to secretariat staff to enroll for relevant courses	Percentage of staff that have been supported to enroll in relevant courses annualy	HRCI database	Annual
Output 3: Increased adherence of secretariat staff to renewal of certification and licensure requirements by their relevant professional bodies	Measures the adherence of secretariat technical staffs to their relevant professional certification and licensure requirement	proportion of secretariat staff that have renewed their certification with the relevant professional bodies	HRCI database	Annual
Activity 1.1: Incorporate certification requirement in HR policy	Incorporate in HR policy, certification requirement of secretariat staff by relevant professional bodies	Certification and licensure requirement incorporated into the HR policy document by 2017	HR policy document	Annual
Activity 1.2: Allocation of technical responsibility to certified technical staff only	Ensure that only certified technical staff are assigned technical responsibility in relevant program areas	Proportion of technical staff that are assigned to work in technical program areas that are technically qualified for the relevant program areas annualy	HR documentation	Annual



Output 4: Accreditation of CHAK secretariat as a center for Continuous Professional Development	Accreditation of CHAK secretariat by the relevant professional bodies as a center for Continuous Professional Development by the relevant bodies	CHAK secretariat accredited as a center for continuous professional development	Accreditation certificates	Annual
Activity 1.1 Engage certification bodies for CHAK secretariat accreditation	Lobby and Engage with relevant certification bodies for CHAK secretariat accreditation	Number of sessions held with accreditation bodies	Accreditation certificates	Annual
Output 2.4: E-learning platforms developed	E-platforms with learning modules on all areas of health systems strengthening developed	Existence of an E- learning Platform by 2017	E-learning platform	Annual
Activity 1.1: Develop modules for e-learning	Development of learning modules in all technical areas of health service delivery by each program area	Number of Modules developed annualy	Project specific e- learning modules	Annual
Activity 1.2:Development and/or procurement of an e-learning platform	Collaborate and liaise with HMIS in development and/or procurement of an e-learning platform	E-learning software operational by 2017	HMIS Activity log	Annual
Output 2.5: M-Health Platform developed	M-Health platform with learning modules on all areas of health service delivery	Existence of an M- Health platform by 2017	M-Health Platform	Annual
Activity 1.1. Develop content for M-Health messaging	Development of learning modules in all technical areas of health service delivery by each program area	Number of modules developed annualy	Project specific M- Health messages	Annual
Activity 1.2. Establish an M-Health Platform	Collaborate and liaise with Mobile subscribing Company for development of an M-Health Platform	M-health platform operational by 2017	HMIS Activity log	Annual
Outcome 3: Increased Performance improvement of technical staff in all MHUs by 90% of baseline by 2022	Performance improvement by all technical staff in all MHUs in their areas of expertise	Proportion of MHU staff with documented improvement in performance in their areas of technical expertise annualy	Performance appraisal reports	Annual



Output 3.1: HCWs in MHUs capacity built Activity 1.1: Capacity building of HCWs from MHUs	HCWs in all MHUs capacity built in their various program areas of health service delivery HCWs in MHUs capacity built on various technical components of health service delivery	Number of MHU staff that have been documented as having received capacity building activities annualy Proportion of MHUs with HCWs capacity built on various technical areas of health service delivery annualy	Project Reports Project Reports, CHAK database	Annual Quarterly
Activity 1. 2: Linkage of HCWs from MHUs to E-Health and M-Health Platforms	HCWs in MHUs linked to CHAK secretariat E-Health and M-Health Platforms	Proportion of MHUs reporting ability to access Ehealth and MHealth educational content annualy	MHU reports	Quarterly
Output 3.2: Renewal of certification and licensure requirements	Increased adherence of MHU staff to renewal of certification and licensure requirements by their relevant professional bodies	Proportion of MHU staff with timely renewal of certification and licensure requirements annualy	MHU HR reports	Annualy
Activity 1.1: Capacity build MHU Human Roman Managers and hospital administrators	MHU Human Roman Managers and hospital administrators capacity building on incorporation of certification requirement of their staff by the relevant professional bodies	Proportion of HR managers and Hospital administrators capacity built on certification requirements of their technical personnel annualy	Training reports	Annualy
Output 3.3: Strengthened partnerships and collaborations	Strengthening of partnerships and collaborations between MHUs and Training Institutions for specialized trainings and learning of best-practices	Proportion of MHUs with strengthened partnerships with Institutions of higher learning for specialized trainings and best practices annualy	CHAK database	Annualy
Activity 1.1: Establish networks with institutions of higher learning	Support MHUs to establish networks with institutions of higher learning	Proportion of MHUs networked to institutions of higher learning annualy	CHAK database	Annualy



5.3: RESEARCH						
OBJECTIVES	NARRATIVE /DEFINITION	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	REPORTING FREQUENCY	ASSUMPTIO NS	
Goal: To disseminate successes of the health systems strengthening programs within the CHAK secretariat and MHUs through abstract and manuscript presentations and publications	Measures the development of abstracts, manuscripts and publications to disseminate the success, best-practices and innovations of health systems strengthening programs supported by CHAK secretariat and MHUs	Number of success stories, best-practices, abstracts, manuscripts and publications disseminatedann ualy	Project reports	Annualy		
Outcome 1: Increased dissemination practices by 90% of baseline by 2022	Increased dissemination of success, innovations and best-practices of MHU and CHAK secretariat health systems strengthening programs by 90% of baseline by 2022	Number of publications, abstracts and manuscripts developed by CHAK secretariat and MHU staff presented in local and international conferences annualy	Project Reports	Annualy		
Output 1.1: Abstracts and manuscripts presented at local and international conferences	Abstracts and manuscripts from CHAK secretariat and MHUs accepted for presentation at local and international conferences	Proportion of MHUs and CHAK secretariat Projects that have produced abstracts/manusc ripts that have been accepted for presentation annualy	Project Reports	Annualy		
Activity 1.1: Establish a research committee	Research committee to be established within the CHAK secretariat constituted by technical representatives from each program areas	Existence of an active research committee within the CHAK secretariat by 2017	Research Committe meeting minutes and reports	,		
Activity 1.2: Build the capacity of secretariat and MHU staff	Build the capacity of secretariat and MHU staff on abstract and manuscript development	Number of technical staff within the secretariat and MHUs that have been capacity built	Research Committee reports	Annualy		



Activity 1.2: Build the	Build the capacity of	Number of	Research Committee	Annualy	
capacity of secretariat and	secretariat and	technical staff	reports		
MHU staff	MHU staff on	within the			
	abstract and	secretariat and			
	manuscript	MHUs that have			
	development	been capacity built			
		on abstract and			
		manuscript			
		development			
		annualy			
Activity 1.3: Development	All program areas to	Number of	Project Reports,	Annualy	
of abstracts and	develop abstracts	abstracts/manuscri	Research Committee		
manuscripts	and manuscripts in	pts developed by	reports		
	their respective	each Program area			
	technical areas	within the CHAK			
		secretariat annualy			



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